

# ARMY

THE GAZETTE OF THE LAND  
SEA AND AIR



# NAVY

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SINCE 1863

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### Post-War Program

#### MARINE CORPS ANNIVERSARY

WITH an outstanding history of achievement and valiance, the United States Marine Corps today celebrates its one hundred and seventieth anniversary, amid the praise and gratitude of every citizen of the United States.

Marines have fought in every war the United States has waged since the Revolution. They have served many purposes including the protection of Americans overseas and, in war, the seizure of bases for the Navy. Through this outstanding branch of America's armed forces have come the familiar phrases "The Marines have landed and have the situation well in hand," and "Retreat, hell! We just got here!"

No idle boast, these phrases attributed to the U. S. Marines. They have been backed up by action and stamina not only in World War I but more particularly in World War II. In the Pacific there were Marines at Pearl Harbor, Tientsin, Peiping, Wake Island, Bataan, Corregidor, Coral Sea, Dutch Harbor, Midway, Makin, Tulagi, Guadalcanal, New Georgia, Rendova, Bougainville, Tarawa, Cape Gloucester, Talasea, Roi, Namur, Eniwetok, Saipan, Tinian, Guam, Peleliu, Leyte, Luzon, Iwo Jima, and Okinawa. In addition Marine flyers and members of ship's detachments on carriers, battleships and cruisers participated in action against the Japanese on the sea and in the air. In the Atlantic, Marines served at Iceland and in the Caribbean, on ships doing convoy duty and with support craft in the landings on North Africa, Normandy and the South of France.

Truly have the U. S. Marines won the commendation of Secretary of the Navy Forrestal, who in paying them tribute on their anniversary said that during the one hundred and seventieth year of Marine Corps history, "the United States leathernecks fought some of their hardest and most glorious battles."

"This year," Secretary Forrestal said, "as Marines and bluejackets stand together on the mainland of Japan, it is with pride and gratitude that I, as Secretary of Navy, congratulate the Marine Corps on its anniversary."

"Iwo Jima took its place in history. And after it, Okinawa," the Secretary said. "Then the sights of the Marine Corps were trained on Tokyo itself. We are thankful that the last beachhead was a bloodless one. We are thankful that the long road to victory which began three years ago at Guadalcanal has now been traversed. A world at peace will not forget the immortal chapters written along that road by the United States Marine Corps."

Joining Secretary Forrestal, Fleet Admiral Ernest J. King, USN, Chief of Naval operations, declared:

"On this, the 170th Anniversary of the Marine Corps, the Marines have once again landed—on the shores of Japan. Throughout the war, the heroic traditions of the Corps have been carried to new glory. Marines have fought—died—lived—and conquered from Guadalcanal to

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TWO MARINES look over what is left of Iwo Jima two days after the raising of the flag on Mount Suribachi. (inset) General A. A. Vandegrift, 18th commandant of the Marine Corps, which today celebrates its 170th Anniversary.

### Navy Opposition to One Department Increases

Public discussion over the proposed unification of the Armed Services into one Department of Defense mounted to new heights this week, with increasing opposition from the Navy.

Developments included:

Release of the report of the Joint Chiefs of Staff Special Committee favoring a single department, signed by Rear Adm. M. F. Schoeffel, USN, Maj. Gen. H. L. George, USA, Maj. Gen. W. F. Tompkins, USA, and Col. F. Trubee Davison, AUS.

Release of the minority report of Admiral J. O. Richardson, USN-Ret., dissenting from the majority views of the JCS committee.

A statement by Secretary of the Navy Forrestal saying that the report was not adopted by the Joint Chiefs of Staff and making public Fleet Admiral Ernest J. King's comments in opposition to the report and branding it as "disappointing."

A sharp exchange of public statements between Assistant Secretary of the Navy Hensel, who contended the Joint Chiefs of Staff had recommended that unification be delayed pending further study by a proposed Presidential board, while Secretary of War Patterson expressed his belief that Mr. Hensel was mistaken.

A formal statement by Fleet Admiral Chester W. Nimitz saying that while he testified before the Joint Chiefs of Staff committee last year that he favored a single Department he has since changed his mind and now believes that "the disadvantages of such a merger are so serious that it is not acceptable."

Testimony before the Senate Military Affairs Committee by Assistant Secretary of the Navy Hensel and by Vice Adm. Charles M. Cooke, Jr., Deputy Chief of Naval Operations, opposing the Single Department, and by Lt. Gen. James Doolittle, AAF, and General George C. Kenney, commanding the Far Eastern Air Force, favoring the single Department.

Senator Edwin C. Johnson of Colorado, Acting Chairman of the Senate

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### Armistice Day

As the Nation observes tomorrow, 11 November, the twenty-seventh Anniversary of the signing of the Armistice that brought hostilities to a close in World War I, the citizenry and the personnel of the Armed Forces give their thanks and appreciation to General of the Armies John J. Pershing, whose wise and intrepid leadership brought Victory.

Had his counsel been heeded, it is now realized, and the Allied forces been permitted to smash completely the German military organization and occupy its homeland the German belief in its invincibility would have been broken and World War II might well have been prevented.

### Navy Promotions

Promotion of over 18,000 warrant officers, ensigns, lieutenants (jg) and lieutenants of the Regular Navy and the Naval Reserve, including the Women's Reserve and Navy Nurse Corps, was approved by President Truman 1 Nov.

All the promotions were of a temporary nature and subject to the usual conditions.

Regular Navy—To next higher grades, about 450 warrant officers, 240 ensigns and 325 lieutenants (junior grade), line and staff, whose dates of rank as such are within the period 1 April 1944, to 1 May 1944, inclusive.

Naval Reserve—To next higher grades, about 160 warrant officers, 5,800 ensigns, 11,500 lieutenants (junior grade) and 260 lieutenants, line and staff, with the following qualifications: Lieutenants whose dates of commencement of continuous active duty in that rank are within the period 2 Oct. 1943, to 1 Nov. 1943, inclusive. Lieutenants (junior grade), ensigns and warrant officers whose dates of continuous active duty in their respective ranks are within the period 1 April, 1944 to 1 May, 1944, inclusive.

Navy Nurse Corps—Promotion to the next higher grade was approved for ensigns of the Regular Navy and Naval Reserve who reported for continuous active duty as ensigns 1 April 1944. Only one promotion was made as only one ensign had reported on that date.

### Army Plans to Admit Officers up to Major

A concrete plan for the expansion of the commissioned strength of the Regular Army up to 25,000 officers with detailed provisions for the method by which new officers would be placed on the promotion list was submitted to Congress this week by Secretary of War Patterson.

Inasmuch as there are now only 14,456 officers in the Regular Army, the proposed legislation would permit the commissioning in grades up to major of 10,544 men who have served as temporary officers during the present wars. It would be possible for officers as old as 47 years to receive commissions.

It is the first step the Department has taken to lay down an actual basis on which officers may be accepted. Last March the War Department asked Congress to enact a law authorizing the commissioning of 250 officers in the Regular Army as a "trial run" in order that methods and procedures might be worked out by actual experience. However, the bill was not enacted by Congress, principally because of objections by House members who did not believe in "piece-meal" legislation.

The plan now presented by Secretary Patterson is designed to avoid the dissension and dissatisfaction that followed the carrying out of the increase of officers following the first World War and also, by spreading the officers over the lower four grades in ranks commensurate with their ages, to prevent the formation of a promotion list "hump" such as plagued the Army in the period between the wars.

Under the plan each officer taken in would be credited with his actual active Federal commissioned service since 7 Dec. 1941 or with constructive service equal to his age minus 25 years. Officers accepted would then be commissioned in the same grades now provided by law for officers of the Regular Army of the same length of commissioned service.

In order to be accepted for regular commissions, officers must be temporarily commissioned in grades equal to or higher than that to which they would be entitled under the provision of the bill. However, if their constructive service exceeds 22 years they would not be eligible for commissions in promotion list branches, nor would they be accepted in the Medical Department (except MAC) or Chaplains Corps if their constructive service exceeds 19 years, nor in the Medical Administrative Corps if their constructive service is 17 or more years.

Officers discharged since 12 May 1945 would be credited with active service on the same basis as if they had remained in the Service.

In explaining his proposals to the Senate Military Committee, Secretary Patterson wrote:

"The purpose of the proposed legislation is to authorize an immediate limited increase in the commissioned strength of the Regular Army solely as an interim measure pending determination by the Congress as to the size and composition of the post-war Military Establishment, integrated into the present Officers' Corps of the Regular Army. It would make no change in the present peace-time organization of the Army."

"Present law authorizes a regular Army (Please turn to Next Page)



## Strategic Bombing Survey

Memphis *Commercial Appeal*—"Released for public inspection is a survey of the progress and results of strategic bombing in the war in Europe. The report is factual and unbiased and much of its value lies in its recurrent emphasis on warnings that its estimates and findings are merely signposts."

New York *Times*—"The report concludes that 'the great lesson to be learned in the battered towns of England and the ruined cities of Germany is that the best way to win a war is to prevent it from occurring.' Everyone will agree to that. But in the meantime we had better not rely too much on the realization that at the war's end we did have the best weapons. That may not be true ten years from now."

Frank C. Waldrop—Column in Washington *Times-Herald*—"It will be years before all the significant details of the Survey findings ever reach the public, if at all. But even the briefest summary sketch is appalling, and helps the reader to understand why British Foreign Minister Bevin has been yelling that Germany is rapidly disintegrating now into a cancer of misery that endangers all of Europe."

New York *Herald-Tribune*—"The terrible power of the air weapon is fully proved. So, also, is the fact that this power was less than some air men believed, and that it was only attained in conjunction with massive ground and sea efforts."

Baltimore *Sun*—"Its major conclusion is that Allied airpower was decisive in the war in western Europe. It also makes the point that the over-all Allied

strategic plan never contemplated airpower delivering the knockout blow. On the debit side appear some interesting revelations."

Washington *Star*—"The strategic bombing report, prepared by civilians, not by 'militarists,' concludes: 'Prevention of war will not come from neglect of strength or lack of foresight or alertness on our part. Those who contemplate evil and aggression find encouragement in such neglect.' In brief, it is a report which should be required reading for those who oppose the measures essential to a strong America."

Boston *Herald*—"Only the terrifying details which are now made public are new. But there is a possibility that the findings would be of little value if we should be afflicted by a third world war."

## New Army Commissions

(Continued from First Page)

commissioned strength of 16,719 to be attained in ten equal annual increments by 1 July 1949. Although the ultimate peacetime strength of the Regular Army cannot be determined at this time, it seems clear that a substantial increase over the present commissioned strength will be necessary. The minimum number of officers which will be required is conservatively estimated at not less than 25,000. It is desired to attain that strength by the making of additional appointments in the Regular Army chiefly from non-Regular officers having outstanding records of active commissioned service during the present war. Unless the appointment of such persons can be accomplished at an early date, many of the most promising officers will return to civil life under the current demobilization program, and the opportunity to obtain their services as officers of the Regular Army will be lost by the War Department.

"Section 2 of the bill would authorize the increase of the commissioned strength of the Regular Army to 25,000. The proviso contained therein would continue in effect the present provision under which all graduates of the United States Military Academy may be commissioned without regard to the existence of vacancies. Section 3 would authorize the President to appoint additional officers in the Regular Army, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to bring actual strength immediately up to the strength prescribed in section 2. Appointments would be made in such arms or services as the President may prescribe, and could be made under any existing provision of law, or as authorized in section 4 of the bill.

### Provisions for Appointments

"Section 4 would provide new authority, which would terminate on a date eight months following the enactment of the bill, under which the President could appoint additional officers in the Regular Army, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, in the grades of second lieutenant, first lieutenant, captain and major. Appointments could be made only from among physically qualified individuals of good moral character, not less than 21 years of age, who have served honorably as commissioned officers in the Army of the United States during the present war in grades equal to or higher than those which they would receive under section 5 if appointed in the Regular Army. Section 5 would provide for their integration into the present Officers' Corps of the Regular Army in grades commensurate with their age and experience, and in a manner deemed equitable to the individuals selected and designed to avoid the creation of a 'hump' in the promotion list such as that which resulted after the integration of additional officers following the First World War.

"The initial grades of persons appointed under section 4 would be fixed in accordance with the schedule of years of service prescribed by existing law for the promotion of Regular Army officers of the Arms or Services in which such persons are appointed. For that purpose, and for the purpose of future promotion, sections 5 and 7 would credit each such person, at the time of appointment, with service equal to (1) his total actual active Federal commissioned service in the Army of the United States from December 7, 1911 to the date of such appointment, or (2) a constructive credit equal to the time by which his age on the date of appointment in the Regular Army exceeds 25 years, whichever is greater. The base age of 25 years used in computing constructive credit for service is the average age at which Regular Army officers now in service were appointed as second lieutenants. Accordingly no such person would receive a grade, or a place on the promotion list, lower than that which he would have attained if he had been appointed as a second lieutenant in the Regular Army at age 25 and had served continuously on the active list thereafter. Persons such as those in the younger age groups, whose actual active Federal commissioned service exceeds the constructive credit for service would receive full credit for all such active service performed since December 7, 1911, and would therefore

receive grades and places on the promotion list commensurate with their experience.

"The proviso contained in section 5 would prevent discrimination against persons honorably separated from active service between May 12, 1945 and the date of appointment in the Regular Army under section 4 by crediting them with service from the date of separation to the date of such appointment. Section 6 would prevent the appointment of any person who would be over-age in grade.

"The proposed legislation will not result in any immediate increase in cost to the Government as the individuals appointed will be temporary officers in the Army of the United States now on active duty or replacements for such officers who are being relieved from active duty. The War Department is unable at this time to determine the fiscal effect of the proposed legislation in future years."

### Text of Bill

To carry out the Department's recommendations, Senator Johnson of Colorado introduced the following bill (S. 1554):

Be it enacted etc., That it is hereby declared the policy of the Congress to provide for the immediate selection for appointment in the Regular Army in a fair and equitable manner of a limited number of persons who, by their outstanding performance of duties while serving as temporary officers of the Army of the United States during the present wars, have demonstrated their fitness to hold commissioned grade in the Regular Army; and to provide a minimum increase in the commissioned officer strength of the Regular Army for that purpose.

Sec. 2. On and after the effective date of this Act the commissioned strength of the Regular Army shall not exceed twenty-five thousand officers: Provided, That notwithstanding the foregoing limitation on the commissioned strength of the Regular Army, graduates of the United States Military Academy may be promoted and commissioned as second lieutenants in the Regular Army in accordance with the provisions of the Act of May 17, 1886 (24 Stat. 50; 10 U.S.C. 486).

Sec. 3. The President is authorized to bring the actual commissioned strength of the Regular Army up to the commissioned strength specified in section 2 of this Act by the appointment and commissioning of additional officers, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, in such arms and services of the Regular Army as he may prescribe. Appointments of such additional commissioned officers may be made in accordance with any existing provision of law providing for the appointment of commissioned officers in the Regular Army, or as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 4. At any time not later than a date eight months following the date of enactment of this Act, the President is authorized to appoint and commission additional officers in the Regular Army, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, in the grades of second lieutenant, first lieutenant, captain, and major, subject to the conditions and limitations hereinafter set forth. Persons appointed under the provisions of this section shall—

(a) be male citizens of the United States, at least twenty-one years of age, of good moral character, physically qualified for active military service, and have such other qualifications as may be prescribed by the Secretary of War; and shall

(b) have served honorably in the active Federal service as commissioned officers of the Army of the United States, or any component thereof, on or after December 7, 1941, in grades equal to or higher than those prescribed in section 5 of this Act for officers credited with the amounts of service with which they would be credited under that section if appointed in the Regular Army.

Sec. 5. Each person appointed as a commissioned officer of the Regular Army under the provisions of section 4 of this Act shall be credited, at the time of appointment, with service equivalent to the total period of active Federal service performed by him as a commissioned officer in the Army of the United States or any component thereof from December 7, 1941, to the date of such appointment, or a period of service equal to the number of days, months, and years by which his age at the time of such appointment ex-

ceeds twenty-five years, whichever is the greater: Provided, That in computing the total period of active commissioned Federal service of any such person who was honorably discharged or relieved from active service subsequent to May 12, 1945, there shall also be credited the period from the date of his discharge or relief from active service to the date of his appointment in the Regular Army under the provisions of section 4 of this Act. Upon the basis of service so credited, the grade in which each such person shall be appointed shall be determined as follows:

(a) Persons appointed in arms or services of the Regular Army, the officers of which are on the promotion list, who are credited with less than three years' service shall be appointed in the grade of second lieutenant; such persons who are credited with three or more years' service, but less than ten years' service, shall be appointed in the grade of first lieutenant; such persons who are credited with ten or more years' service but less than seventeen years' service, shall be appointed in the grade of captain; and such persons who are credited with seventeen or more years' service, but less than twenty-three years' service, shall be appointed in the grade of major. Such persons shall be placed on the promotion list immediately below those officers of the same grade having the same or next greater period of service;

(b) Persons appointed in the Medical Corps, the Dental Corps, or the Veterinary Corps of the Regular Army, or as chaplains in the Regular Army, who are credited with less than three years' service shall be appointed in the grade of first lieutenant; such persons who are credited with three or more years' service, but less than twelve years' service, shall be appointed in the grade of captain; and such persons who are credited with twelve or more years' service, but less than twenty years' service, shall be appointed in the grade of major.

(c) Persons appointed in the Medical Administrative Corps of the Regular Army who are credited with less than five years' service shall be appointed in the grade of second lieutenant; such persons who are credited with five or more years' service, but less than ten years' service, shall be appointed in the grade of first lieutenant; and such persons who are credited with ten or more years' service, but less than seventeen years' service, shall be appointed in the grade of captain;

(d) Persons appointed in the Pharmacy Corps of the Regular Army who are credited with less than three years' service shall be appointed in the grade of second lieutenant; such persons who are credited with three or more years' service, but less than six years' service, shall be appointed in the grade of first lieutenant; such persons who are credited with six or more years' service, but less than twelve years' service, shall be appointed in the grade of captain; and such persons who are credited with twelve or more years' service, but less than twenty years' service, shall be appointed in the grade of major.

Sec. 6. No person shall be appointed as a commissioned officer of the Regular Army under the provisions of section 4 of this Act—

(a) in a promotion-list arm or service if he would upon appointment receive credit for twenty-three or more years' service under section 5 of this Act;

(b) in the Medical Corps, the Dental Corps, the Veterinary Corps, the Pharmacy Corps, or as a chaplain, if he would upon appointment receive credit for twenty or more years' service under section 5 of this Act; or

(c) in the Medical Administrative Corps if he would upon appointment receive credit for seventeen or more years' service under section 5 of this Act.

Sec. 7. For the purpose of determining eligibility for promotion, each person appointed as a commissioned officer of the Regular Army under the provisions of section 4 of this Act shall be credited, as of the time of such appointment, with continuous commissioned service on the active list of the Regular Army equal to the period of service credited to him under section 5 of this Act. Each such person appointed in a promotion-list arm or service in the grade of major shall be deemed to have served in that grade during that portion of such credited service which exceeds seventeen years.

## Promotions in Europe

Hq., European Theater — Promotions for officers in Category I units will continue to be authorized in this Theater, but recommendations will be made only in cases where it can be reasonably assured that the officer will continue active duty in this Theater for a period of 90 days after promotion, according to provisions in Circular 143, USFET.

The exceptions to the above stipulation are: 2nd Lieutenants who have been in grade 18 months or more, officers who have been wounded in action, captured, interned, have evaded capture, or are missing in action. Officers in these groups, and any Private, may be recommended for promotion to the next higher grade, regardless of the numerical category of the unit or installation to which the man is assigned.

Under the new regulations the authority to promote to or within field grade rank has been withdrawn from major subordinate commanders in the Theater and is now vested solely with the Theater Commander.

Promotions to full Colonel will not be considered by Hq. USFET unless the recommendation contains a detailed and comprehensive factual statement justifying the promotion on the grounds of military necessity.

It is expected at Hq. USFET that promotions in non-T/O Category I units will be resumed this month. At present, a few non-T/O promotions are being made on a quota basis.

## Army Releases Hospitals

Release by the Army of 23 hospitals out of its wartime peak of 65 by 1 Jan. 1946, was announced this week by Maj. Gen. Norman T. Kirk, The Surgeon General. These hospitals will be offered to the Veterans' Administration or back to their former owners in the case of leased properties.

The hospitals to be released are:

Ashburn GH, McKinney, Tex.  
Barnes GH, Vancouver, Wash.  
Battley GH, Rome, Ga.  
Baxter GH, Spokane, Wash.  
Darnall GH, Danville, Ky.  
DeWitt GH, Auburn, Calif.  
Finney GH, Thomasville, Ga.  
Camp Forrest HC (POW), Tenn.  
Foster GH, Jackson, Miss.  
Glennan GH, Okmulgee, Okla.  
Hammond GH, Modesto, Calif.  
Harmon GH, Longview, Tex.  
Hoff GH, Santa Barbara, Calif.  
LaGarde GH, New Orleans, La.  
McCaw GH, Walla Walla, Wash.  
Camp Pickett GH, Va.  
Stark GH, Charleston, S. C.  
Thayer GH, Nashville, Tenn.  
Torrey GH, Palm Springs, Calif.  
Winter GH, Topeka, Kans.  
Camp Butler CH, N. C.  
Camp Pickett CH, Va.  
Wakeman CH, Camp Atterbury, Ind.

## Voluntary Enlistments

Voluntary enlistments in the new peacetime Regular Army reached 44,799 as of 19 Oct., the War Department announced this week.

Of the 44,799 men who have joined the Regular Army, 48.92 per cent are former Regular Army soldiers; 43.15 per cent are men who are presently serving or who have served as a result of Selective Service, and 7.93 per cent are original enlistments of men with no previous service.

An American flag taken in the recapture of the Manila Hotel by 12th Cavalry under Maj. Gen. William C. Chase has been presented to Brown University.



## National Guard Meeting

The Association of Adjutants General, meeting in Washington this week in a special session called by its president, Maj. Gen. Ellard A. Walsh, heard Maj. Gen. Milton A. Beckord, Adjutant General of Maryland, explain the recently approved War Department policies relating to the post-war National Guard.

General Beckord, who served as chairman of the committee which formulated the policies, predicted that four or five years would be required to bring units to their authorized post-war strength. He emphasized that the training objective will be to make units capable of immediate mobilization, with equipment and arms identical with those of the Regular Army.

The following statements of policy were made by the National Guard Association of the United States:

### Unification

1. The National Guard Association of the United States representing the National Guard of the United States and the Adjutants General of the Several States meeting in Washington 6-7 Nov. 1945, advocated the unification of the Armed Forces based on the plan proposed by the Army to accomplish such purpose.

2. The Legislative Committee of the National Guard Association of the United States has been directed to support the Army Plan.

### Universal Training

The National Guard Association of the United States, representing the National Guard of the United States through its Executive Council, reiterated its stand on Universal Military Training and specifically as follows:

1. The National Guard of the United States and the Adjutants General of the Several States endorse the principle of Universal Military Training.

2. It recognizes that a training period of twelve consecutive months as provided by the terms of the May-Gurney Bill is the ideal from a military point of view.

3. It recognizes that the cost involved for such a program may be prohibitive and in such event that it may be necessary to modify the proposal in order to preserve the principle.

4. The National Guard is not in accord with the proposal of having trainees train for one year and then transferring them to a pool for six years with no further training or service required and not contained in units and organizations to the end that there will be some semblance of an Army in being.

5. The National Guard feels strongly that any system of Universal Military Training must be integrated with the Civilian Components in order to ensure a flow of trainees into the National Guard and Organized Reserves. The National Guard will be prepared to propose amendments to accomplish the foregoing.

The following legislative committee was appointed for both the Association of Adjutants General and the National Guard Association: Maj. Gen. Milton A. Beckord, chairman; Maj. Gen. Ralph M. Immell, Wisc., vice-chairman; Maj. Gen. Leo M. Boyle, Ill.; Brig. Gen. Charles H. Grahl, Ia.; Brig. Gen. Raymond H. Fleming, La.

The Adjutants General were received at the White House 6 Nov. by President Truman, himself a former member of the Missouri National Guard.

Attending the Washington meeting were the following State Adjutants General:

Ala.—Brig. Gen. George L. Cleere.  
Ariz.—Maj. Gen. A. M. Tuthill.  
Ark.—Brig. Gen. Heber L. McAllister.  
Calif.—Brig. Gen. Victor R. Hansen.  
Colo.—Brig. Gen. Reginald B. DeLaCour.  
Del.—Brig. Gen. Paul R. Rhoad.  
D. of C.—Col. Charles A. Dravo.  
Fla.—Brig. Gen. Vivian B. Collins.  
Ga.—Brig. Gen. Samuel M. Griffin.  
Idaho—Col. Adkinson (representing the A. G.).  
Ill.—Maj. Gen. Leo M. Boyle.  
Ind.—Col. Ben H. Watt.  
Iowa.—Brig. Gen. Charles H. Grahl.  
Kan.—Brig. Gen. Milton R. McLean.  
La.—Brig. Gen. Raymond H. Fleming.  
Me.—Brig. Gen. George M. Carter.  
Md.—Maj. Gen. Milton Beckord.  
Mass.—Brig. Gen. William J. Keville.  
Mich.—Brig. Gen. LeRoy Pearson.  
Minn.—Maj. Gen. Ellard A. Walsh.  
Miss.—Brig. Gen. Ralph Hays.  
Mo.—Brig. Gen. John A. Harris.  
Mont.—Brig. Gen. Spencer H. Mitchell.  
Neb.—Brig. Gen. Guy N. Henninger.  
Nev.—Brig. Gen. Jay H. White.  
N. H.—Brig. Gen. Charles F. Bowen.  
N. J.—Brig. Gen. James I. Bowers.  
N. M.—Brig. Gen. Ray Andrew.  
N. Y.—Brig. Gen. Ames T. Brown.  
N. C.—Brig. Gen. J. Van B. Metts.  
N. D.—Brig. Gen. Heber L. Edwards.  
Ohio—Brig. Gen. Donald F. Panconst.  
Ore.—Brig. Gen. Raymond F. Olson (Acting).  
Pa.—Brig. Gen. Edward J. Stackpole (rep-

resenting the A. G.)

R. I.—Brig. Gen. James Murphy.  
S. C.—Brig. Gen. James C. Dozier.  
S. D.—Col. Edward A. Beckwith.  
Tenn.—Maj. Gen. Rufus E. Fort, jr.  
Utah—Col. Rich (representing the A. G.).  
Vt.—Brig. Gen. Murdock A. Campbell.  
Va.—Brig. Gen. Samuel G. Waller.  
W. Va.—Brig. Gen. Carleton C. Pierce (acting).  
Wisc.—Maj. Gen. Ralph Immell.  
Wyo.—Lt. Col. A. R. Boyack, (representing the A. G.).

## Naval Officer Training Plan

Although subject to Congressional scrutiny before any definite action is taken, the Navy's "Holloway Plan" looking toward a Federally subsidized college education for thousands of young men to prepare junior officers for an expanded peacetime Navy, will be the spearhead for legislative action designed to reorganize the present curriculum at the U. S. Naval Academy.

This became known when Senator David I. Walsh, (D. Mass.) chairman of the Senate Naval Affairs Committee declared that the four point program suggested by the Board would be used as a basis of study by Congress for modernizing and streamlining the Naval Academy courses and Reserve Training to best fit the needs of a strong post-war Navy. In commenting upon the Navy's proposal Senator Walsh said that the most vital phase of the project was to decide first whether or not Annapolis was to be primarily a post-graduate school for large numbers of reserves or an institution devoted to the training of Navy career men. Also, the Senator pointed out, Congress must first decide definitely what size the post-war Navy is to be.

The Holloway Board plan falls into four categories: 1. To increase the size of the Naval Academy to about 6,000, or about twice its present enrollment. 2. To enroll about 17,000 in the Naval Reserve Officers Training Corps courses in 52 NROTC colleges to provide needed officers for the fleet. 3. To make possible appointment to full Navy commissioned status of selected men from any accredited college. 4. To enroll 7,000 at Federal expense at accredited colleges for basic schooling in naval aviation.

### Trained Officers Essential

Stressing the point that it is essential that the Navy obtain highly educated officers, Senator Walsh said that his committee would study the Navy's proposal within the next three to four weeks. Following this, he said, legislation would be drafted, probably using the Holloway Board findings as a basis. Because of other pressing business now before the Committee, the Senator said, actual legislation concerning the Annapolis project would not be introduced for at least another month or six weeks.

A complete change in the entire NROTC plan is contemplated in the program presented to the Secretary of the Navy by a Board of officers and civilian educators headed by Rear Admiral James L. Holloway, and including Dr. James P. Baxter, president of Williams College; Dr. Henry T. Heald, president of Illinois Institute of Technology; Capt. Felix L. Johnston, Capt. Charles P. Wheelock, Capt. Stuart H. Ingersoll, Capt. John P. West, Arthur S. Adams, retired, of Cornell University; Comdr. Charles K. Duncan, and Comdr. Douglas Swift.

Under the proposal appointment procedure would be modified to permit four or more nominations without priority for each vacancy, with Navy selection of the best candidate from among those nominated.

### NROTC Proposal

With respect to NROTC, qualifications are to be determined by a Nation-wide Navy administered examination. The board recommends payment by the Navy of tuition, books, laboratory fees and \$50 a month expenses for students accepted. Uniforms would be provided. Naval science studies would be only a fraction of the course—no more than enough to qualify the graduates for commissions in the Navy. Emphasis on basic college courses, it is pointed out, is to also qualify the students for civilian careers.

In consideration of the Federal support in getting an education, each student must agree to a period of service with the Navy after completing his course. The minimum such service would be 15 months. The student could extend that period to 3 years. During that period he would be serving as an ensign with equal

status and pay with graduates of the Academy. If at the end of 15 months he elects to leave the service he would be given a bonus of 6 months pay (\$1,800). Whenever he elects to leave the service he would be commissioned in the Naval Reserve.

The plan also provides that graduates of any accredited college not a part of the NROTC may apply for commissions as ensigns in the Navy. If accepted, and their scholastic records are such as to qualify them for the service, they would be sent to schools of instruction and orientation, often which they would be entitled to the same privileges as the graduate of an NROTC college.

### Aviation Phase Stressed

Since a thorough study of fitness for aviation training has shown that the age of 20 years is the most satisfactory, the college education for aviation training would be halted after two years. At the expiration of that period the student would be passed into flight training. In such cases the individual would receive the pay of a midshipman or aviation cadet for two years' training, the first year basic flying training and the second fleet aviation service. At the end of the four years he could then apply for admission to the Naval Academy for two years more collegiate work, or ask for entrance into any college of his choice for his last two years' college work. Should he choose the latter he would receive all college fees plus \$100 a month expenses. He could then elect to stay in the regular service if he passes the Navy selection board, or go on an inactive status as a member of the Navy Reserve.

It is contemplated that half the Regular Navy officers in the future will come from the Academy and half from civilian schools.

## Navy Flag Officers Confirmed

The following nominations to temporary Flag rank in the Navy and Naval Reserve were confirmed by the Senate last week end:

### REGULAR NAVY

#### To be admirals

F. J. Horne R. S. Edwards

#### To be vice admirals

B. Moreell H. W. Hill

#### To be rear admirals

H. L. Maples N. L. Rawlings  
F. W. McMahon D. Royce  
A. J. Wellings P. W. Pennoyer, jr.  
R. W. Pine A. C. Miles  
C. O. Kell F. D. Kirtland  
G. C. Klein H. E. Oversech  
T. A. Solberg W. G. Tomlinson  
A. M. Bledsoe R. F. Whitehead  
W. K. Phillips C. Wellborn, jr.  
J. W. Roper D. V. Gallery, jr.  
S. S. Murray W. F. Boone  
E. P. Forrester J. F. Bolger  
E. T. Woodbridge S. H. Ingersoll  
T. H. Robbins, jr. E. C. Ewen  
G. C. Dyer A. Soucek  
H. G. Hopwood T. G. W. Setae  
M. E. Curtis T. B. Inglis  
O. S. Colclough J. E. Gingrich  
F. E. Haeberle

#### To be commodores

R. M. Watt, jr. R. G. Tobin  
H. A. Schade A. T. Sprague, jr.  
E. E. Brady, jr. A. Gavin  
D. W. Knox (Ret.) R. B. Tuggle  
W. G. Greenman L. P. Padgett, jr.  
C. A. Bailey A. J. Spriggs  
H. J. Grassie K. M. McManes  
H. R. Oster P. B. Tuzo, jr.  
To be commodores, CEC  
W. J. Augas A. D. Hunter  
L. N. Moeller

### NAVAL RESERVES

#### To be rear admiral

I. M. McQuiston S. W. Souers  
E. O. McDonnell L. de Florez  
A. F. Carter P. F. Foster  
E. W. Stone L. L. Strauss  
E. J. Moran C. B. Mommson  
G. C. Stedman F. L. Johnson

#### Medical director, rear admiral

W. M. Craig

#### Pay director, rear admiral

G. A. Eubank W. J. McNell

#### Civil engineer, rear admiral

K. Smith

#### To be commodores

E. F. Robinson C. O. Bassett  
R. C. Lee R. V. Kleinschmidt  
W. A. Read M. K. Revill  
R. S. Moore R. W. Cutler  
C. E. Anderson W. C. Hayes  
T. Blau J. E. Arnold  
A. O. Rabideau G. Markey  
A. O. Lusatie D. S. Ingalls  
J. B. Lynch J. D. Small  
I. J. VanKammen H. R. Gary  
J. M. Gill W. N. Grubb  
Medical directors, Commodore  
T. B. Magath T. M. Rivers  
R. A. Kera A. McMahon  
D. S. Knowlton

### Pay directors, commodore

J. W. Landregan N. L. McLaren  
W. L. Nelson R. F. Baichelder  
Civil engineers, Commodore  
C. P. Conrad F. M. McCarthy  
R. M. Harris R. C. Johnson  
Dental surgeons, commodore  
G. C. Paffenbarger  
Chaplain, commodore  
R. J. White

## Gen. Somervell's Report

(Following is a continuation from last week's ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL of the text of the report of General Brehon Somervell, commanding general Army Service Forces):

### TRAINING

This being a war of superlatives, each phase of its preparation and accomplishment broke all records in its own particular field. This is particularly true in the training of the Army. Never in history were so many men taught so many new things so well in so short a time. Training in the ASF is primarily the function of the Training Division.

This division is staffed by officers of the Regular Army long experienced in teaching soldiers, by educators from our leading universities and schools, and by men from industry skilled in personnel techniques. This combination made for an efficient program and it was carried out both swiftly and with excellent results.

The Training Division prepares men for duty not only with the ASF, but in some cases for particular specialties in the Ground Forces and Air Forces and even for the Navy.

Since July, 1940, ASF and its predecessor organizations have trained 3,500,000 men and women in 360 occupational specialties and 20,000 soldiers in 32 foreign languages. It trained or assisted in the training of such diverse groups as military policemen, teachers, radio operators, truck drivers, medical technicians and amphibious vehicle water-prowers.

One of the most successful of the division's projects was the training of 1,743 specialists for jobs in the atomic bomb laboratories.

The special schools of the training division qualified 86 percent of the illiterates inducted into the Army and fitted them for military assignments. A total of 2,312 organizations of 130 types have been trained and assigned to service. ASF trained the first amphibious brigades for the landings in Africa, Europe and the Pacific.

Some 50,000 members of the Women's Army Corps received special occupational training for their military careers. A total of 120,000 received basic military training. These women became expert in and relieved men of 250 different types of jobs.

### MATERIEL

The Organization of the Director of Materiel supervises all procurement operations of the Army Service Forces. This staff responsibility involves developing procurement procedures, obtaining allocations of critical materials and products, acquiring necessary industrial facilities, balancing procurement among the technical and supply services, scheduling production, implementing cut-backs, conserving critical materials, redistributing excess non-military property and disposing of all surpluses, standardizing all procurement items, price control, management of the military (ground) lease program, recapture of excess profits, renegotiation of contracts, salvage, research and development of new items of materiel, unification of technical specifications and all other activities related to the acquisition of supplies and equipment for the Armies in the field.

In the early stages of the war this organization took a leading part in inaugurating the Controlled Materials Plan which, after the failure of several other methods, was finally adopted as the only means of procuring enough raw materials to make the munitions and supplies necessary for the Army. In cooperation with the War Production Board and other governmental agencies it developed and operated this plan successfully.

It established supplemental production in northwestern Europe of many items in scarce categories, for which raw materials, manufacturing facilities or skilled workers were available. Thus it not only relieved overcrowded shipping and removed some of the burden from American industry, but it gave the liberated people employment and a share in the prosecution of the war.

The production of many emergency items including atabrine, penicillin, DDT, lumber, pulp, screen cloth and moisture barriers, was organized and expedited, in cooperation with the supply and technical services and with American industry.

The Materiel organization assisted the technical services in developing or in making radical improvements in both the design and the manufacturing processes of many items, including the jeep, flamethrowers, radar sets, recoilless rifles, ten-in-one rations, landing mats, the bazooka and amphibious vehicles.

It participated in the development of poli-

(Please turn to Page 330)



**Revise Discharge and Screening**

Enlisted men with 50 to 59 discharge points who report to reception stations on completion of furlough or temporary duty during November will be considered surplus and receive discharge, the War Department announced 7 Nov.

At the same time the War Department directed that no enlisted man with 21 or more months of honorable service since 16 Sept. 1940 will be sent overseas. The only exceptions are graduates of the Military Intelligence Service Language School, volunteers to remain in the Army, and Regular Army enlistees.

Officers who have had 33 or more months' service (30 months in the case of Medical Department officers), including enlisted service, since 16 Sept. 1940 will not be sent overseas for permanent assignment unless they have elected to remain on active duty, are Regular Army officers or are of the following categories of scarce specialists: Highway traffic engineer or superintendent, water division, of the Transportation Corps; legal officers with admiralty law experience, renegotiation officers, contract termination and property disposal officers, military government officers and automatic accounting machine supervisory officers.

Officer graduates of the Military Intelligence Service Language School are also subject to overseas service if they are eligible for separation and have less than 39 months' service.

American prisoners of war and others who were out of United States control in enemy or enemy-occupied territory under honorable conditions for at least sixty days are now eligible for separation from the Army.

It is estimated that approximately 25,000 former prisoners of war who were ineligible for separation under the point score or age program will be eligible for discharge under the new policy.

The new ruling does not apply to Regular Army officers or to men who enlisted in the Regular Army after 1 June 1945 and whose enlistments have not yet expired.

**UNITED STATES ARMY****Air Forces Separations**

A total of 58,572 officers and men have been returned to civilian life through 35 Army Air Forces Separation bases throughout the country during the week ending 7 November, Brig. Gen. Charles F. Born, in charge of Separation Headquarters, Continental Air Forces announced this week.

Of these 6,149 were officers and 52,363 were enlisted men. Releases were accomplished at an average daily rate of 8,359 it was stated.

Since September 17, when the first of the Separation Bases began operating, a total of 340,649 men have been discharged. Of this number 75,858 were officers and 264,791 were enlisted men, the statement said.

**"Guided Missiles" Battalion**

Organization of a special ground troops unit to keep actual military use of new long-range missiles abreast of scientific development in this field was announced this week by Gen. Jacob L. Devers, commanding general of Army Ground Forces.

The newly-created "guided missiles" battalion will provide tactical troops to test and evaluate succeeding experimental models of new super-sonic weapons as they come from the laboratories of various units now working on their development.

A second mission assigned to the new unit will be to develop tactical plans for the employment of the new missiles. In this way, it was pointed out, the battalion will supplement rather than duplicate scientific research.

**Gen. Eisenhower to D. C.**

General of the Army Dwight D. Eisenhower is expected in Washington, probably the latter part of next week, to appear before the Senate Military Affairs Committee to testify on the proposed War-Navy unification question.

In addition to appearing before the committee it is understood that General Eisenhower will confer with military leaders with respect to the Military Government in Germany and with respect to his own future assignment.

The General is reported to be a possible successor to General of the Army George C. Marshall and also it is rumored he may be selected as the American representative on the Security Council of the United Nations Organization.

**Universal Training**

Plans for a future emergency must be based on the assumption that the United States will be the first target of attack, and that the attack will come with lightning speed through the use of guided missiles and sighted with electronic devices of extreme accuracy it was disclosed this week to the House Military Affairs Committee.

Appearing before the Committee which began hearings on universal military training, Secretary of War Patterson asserted that there is unanimous agreement among the men who led our troops to victory that plans for a future emergency must be based on the assumption our ability to survive may depend not only on our ability to retaliate in kind but even more on our ability to mount an immediate counter-offensive that will enable us to establish control of the enemy's launching sites and production facilities.

The Secretary told the Committee that his statements represented the sober conclusions of the War Department's studies and they indicate the essential requirements of a military program that will enable the United States to discharge its obligations to itself and to the cause of world peace until such time as we are able to place sole reliance in international commitments to outlaw war.

The Secretary set forth a four point program which he said must be contained in any legislation looking toward post-war military training.

1. An alert and integrated intelligence service that will keep us informed of hostile moves anywhere in the world.

2. An intensive program of scientific research and development designed to insure a continued leadership in the perfection of new weapons and defensive devices.

3. An industrial mobilization program under which we would have at all times an initial supply of the most modern instruments of war.

4. A trained military manpower to use the weapons developed by our scientists and produced by our factories.

Under the plans contemplated by the War Department, the Secretary said, the expense of providing military training to 700,000 young men each year would be about \$1,750,000,000. He said that this estimate was based on the assumption that each trainee would receive \$30 a month, in addition to his uniforms, equipment, rations and housing. It also includes all overhead costs, he said, including the pay and allowances of some 112,000 Reserve and National Guard officers and others engaged in providing the training.

Speaking for the American Legion National Commander Edward N. Scheiberling told the committee that only a strong America can insure the safety of democracy and the certainty of peace. He said that to make a citizen army fully effective in time of war it would be necessary to train in peace.

BUY MORE VICTORY BONDS

**"Early Warning" Radar**

Development by the Signal Corps of an "early warning" radar so powerful that a squadron of bombers flying over Boston could be detected and tracked by a radar set operating in Philadelphia was revealed this week by the War Department.

Early warning radar was developed originally in 1937 at the Signal Corps Radar Laboratory, Fort Monmouth, N. J. Early models were in use by Signal Aircraft Warning units overseas when the Japanese attacked Pearl Harbor in 1941, and it was one of these which picked up a warning of the attacking Jap planes while they were still 132 miles distant.

**Gen. Witsell Confirmed**

The Senate this week confirmed the nomination of Maj. Gen. Edward Fuller Witsell to be The Adjutant General of the Army.

General Witsell will serve for a term four years, in the post to be vacated by the retirement of Maj. Gen. James A. Ulio.

**Lt. Gen. Griswold to 1st S. C.**

Lt. Gen. Oscar W. Griswold, former Commanding General of the XIV Corps, became Commanding General of the First Service Command, with headquarters in Boston, on 5 Nov., succeeding Maj. Gen. Sherman Miles, who is retiring.

**Reenlistment Grades**

Army enlisted men who received honorable discharges between 12 May and 1 Nov. of this year may reenlist in the new peacetime Regular Army and keep the grades they held at the time of discharge provided they reenlist before 21 Nov. 1945, the War Department announced this week.

**Dental Care Conference**

Dental surgeons of the nine Service Commands met recently in the Office of the Surgeon General with Maj. Gen. Robert H. Mills, Director of the Dental Division, to discuss the standardization of dental treatment at separation centers.

Plans were discussed to afford every separatee who desires dental treatment the best dental care that can be given with available equipment and personnel.

**Flu Injections**

All Army personnel have been ordered inoculated during the months of October and November with a new influenza vaccine as a preventative measure against influenza epidemics, the Office of the Surgeon General revealed this week.

The vaccine, made by injecting influenza virus into chick embryo, is to be administered in a single injection.

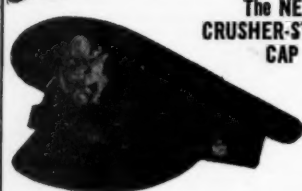
**13th A F Unit Cited**

Hdq. 13th A. F., Philippines—Gallant action in crippling a Japanese convoy bound for Leyte 10 Nov. 1944, has resulted in a Presidential Citation for the 18th (Ringmaster) P-38 group of the 13th Air Force Fighter Command.

Commanding the group and participating in the action was Col. Milton B. Adams.

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## Navy Transport Fleet

Sixteen men-o-war, with a combined passenger capacity of about 40,000 will join the Navy's "magic carpet" transport fleet during the next two weeks, Rear Adm. Henry S. Kendall, USN, Commander Carrier Division 24, and Director of the magic carpet operation, announced at Pearl Harbor this week.

The newly assigned vessels include the Essex-class carriers Bon Homme Richard, Bunker Hill, Hancock, Hornet, Ticonderoga and Yorktown; the light carriers Belleau Woods, Cowpens, Independence and San Jacinto, and the old battleships Arkansas, Colorado, Maryland, Nevada, Texas and West Virginia.

## Government Insurance

A recent survey reveals that the majority of Naval personnel plans to retain the Government life insurance they bought during the war upon their return to civilian life. More than \$35,000,000,000 of this insurance was purchased by Naval personnel.

Under the Navy demobilization program, each dischargee is provided with information regarding his Government life insurance and is instructed as to the method of continuing the protection if he desires. At each center, audio-visual and printed informational materials are used under the supervision of officers trained in Government life insurance and other service benefits. These officers are also available as specialist consultants for private interviews upon request of the separatee.

## USMC Battle Art

Marine Corps battle art, sketched and painted on Pacific battlefields from Guadalcanal to Okinawa, will be placed on exhibition at the National Gallery of Art in Washington, D. C., 11 Nov., to mark the 170th anniversary of the founding of the Marine Corps.

Nearly 130 paintings, water colors, drawings, sketches and cartoons by 22 Marine combat artists are included in the exhibit. Also on display are sketches by a Japanese prisoner of war, depicting U. S. Marines in action. Another feature is a series of World War I drawings by the late Col. John W. Thomason, Jr., pioneer of Marine Corps battle art in the last war.

More than 65,000 Germans already have been moved out of the U. S. Zone in Austria, Military Government officers have announced.

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## U. S. NAVY &amp; MARINE CORPS

## EDO Officers Wanted

The Navy Department is requesting Reserve and Temporary USN Engineering Officers to seek permanent commissions with the Regular Navy.

These officers will not rotate among different types of duty ashore and afloat, as is the traditional policy for Regular Navy Officers of the Line, the Department said. Engineering Officers will be specialists in their chosen field and will be designated EDO.

Vice Adm. Louis E. Denfeld, USN, Chief of Naval Personnel, emphasized that Engineering Officers who transfer to the Regular Navy will be given equal opportunity for promotion and choice of duty along with other Regular Officers. Since Engineering Officers cannot be placed in competition with Line Officers who have had commands of ships, they will be "given extra numbers" and will be separately considered for promotion by selection boards. Applicants will be required to have had two years of college or demonstrate by means of a test the equivalent general background and mental capacity.

## Captured Destroyer Returns

The U. S. destroyer Stewart, which the Japanese captured in drydock in Surabaya, Java, 2 Mar. 1942, and operated as a unit in their fleet during the war, has been returned to duty in the U. S. Pacific Fleet.

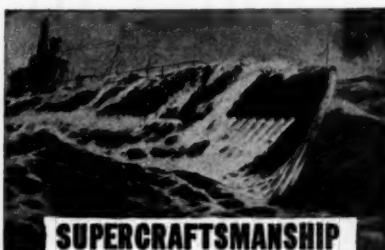
Vice Adm. J. B. Oldendorf, Commander, Task Force 51 of the U. S. Fifth Fleet, placed the Stewart in commission at Hiro Wan, in the Inland Sea, in ceremonies 29 Oct. which were attended by all flag officers in the harbor and by the new crew of the destroyer. Chaplain R. T. Wilson of the U.S.S. Montpelier read the commissioning prayer and Cruiser Division 12 band played the National Anthem as the ensign, jack and commissioning pennant were hoisted.

Lt. Comdr. Harold H. Ellison, USN, is in command of the vessel and Lt. (jg) G. T. Burns, USN, who was a motor machinist, first class attached to the Stewart at the time she was abandoned at Surabaya, is her executive officer.

## U. S. Ships Hit Mines

The auxiliary-store ship U.S.S. Bridge (AF-1) struck a mine in Tushima Strait between Japan and Korea on 31 Oct., but there were no casualties aboard.

Another American vessel, the LSM-114 (Landing Ship, Medium), was moderately damaged by a mine explosion in Hiro Wan (in the Hiroshima area), and one crew member was killed.



Naval engineers acknowledge the submarine to be among the most precisely manufactured of all fighting ships. For nearly half a century Electric Boat Company has been the Navy's principal source of submarines, maintaining skill and equipment through peace and war.

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## Submarine Lifeguard League

The "Submarine Lifeguard League", a force of American undersea craft, rescued 504 United States and Allied aviators from enemy waters and beaches in some of the most daring and dangerous operations of the war, the Navy Department disclosed this week.

Frequently under fire, within gun range of the Japanese home islands, and in hazardous, mined waters, the submarines performing "lifeguard" duty became an integral part of virtually all major air strikes planned by Army and Navy staffs. The use of submarines for such tasks opened a new era in aerial offensive strategy, and heightened the morale of Army and Navy pilots who were making fighter and bomber runs to Japan and the occupied territories.

In the period just before the Japanese surrender when submarine targets were growing increasingly scarce, one-third of the Navy's operational submarines were engaged in some phase of lifeguard duties on the bomber paths. For every submarine on a lifeguard station in the Pacific, another was either enroute to or from the station on a relief mission, and a third was at a rear area base undergoing material refit and recuperation for the crew.

## Naval Reserves

Plans for three branches of Reserves in the peacetime Navy have been announced. Pending necessary legislation, Vice Adm. Louis E. Denfeld, USN, Chief of Naval Personnel, stated the groups and their functions would be divided as follows:

1. The Ready Reserve. This group will drill one night a week, receive one day's drill pay, and be eligible for a two-week cruise or shore training, with pay. Orders for training duty will be only with the officer's consent. It is planned that the members of the Ready Reserve "will be available immediately for mobilization to fill billets at sea and ashore in the event of a national emergency."

2. The Standby Reserve. To be composed of officers who cannot devote as much time to Naval Reserve activities as members of the Ready Reserve. This group may volunteer for training instruction, but will receive no pay.

3. The Honorary Reserve. This group is not eligible for training because of age, occupation, or physical disability. However, Honorary Reserves may be called to active duty, with their consent, for consultation purposes. They are available for active duty during war or a national emergency.

A total of 141 ships with a passenger capacity of 198,000 were loading in the Pacific or en route east with returnees as of 1 Nov.

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## Nominated in Regular Navy

The following-named officers were nominated to the Senate 6 Nov. to be assistant paymasters in the Navy with the rank of ensign.

S. R. Allen	W. G. Leary
J. P. Andrews	R. W. Leighton
A. W. Barton	H. D. Linscott, Jr.
C. W. Bastable, Jr.	B. H. Lewis
R. W. Brown	M. R. Lovell, Jr.
T. H. Bruno	H. S. McCaord
W. J. Buck	C. E. McLanahan
F. J. Byrne, Jr.	E. E. McMorris
D. M. Carr, Jr.	J. F. Magarahan, 3rd
R. E. Clingman	J. J. Martin
R. W. Cool	L. B. Mathews
C. T. Creekman	A. R. Murphy, Jr.
W. J. Cummings	E. B. Myer
D. Davidson	T. L. Nalley
P. L. Davis	E. P. O'Neill
L. C. Emerson	C. C. Puckett
C. E. Fulton	C. D. Reasoner
F. J. Gibbons	A. A. Rissler
H. J. Hackmeyer	J. L. Ruhl, Jr.
R. S. Haebele	A. B. Sanders
G. F. Halla	W. E. Scott, Jr.
A. M. Hamerslag	J. C. Senter, Jr.
V. J. Harris, Jr.	C. F. Shea
F. J. Hart, Jr.	R. L. Shepard
H. F. Hayes	R. M. Sipple
J. D. Hickey	M. C. Snyder
G. G. Hughes	R. E. Snyder
J. A. Humphreys	C. P. Waggoner
C. P. Jones	D. H. Webster
C. A. Kasdorf, Jr.	E. H. Weland
R. W. Kew	J. D. Wilson

The following nominations to be assistant paymasters with rank of ensign in the Navy were confirmed by the Senate:

H. W. Burnett, Jr. J. C. Snyder  
K. R. Klotforn

## Sea Service Casualties

## SAFE

## U. S. Navy

*Lt. G. C. Bullard	Mch. H. M. Broussard
*Lt. R. B. Williams	*Mch. W. C. Smith
*Lt. J. E. Nardini	*Mch. J. I. Orr
*Lt. E. G. F. Pollard	*Mch. W. R. Tennant
*Lt. (jg) A. J. Fisher	

## U. S. Naval Reserve

\*Lt. J. H. Shroff

## DEAD

## U. S. Navy

*Lt. Comdr. Richard H. Gingras	*Lt. Comdr. A. C. Edmands
U. S. Naval Reserve	
*Lt. (jg) E. W. Gehrke	*Ens. A. W. Kuhlman
*Lt. (jg) S. Grubin	*Ens. H. J. Large
*Ens. A. J. Romano	*Lt. R. C. McAbee
*Lt. G. R. Watkins	*Lt. W. H. Winecoff
*Ens. S. R. Goss	*Lt. A. A. Pont, Jr.
*Lt. (jg) W. F. Goodwin, Jr.	*Ens. H. J. Murphy
*Lt. (jg) J. W. Fravel	*Lt. J. F. Hart
*Lt. (jg) J. H. Fezler	*Ens. W. E. Tostman
*Lt. (jg) T. G. Norek	*Ens. E. J. Heeb
	*Ens. J. T. Gates

## WOUNDED

## U. S. Naval Reserve

Lt. (jg) Edwin Free

\*Previously reported missing.  
†Previously reported prisoner of war.

## Navy Releases

For the week ending 3 November, total releases of Navy officers and enlisted personnel, male and female, was 71,579. Daily separations last week averaged 10,226.



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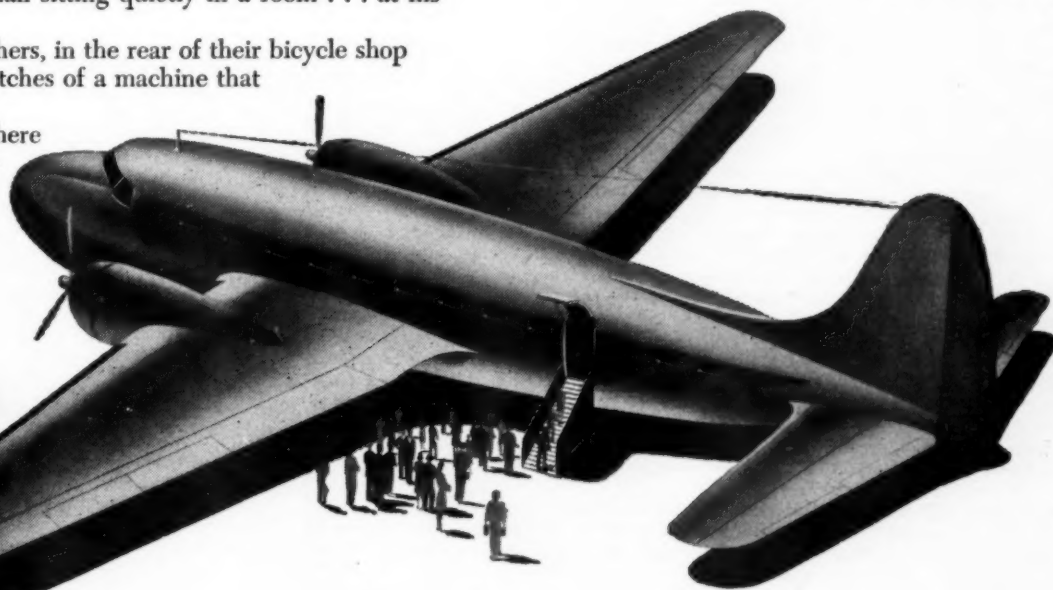
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SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1945

## OUR PRIORITY LIST

1. Maintenance in accordance with professional studies of our national needs and international commitments, of Regular Establishments organized and trained to utilize and employ materials of war developed by continuing Scientific research, and backed by Industry and Labor kept intimately familiar with the manufacture of such materials.
2. Reconstruction of National Guard and Reserve components federally aided and encouraged to maximum efficiency, and effectively coordinated with the Regular Services, and universal military training.
3. Increase in active and retired pay and allowances to meet risen costs so as to enable maintenance of American standards of living, and protection of such pay from reduction through income taxes.
4. Institution of orderly promotion systems in the Regular Establishments with recognition of war service and war ranks, to prevent future stagnation, and to insure the maintenance of high professional standards.
5. Continuance and expansion of service schools, including the Army and Navy Staff College, attendance of which shall be open to National Guard and Reserve officers.
6. Suitable rank and retirement benefits for former enlisted personnel who served as commissioned officers during the war.
7. Grant of the same rights and benefits to those who elect to remain in the Services as will be enjoyed by the discharged veterans.
8. Upward revision of pension scales to assure Service widows and dependents a living income.
9. Compensation for Service personnel who use privately owned automobiles on government business.
10. Maintenance of stock piles of strategic materials.

IN relieving enlisted personnel of any income tax liability upon their Service pay while at the same time subjecting commissioned officers to the tax with only a \$1,500 military exemption, and by granting these concessions to those on active duty while doing nothing for retired men, Congress is creating an unfair and inequitable differential between the various categories of men and women who have served their country. The Senate Finance Committee, in recommending the Service preference provisions, stated that "in certain respects proposals pending in Congress and elsewhere require further study," and Senator Hawkes in discussing the measure on the floor said that the committee staff had been instructed to go further into the problem with a view to additional legislation. Thus there is hope that full justice may be given to the Service personnel in the matter of tax exemptions, particularly in view of the fact that the membership of the Finance Committee includes Senator David I. Walsh, chairman of the Senate Naval Affairs committee, and Senator Edwin C. Johnson, of Colorado, ranking Democrat on the Senate Military Affairs Committee, both well informed men on Service matters. Clearly, the proper and just action would be the complete exemption from income tax liability of all Service pay, active and retired, commissioned and enlisted. There should be no class distinctions; privileges and benefits should not be denied those who hold positions of higher responsibilities. All pay for service in the Armed Forces should be complete and full and not subject to reductions by rebates in the form of income taxes. The neglect of retired personnel is particularly onerous, for these men, unless they have been retired for service connected disability, are made liable to the full force of the income tax at a time when having completed their active careers in the Nation's service, they must pull in their belts and attempt to live on an income which approximates only half of that received on the active list. Obviously, such is not the time to require them to pay heavier taxes. Moreover, as the President has officially recognized in the case of civilian officials, readjustments of pay are demanded by the higher costs of living. What is true of these officials certainly is true of the officers of the Services. Congress must take action on these problems, particularly now that efforts are being made to make the military professions attractive to career men.

THE Army will be deeply interested in the War Department's plan for the admission of temporary officers into the permanent Regular establishment. As Secretary Patterson pointed out in his letter to Congress, and as we have repeatedly stated editorially, unless some definite policy is established, eligible and desirable officers will turn their thoughts and energies toward a civilian career and thus will be lost to the post-war Army. Fortunately, the plan laid before Congress opens the path to Regular Commissions to all categories of temporary officers—Army of the United States, National Guard, Reserve, and former enlisted men. The committees of Congress should hear representatives of all groups in order that the procedure ultimately adopted for commissioning and for promotion shall be fair and satisfactory to all. The commissioned strength suggested by the War Department—25,000—is admittedly the minimum which the post-war establishment will require. Congress could well increase this to 40,000, for there is no doubt that at least that many will be needed to carry out our international commitments, train the civilian components, conduct universal training, comprise occupation forces, perform the self-training of Regular Units, and garrison our outlying bases. It is particularly important that Congress act promptly on this program in view of the obligations we are assuming under the United Nations Organization. The Senate Foreign Relations Committee already has approved unanimously the grant of authority to the State Department to negotiate the size and type of forces which shall be available to the Security Council and to empower our representative on the Council to vote the use of the American contingent when peace is threatened. The forces we will be required to maintain for this purpose will be above and beyond those necessary for our domestic program and for occupation purposes. Experienced officers must be added to the Regular Army to provide for the organization of these units and to keep them fit to carry out our obligations. In justice to the officers themselves (that they may plan for their future), for our National security, and to carry out our international commitments, Congress should act promptly on this program.

## Service Humor

### Food Shortage

GI (Newly arrived at Kearns): "Gosh, I'm so hungry I could eat a horse."  
Mess Sgt.: "You couldn't have come to a better place!"  
—Kearns Post Review.

### Too Weak

CBM: "Isn't it about time the baby said daddy?"  
Wife: "Oh, no, John. I've decided not to tell him who you are until he gets stronger."  
—Skyscrapers.

### We Don't Either

Teacher: "Now, Frankie, if I lay two eggs over here and three over there, how many will there be altogether?"  
Frankie: "Personally, I don't think you can do it."  
—Jax Air News.

### Health Cure

A Scotsman was told his wife needed salt air—so he fanned her with a herring.  
—Armored News.

### Permission

The Corporal stood timidly before his C. O.  
"You see, sir," he said, "my wife says I am not being advanced fast enough. She told me to ask you if you'd recommend me for a promotion."  
"I understand," smiled the officer, "and so I'll tell you what I'll do. I'll ask my wife if I can."  
—The Message.

### Past Errors

"You look depressed, my friend. What are you thinking about?"  
"My future."  
"What makes it seem so hopeless?"  
"My past."  
—The Pointer.

### No Can Do

She: "I'll have you know I'm marrying an officer and a gentleman."  
Pvt.: "You can't do that. It's bigamy."  
—The Welfare.

### Powerful Bullet

Galbraith: "Now listen you guys, this new bullet will penetrate three inches of wood, so keep your heads down."  
—Skyscraper.

### Good Tip

"I met a wonderful girl yesterday," the Sergeant told his best pal. "I lay awake half the night thinking of what she said to me."  
"Take a tip from me," advised his chum, "or you'll soon lie awake all night listening to it."  
—Armored News.

### Finders Keepers

Wife: "Wake up, John! There's a burglar going through your pockets."  
Sleepy husband: "Leave me out of it—you two can fight it out between yourselves."  
—Belvoir Castle.

### Heaven Forbid

First Sardine: "Let's swim down Crow Creek to Cheyenne."  
Second Sardine: "That's too far to swim. When we get there, we'd be so tired."  
First Sardine: "Well then, let's take the bus."  
Second Sardine: "What! And be crowded in there like sailors?"  
—Jax Air News.

## ASK THE JOURNAL

Please send return postage for direct reply.

E. C. C.—Under existing law enlisted men transferred to the Enlisted Reserve Corps are not entitled to allowances of any kind.

E. F. M.—There are no provisions for a general pay reduction of retired personnel; such pay may be reduced only by an act of the Congress. Representative William Lemke has introduced a bill—H. R. 493—to provide a 15 per cent increase in the pay of all retired personnel.

T. O. G.—The bill to permit service personnel to receive allowances for step-parents has been passed by both houses of the Congress; it has been returned to the House for concurrence in the Senate's amendment of the title.

W. O. H.—Only active service may be computed as years of service for retirement. Inactive service in the National Guard, ORC, and the Naval Reserve may be counted for longevity pay purposes.

## In The Journal

### One Year Ago

In the war against Japan, the enemy sought to stage a partial comeback in the Philippine area after his initial heavy reverses. He accumulated a new air strength in the islands to harass our troops and ships and contrived to land reinforcements on Leyte, although losing two of his transports in the process. Carrier planes of the Navy came back to wreak havoc among Japanese planes on and over Luzon.

### 10 Years Ago

Col. George R. Spalding, Commandant of Ft. Belvoir, Va., left last week to take over his new duties as Division Engineer of the North Atlantic District. Honoring Col. Spalding, the 13th Regiment of Engineers, commanded by Col. William A. Johnson, gave him a farewell salute and review.

### 25 Years Ago

Unless all signs fail the Army Reorganization Act of 4 June, 1920, is likely to receive a great deal of attention in the next two sessions of Congress by our national legislators who are not satisfied with the manner in which some of its provisions have been carried out by the War Department and who will also wish to correct faults in it affecting certain classes of officers and non-commissioned officers.

### 50 Years Ago

Even the critical French observers were impressed during the German maneuvers by the dogged perseverance and restraint shown by officers and men. The German soldier neither grumbles, swears, nor sings like his French brother-in-arms, but goes on with his marching or camp duties automatically. Moreover, the discipline in the German army appears to have astounded the alien critics.

### 80 Years Ago

It has been suggested that boats destined for hot climates should be seasoned by gradually heating the inside and lubricating the outside, a coating of lime being applied to remove the lubricator and further season the boat, which could also be secured by strong framing until the tendency to alter the shape was entirely exhausted.



## ARMY ORDERS

Secretary of War—Robert P. Patterson  
Assistant Secretary of War—John J. McCloy  
Assistant Secretary of War, Air—Robert A. Lovett  
Chief of Staff—General of the Army George C. Marshall

### GENERAL OFFICERS

Maj. Gen. F. H. Osborn, GSC, Inf. and Ed. Div. ASF, to OC of S. Inf. and Ed. Div.  
Maj. Gen. J. H. Hester, ret.  
Maj. Gen. E. N. Backus, overseas dty. to Secty. of War's Separations Bd.  
Brig. Gen. C. S. Shadle, OC of CWS, Wash., D. C., to Rocky Mt. Ars., Denver, Colo., as CG.  
Brig. Gen. J. F. Conklin, HQ ASF, Wash., D. C., to ASF Tng C. Ft. Lewis, Wash., as CG Engr. Sect.  
Brig. Gen. L. C. Beebe, GSC, Fairbault, Minn., to HQ EDC, Governor's Is., N. Y.  
Brig. Gen. C. T. Lanham, I&E Div., ASF to I&E Div. OC of S.  
Brig. Gen. H. A. Barnes (Lt. Col. QMC) retd. upon own app. in gr. of Col., eff 28 Feb.  
Brig. Gen. J. C. P. Bartholomew (Col. Inf.) retd. PD as Brig. Gen.  
Brig. Gen. G. A. Davis (Lt. Col. Inf.) retd. upon own app. in gr. of Col. eff 28 Feb.

### ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPT.

Capt. C. H. Smith, Cp Shelby, Miss., to SMG, Charlottesville, Va.  
Capt. C. H. Conover, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to SFPE, Ft. Mason, Calif.  
Capt. J. E. Humphrey, Brooklyn, N. Y., to 2 Sv C, Ft. Dix, N. J.  
Capt. H. H. Huff, Newport News, Va., to ANLC, Wash., D. C.  
1st Lt. M. Langfeld, jr., Newport News, Va., to NOPE, New Orleans, La.  
Capt. J. C. McIntyre, Cp Atterbury, Ind., to HQ 6 Sv C, Chicago, Ill.  
Capt. R. V. Roberts, Hamilton Fld, Calif., to 97 MRU, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.  
1st Lt. A. A. Strassberger, Aberdeen Pr. Gr. Md., to Sep C, Ft. Geo. G. Meade, Md.  
1st Lt. W. Lynch, Ft. McPherson, Ga., to 108 MRU, Ft. Bragg, N. C.  
Maj. J. J. Fitzpatrick, Wash., D. C., to HQ 1 Sv C, Boston, Mass.  
Lt. Col. R. W. Craven, Cp Plauche, La., to AGO, Wash., D. C.  
Maj. T. D. Whitton, Indiantown Gap MR, Pa. to HQ 9 Sv C, Ft. Douglas, Utah.  
1st Lt. C. A. Howey, Greenville AAB, S. C. to SFPE, Ft. Mason, Calif.  
1st Lt. R. F. Whitman, Jefferson Bks., Mo., to HQ 7 Sv C, Omaha, Neb.  
2nd Lt. J. C. Graham, Indiantown Gap MR, Pa., to Lincoln AA Fld, Neb.  
Capt. C. R. Custer, Brooklyn, N. Y., to 2nd Sv C, Atlantic City, N. J.  
2nd Lt. E. McRobbie, St. Louis, Mo., to MDW, Ft. Belvoir, Va.

### JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S DEPT.

Capt. F. E. Exum, San Luis Obispo, Calif., to JAGO, Wash., D. C.  
Capt. A. J. Burford, jr., Cp. Carson, Colo., to JAGO, Wash., D. C.  
Capt. J. L. Bruhn, Wright Fld., O., to HQ 8 Sv C, Dallas, Tex.  
Lt. Col. J. E. Moseley, Cp Plauche, La., to HQ 4 Sv C, Atlanta, Ga.  
1st Lt. P. J. T. Callahan, Wash., D. C., to HQ 2 Sv C, Governor's Is., N. Y.  
Lt. Col. C. C. Schenken, Ft. Bliss, Tex., to NOPE, New Orleans, La.  
Capt. L. F. Schmitt, Ft. Bragg, N. C., to JAGO, Wash., D. C.  
1st Lt. S. D. Rhem, Memphis, Tenn., to JAGO, Wash., D. C.  
Lt. Col. C. W. Allen, Ft. Jackson, S. C., to HQ 6 Sv C, Chicago, Ill.  
Maj. R. P. Whitker, Ft. Mason, Calif., to JAGO, Wash., D. C.

### QUARTERMASTER CORPS

Col. A. G. Silverman, Swannanoa, N. C., to QM Dep., Chicago, Ill.  
1st Lt. T. W. Chandlee, Charlottesville, Va., to Rep Pool, Cp Lee, Va.  
Capt. H. C. Lee, Charlottesville, Va., to Rep Pool, Cp Lee, Va.  
Capt. A. G. Berry, Charlottesville, Va., to Rep Pool, Cp Lee, Va.  
Capt. R. H. Melvin, Cp Lee, Va. to MPD, ASF, Wash., D. C.  
Capt. K. Clements, Ogden, Utah, to 5th Sv C, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind.  
Capt. C. Jones, Charlottesville, Va., to Rep Pool, Cp Lee, Va.  
Lt. Col. S. S. Merrell, Charlottesville, Va., to Rep Pool, Cp Lee, Va.  
Capt. J. W. Warner, Montgomery, Ala., to TC Dep., Marietta, Pa.  
Capt. S. D. Kennedy, Indiantown Gap MR, Pa., to HQ 8 Sv C, Dallas, Tex.  
Col. E. M. Daniels, Cp Bowie, Tex., to NRA, Sheridan, Wyo.  
1st Lt. M. F. Henbl, Ft. P. E. Warren, Wyo., to SMG, Charlottesville, Va.  
1st Lt. Harry B. Curtis, Brooklyn, N. Y., to QM Dep., Chicago, Ill.

## OFFICIAL ORDERS

The Hon. Harry S. Truman, Commander in Chief of the Army and Navy  
Chief of Staff—Fleet Admiral William D. Leahy, USN-Ret.  
Military Aide—Brig. Gen. Harry Vaughn; Naval Aide—Comma. John K. Vardaman.

## NAVY ORDERS

Secretary of the Navy—James V. Forrestal.  
Under Secretary of the Navy—Artemus L. Gates.

Assistant Secretary of the Navy, Air—John L. Sullivan.

Assistant Secretary of the Navy—H. Struve Hensel.

COMINCH, U. S. Fleet, and Chief of Naval Operations—Fleet Admiral Ernest J. King.

31 October 1945

### Admirals

R. Adm. Walter K. Kilpatrick to Deputy Comdr., Western Sea Frontier, connection in active Fleet, Pacific.

### Captains

Edward S. Addison to Com. Officer, USS Berrien.  
Robert E. Baker, MC, to Na Hosp., Chelsea.  
Roswell H. Blair, (Ret.), relieved act. duty.  
James H. Brett, jr., to Chief Staff Officer, Reserve Fleet, Atlantic.  
James A. Bull, SC, NR, (Ret.), relieved act. duty.

Edwin B. Dexter to nearest ND, pending assignment.

Malen Dursky to Com. Officer, USS Audrain.  
Earl F. Evans, MC, to US Nav. Base Hosp. No. 18, Guam Island.

John N. C. Gordon, MC, to Nav. Hosp., Pensacola.

Lawrence T. Haugen to Bur. of Ships.  
Warren E. Haycock, (E), NR, to Univ. Michigan, Ann Arbor.

Elmer R. Henning to Army Indust'l College.

Robert F. Hickey to Asst. Nav. Attache and Nav. Attache for Air, London.

Emory P. Hylant to Nav. Reserve Officers' Training Corps.

Frederic S. Keeler to Nav. Operating Base, San Pedro, pending assignment.

Joseph W. Kimbrough, MC, to Nav. Hosp., Jacksonville, Fla.

Arthur G. King, SC, relieved act. duty.

Harold E. Ragle, MC, to Com. of Naval Hosp., Coco Solo, Canal Zone.

Abel C. J. Sabatol to Bur. Nav. Personnel, pending assignment.

Ira T. Sanders, USC&GS, to Na. Operations.

Robert E. Stoops, MC, (Ret.), relieved active duty.

Carlton R. Todd to Nav. Operations.

Frederick M. Trapnell to Nav. Operations.

Robert J. Vaughn, MC, to Nav. Hosp., Nor-

folk.

### Commanders

Lewis J. Atwood, DM, NR, to nearest ND, pending assignment.

Gerald L. Christie to Com. Officer, USS Adams.

Ray Davis to Comdr. Air Force, Atlantic Fleet, Norfolk.

Clarence E. Dickinson to nearest Fleet Air Command, pending assignment.

Robert J. Esslinger to Comdr., Destroyer Division 100.

(Please turn to Page 376)

## MARINE CORPS

Commandant—General A. A. Vandegrift

Asst. Commandant—Maj. Gen. A. H. Turnage

Brig. Gen. Evans O. Ames, Oahu, Hawaii to San Francisco, Calif.

Brig. Gen. Andrew E. Creggy, Oahu, Hawaii to San Diego Area.

Col. Clyde H. Metcalf, Oahu, Hawaii to Quantico, Va.

Col. Francis I. Fenton, Nagasaki, Japan to San Diego Area.

Col. Curtis T. Beecher, tep. app. col., to San Francisco, Calif.

Lt. Col. William S. Vasconellos, relieved from a. d.

Lt. Col. Claude W. Stahl, relieved from a. d.

Lt. Col. Ralph L. Schiesswohl, relieved from a. d.

Lt. Col. Rowland L. Hall, relieved from a. d.

Lt. Col. Walter S. Campbell, relieved from a. d.

Lt. Col. Everett H. Vaughan, relieved from a. d.

Lt. Col. William J. Lanfitt has been detached from duty in Hawaii and ordered home to be relieved from active duty.

Lt. Col. Norman E. Denning, relieved from a. d.

Lt. Col. Robert L. Cooper, relieved from a. d.

Lt. Col. Carl F. Korn, relieved from a. d.

Lt. Col. Arthur E. Mead, relieved from a. d.

Lt. Col. Wilfred Weaver's orders to San Diego Area modified to Great Lakes, Ill.

Lt. Col. Clovis C. Coffman's orders to San Diego Area modified to Camp Lejeune, N. C.

Lt. Col. Thornton Wilson's orders to San Francisco, Calif., modified to temp. duty, Navy Department, on completion to Oahu, Hawaii.

Lt. Col. George T. Skinner, Guam to Oahu, Hawaii.

Lt. Col. Frederic H. Lemmer, Great Lakes, Ill., to Camp Lejeune, N. C.

Lt. Col. Gregory J. Weisenberger, Eagle Mountain Lake, Tex., to Oahu, Hawaii.

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**IX Troop Carrier Command**

*Stout Field, Indianapolis, Ind.*—The IX Troop Carrier Command, whose battle record during the European War is a story of D-Days, has absorbed the I Troop Carrier Command, which performed the continental job of training since the origination of the Troop Carrier early in 1942. The change in designation of the Stout Field headquarters was announced by Maj. Gen. Paul L. Williams, who commanded the First and now, for the second time, heads the Ninth.

Gen. Williams, who as commanding general of the IX Troop Carrier Command overseas brought his forces through six successful major invasions in Europe, had been serving in command of the I Troop Carrier Command following his return from Europe. Brig. Gen. William M. Gross is Chief of Staff.

The IX Troop Carrier Command now includes two Troop Carrier Wings, the 50th, at Pope Field, Ft. Bragg, N. C., and the 52d at Sedalia Army Air Field, Warrensburg, Mo. Both were components of the IX Troop Carrier Command overseas. Brig. Gen. Julian M. Chappell, commander of the 50th in Europe, remains in command of that wing. The 52d is headed by Col. Reed J. Landis.

Brig. Gen. Julian M. Chappell, former commander of the 50th Troop Carrier

Wing and a veteran of the European war, has been assigned to the Troop Carrier Command as Commanding General of the 60th Troop Carrier Wing at Pope Field, N. C. He succeeds Col. Younger A. Pitts, who becomes wing executive officer.

Under General Chappell, the 50th Wing overseas was engaged in several monumental airborne operations and performed the unusual feat of engaging in three major campaigns in separate sectors in the space of only a few weeks.

Col. James E. Duke, Jr., who helped plan and direct the great airborne invasions of the European war, has assumed new duties as commanding officer of Bergstrom Field, Troop Carrier base at Austin, Tex. He succeeds Col. Samuel L. Davis, who has been given another assignment.

The Troop Carrier Command's famed 438th Troop Carrier Group, the organization chosen to drop the first paratroopers in the Normandy campaign and to spearhead other major European invasions, has been assigned to the Troop Carrier base at Ft. Benning, Ga., Lawson Field. Lt. Col. David E. Daniel of Birmingham, Ala., was recently promoted to commanding officer of the group. He formerly served as deputy commander.

Newly appointed senior aide-de-camp to Maj. Gen. Paul L. Williams, Commanding General of the Troop Carrier Command, is Maj. Howard H. Cloud, Jr.

Lt. Billy J. Jones has been appointed General Williams' junior aide.

**Tenth Air Force**

*Hq. Tenth Air Force, China*—Flying their capacity-loaded C-46's from dawn to dusk for twenty-five consecutive days, pilots and crews of the Tenth Air Force's 443rd Troop Carrier Group have completed the movement of more than 30,000 troops of the Chinese Sixth Army from Chihkiang to Nanking, lopping off twenty days from the forty-five estimated for the job.

Maj. Gen. Albert F. Hegenberger, Commanding General of the Tenth Air Force, said of the greatest air-lift in the Tenth's history. "Pilots, crews and service personnel who, almost three weeks ahead of schedule moved an entire Chinese army 633 miles by air, are to be congratulated for accomplishing one of the most outstanding missions in Air Forces history. They have put not only themselves but the entire Tenth Air Force one step nearer home."

Commanding the Chihkiang air base and supervising the movement was Col. Frederick L. Moore, assistant A-3 of the Tenth, while Col. Charles A. Miller, was Commander of the Nanking airfield.

**Gen. Arnold Awarded Medals**

The Mexican Government has bestowed the Medal of Military Merit and the Aztec Eagle, the country's highest decoration upon Gen. Henry H. Arnold, chief of the United States Army Air Forces, who arrived in Mexico city on 29 Oct.

**Commands MacDill Field**

*MacDill Field, Fla.*—Brig. Gen. Joseph H. Atkinson, commanding general of the III Bomber Command since August of last year, took command of MacDill Field last week. He is the second general to command this base, the late Maj. Gen. Clarence L. Tinker holding the position when the field was first opened more than five years ago.

His appointment was in keeping with Third Air Force policy of establishing generals in command of all important installations. The former commanding officer of MacDill, Col. E. G. Simenson, has been named deputy commander.

**Disposal of Aircraft**

Maj. Gen. E. M. Powers, Assistant Chief of Air Staff A-4, and Mr. Merrill C. Meigs, Member of the Advisory Committee to the Foreign Liquidation Commission, have left the United States to expedite disposition of surplus army aircraft and equipment overseas and to put the current aircraft supply system on a peacetime basis.

The party also includes Col. Thomas L. Mosley, Col. Charles F. Nielsen, Col. Earle L. Johnson, Maj. James H. Smith, Jr., and Maj. Joshua B. Akers.

**Aviation Medicine**

Receiving an award of wings as an honorary Flight Surgeon of the French Air Forces as a result of his work in aeromedical research, Col. Paul A. Campbell, completed his role as Director of Research of the Army Air Forces School of Aviation Medicine, Randolph Field, Tex., and was placed on inactive status 31 Oct.

The presentation of the honorary wings was made by Gen. J. A. Clerc, Air Surgeon of French Air Forces during a recent inspection visit.

**AAF Releases**

The AAF, it was announced this week, is authorized to release enlisted men within the Continental limits of the United States other than those eligible under critical score regulations if:

1. They are surplus to the requirements of the AAF;
2. They have two or more years service since 16 Sept., 1940, and,
3. Their adjusted service ratings (point scores) are between 50 and 59.

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## Navy Orders

(Continued from Page 373)

Charles F. Perciot, MC, NR, to Nav. Hosp., Long Beach.  
Everett J. Foster to Damage Control Officer, 1st Lt., USS Wisconsin.  
Thomas L. Greene to Amphibious Grp. 2.  
Ernest W. H. Humphrey to Navigator, USS Sargent Bay (CVE 83).  
Bruce L. Kendall, MC, to Nav. Hosp., Shoemaker.  
John H. Kevers to Com. Officer, USS Williamsburg.  
Francis M. Kiley, DM, NR, to Com. Officer, USS Basilan.  
Edward R. King, Jr., to Nav. Prov. Grd., Dahlgren.  
Leonard Kirby, Jr., D, NR, to 8th ND, New Orleans, assignment.  
Noble D. Leonard, MC, NR, to Nav. Receiving Hosp., San Francisco.  
Carleton G. Long, DE, NR, to Separation.  
Patrick J. Mahoney, MC(S), NR, to U. S. Naval Spec. Hospital, Sun Valley.  
Harry M. Mason, SC, to Office of Research and Inventions, Washington.  
James F. McFadden to Comdr., LST Grp. 16.  
Willard F. McCormick, (S), NR, to Separation.  
Montgomery L. McCullough, Jr., to Bur. of Ordnance.  
Artyon L. Main to Com. Officer, USS Monitor.  
Leland C. Moss, MC(S), NR, to Separation.  
Hinton A. Owens to Exec. Officer, USS Columbus.  
Walter E. Premo, Jr., (A3), NR, to Exec. Officer, Pearl Harbor.  
Emery Roughton to Comdr., LST Grp. 95.  
Charles Sandler, MC, NR, to nearest ND, pending assignment.  
James M. Stratton, MC(S), NR, to Pers. Separation Unit, San Francisco.  
Marshall F. Thompson to Amphibious Grp. 2.  
Elmer J. Towle, (S), NR, to separation.  
Josh I. Yohannan, MC, (Ret.), relieved active duty.

### 1 Nov. 1945 Admirals

R. Adm. Walter A. Buck, SC, to Bur. of Supplies and Accounts.  
R. Adm. Alexander H. Van Keuren, (Ret.), to National Defense Research Council, Navy Dept.

### Captains

Clifford E. Allen, DC, to Asst. Naval Attache and Asst. Nav. Attache for Air, Moscow.  
Seldon L. Almon, (Ret.), to Naval Ret. Bd.  
John E. Clark to Com. Ofcr., USS Currituck.  
David B. Coleman to Com. Ofcr., Separation Center, Washington.  
Lewis E. Coley to nearest ND, pending assignment.  
Benton W. Decker to Com. Ofcr., USS Md. Etheridge Grant to Ch. of Staff and Aide, Air Wing 17.  
Harry H. Henderson to Com. Ofcr., USS Elkomlin.  
Ronald D. Higgins, DE, NR, to Comdr., LST Flotilla 14.  
John R. Johannesen to Com. Ofcr., Nav. Tr. Center, Great Lakes.  
Joseph J. Kaveney, MC, (Ret.), to Hosp., Palm Beach, Fla.  
Ralph C. Lynch, Jr., to Bur. of Nav. Pers.  
John E. Murphy to Comdr. Battleships, Atlantic.  
Julius F. Neuberger, MC, (Ret.), relieved active duty.  
Samuel M. Pickering to Com. Ofcr., USS Marcus Island.  
Walter H. Price to Underway Training Unit, San Diego.  
Anthony L. Rorschack to Mine Squadron 3 and additional duty Comdr., Mine Div. 9.  
James G. Sampson to additional duty Comdr., LST Grp. 37.  
Erskine A. Slay to nearest ND, pend. assgt.  
John A. Strother, DE, NR, to Nav. Repair Base, San Diego.  
Albert G. Wenzell, MC, (Ret.), relieved active duty.  
Julian D. Wilson to Nav. Ops., Navy Dept.  
William D. Wright, Jr., to Naval Attache for Air, American Legation, Stockholm.

### Commanders

William P. Adams, (EM), NR, to Philadelphia Group, Atlantic Fleet.  
Richard S. Andrews to Exec. Ofcr., USS West Virginia.  
Frederick W. Bald, MC, NR, to Service Force, Pacific Fleet.  
Simon Ball, MC(S), NR, to examination by Naval Retiring Board.  
Jesse B. Barth, DC(S), NR, to Navy Yard, Puget Sound.  
Warren J. Bettens to Com. Ofcr., Air Transport Squadron 5.  
William J. Bivens, (S), NR, to Attorney General, American Samoa.  
Alfred R. Boileau to nearest ND, pending assignment.  
James R. Bollinger, CEC, NR, to Nav. Operating, Terminal Island, San Pedro.  
Milton Breece, DM, NR, to Separation.  
William F. Brewes to Opera. Ofcr., Comdr. Fleet Air Wing 17.  
Willis R. Burns, DC, to USS Bountiful.  
Ralph J. Christman, MC, NR, to Nav. Hosp., New Orleans.  
Donald N. Clay to Staff, Comdr. Minecraft, Pacific.  
Frank A. Dingfelder, CD, NR, to Naval Operations.  
Joseph E. Dougherty to Nav. Operations.  
Theodore C. Fauntz, SC, to nearest ND, pending assignment.  
Eugene D. Flaherty, (S), NR, to separation.  
John F. Fortner, MC, to Nav. Hosp., Medford.  
James A. Garrison to Nav. Operations.  
Fred G. Gibbons, S, NR, to 12th ND, San Francisco.  
Edward S. Gillfillan, Jr., to US Nav. Technical Mission, Japan.  
Charles O. Glisson to Com. Ofcr., USS Tolovana (AO 64).  
Don G. Gumz to Nav. Operations.  
Snowden C. Hall, Jr., MC, NR, to Nav. Hosp., Norfolk.  
Charles L. Harris, Jr., SC, to Nav. Air Bases, 9th ND, Grosse Ile, Michigan.  
James H. Hean to Nav. Operations.  
Paul W. Holstein, Jr., CEC, NR, to Advance Base Depot, Tacoma.  
Derrick A. Hoxie, NR, to USS Birmingham.  
Richard W. Hughes, MC, (Ret.), relieved active duty.  
Charles B. Jackson, Jr., to Bur. Pers., Navy Dept.  
William H. Keeler, S(E), NR, to examination by Naval Retiring Board.  
John H. Keller, MC, to Naval Hosp., Bainbridge.  
John J. Kircher to Bur. Ships, Navy Dept.  
Michael Lake, MC(S), NR, to Separation.  
Milton O. Lewis, (S), NR, to Separation Center, Memphis.  
Vergil L. Marsh, SC, relieved act. duty.  
Alvo O. Martin, CHC, NR, to Sepa. Cen. Wash., D. C.  
Walter B. Martin, S(C), NR, to Serv. Force, Pacific Fleet.  
Edward G. Mason, (A3), NR, to Com. Ofcr., Carrier Aircraft Service Unit 28.  
Edgar F. McCall, MC, to Nav. Bks., Portland, Ore.  
Donald E. McKee to Navig., USS Monterey.  
John W. Neel, SC, to Nav. Air Station, Alameda.  
George A. O'Connell, Jr., to Bur. Pers., Navy Dept.  
Erwin H. Osterloh, MC, to Nav. Hosp., San Diego.  
Richard W. Pickard, S(A5), NR, to Good-year Aircraft Corporation, Litchfield Park, Arizona.  
Arrie W. Prather, (C), NR, to 11th ND, San Diego.  
Jerry H. Service, SE, NR, to US Nav. Tech. Mission, Japan.  
Howard V. Sharp, MC, NR, to Separation.  
Julian W. Stillman, CEC, NR, to Bur. of Yards and Docks, Seattle.  
Jerome F. Smith, MC, to Nav. Hosp., Bainbridge.  
Morris Steiner, MC, NR, to Nav. Hosp., St. Albans.

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## Navy Orders

(Continued from Preceding Page)

John F. Tatom to Officer in Charge, Fleet Weather, Central Pearl Harbor.  
Rhea S. Taylor to Factory "A" Lockheed Aircraft Corp., Burbank.  
Curtis L. Tetley to Com. Ofcr., Patrol Bombing Squadron 100.  
Eugene H. Tricon, SC, (Ret.), relieved active duty.  
Anthony W. Vanleer, CEC, NR, to Separat'n. Alben J. Walden to Com. Ofcr., USS Maria.  
John A. Walstrom, SC(S), NR, to Separat'n. Joseph F. Witherow, Jr., to Nav. Operations.

2 November, 1945

### Captains

Clifford E. Allen, DC, to Assistant Naval Attache Air, American Embassy, Moscow.  
Jerome L. Allen, to Communications Officer, Okinawa.  
Ronald H. Allen, S, NR, to Assistant Naval Attache Air, American Embassy, Moscow.  
Leonard B. Austin, to Chief of Staff and Aide, Commander, Occupation Forces, Truk.  
Joseph A. Biello, (Ret.), MC, to relieved active duty.  
Roscoe L. Bowman, to Staff, Commandant of Army-Navy Staff College, Washington, D. C.  
Ernest W. Brown, (Ret.), MC, to relieved active duty.  
Albert G. Cook, Jr., to Pre-Commissioning Training Center, Treasure Island, pending further assignment.  
John M. Creighton, (Ret.), to relieved active duty.  
Fred M. Earle, to relieved active duty.  
Marion C. Erwin, to Personnel and Training Officer, San Diego.  
Charles D. Griffin, to Commanding Officer, USS Croatan.  
Forrest M. Harrison, (Ret.), MC, to relieved active duty.  
Howard V. Hopkins, to Commanding Officer, Corpus Christi.  
Harry A. Keener, (Ret.), MC, to relieved active duty.  
Herbert L. Kelley, (Ret.), M. C., to relieved active duty.  
Denys W. Knoll, to Assistant Naval Attache Air, Moscow.  
Clarence C. Kress, (Ret.), MC, to relieved active duty.  
Joseph W. Ludenwig, to Naval Operations.  
DeCoy Marchand, (Ret.), MC, to relieved active duty.  
Clinton A. Mission, to Commanding Officer, USS Topeka.  
Edward A. Mitchell, to Naval Operations.  
William E. A. Mulhan, to Bu. Pers., pending assignment.  
Stuart S. Murray, to Naval Operations.  
Donald R. Osborn, Jr., to Naval Operations.  
Claude V. Ricketts, to 11th Naval Dist., San Diego, pending assignment.  
Willard J. Riddick, (Ret.), MC, to relieved active duty.  
Chandler W. Smith, (Ret.), MC, to relieved active duty.

Carl F. Stillman, to Commanding Officer, USS Burleson.  
Edwin A. Taylor, to nearest Naval Dist., pending assignment.  
George W. Taylor, (Ret.), MC, to relieved active duty.  
Howard W. Taylor, to Bur. Pers., Navy Dept., pending assignment.  
Clarence E. Voegel, to Commanding Officer, USS Highlands.  
Charles J. Wheeler, to 12th Naval Dist., San Francisco, pending assignment.  
Robert W. Wimberly, MC, to Assistant Naval Attache Air, Moscow.  
William J. Zalesky, (Ret.), MC, to relieved active duty.

### Commanders

Zachariah A. Barker, (Ret.), MC, to relieved active duty.  
Merle F. Bowman, to Executive Officer, USS Portsmouth.  
Roy E. Brackin, MC(S), NR, to Southwest-ern University, Georgetown.

Charles B. Brooks, Jr., to Executive Officer, USS Indiana.  
Fred A. Butler, MC, to Naval Operations.  
Robert G. Dose, (Al), NR, to Air Officer, USS Gilbert Islands.  
Joseph F. Dreith, ChC, to District Chaplain's Office, 12th Naval Dist., San Francisco.  
George C. Ellerton, Jr., to Staff, Commander Minecraft Pacific.  
Rudolph J. Fabian, to Executive Officer, USS Brewerton.  
Howard M. Farwell, DC, to USS Antietam.  
James A. Fields, (Ret.), MC, to relieved active duty.  
John A. Field, EM, NR, to Engineer Officer, USS Portsmouth.  
John W. Florence, to Amphibious Group 2.  
James L. Fuelling, MC, to Naval Air Station, Olathe.  
Charles F. Garrison, to Naval Air Station, Quonset Point.  
John V. Gifford, A, NR, to Navy Price Adjustment Board.

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Wait R. Griswold, MC, to nearest Naval Dist., pending assignment.  
Frank A. Gunther, (S), NR, to Separation.  
Martin T. Hatcher, to Operations Officer, Carrier Division 2.  
Joseph A. Jaap, to Executive Officer, USS Rabaul.  
Earle H. Kincaid, (Ret.), to relieved active duty.  
Laurence O. Mathews, to Commanding Officer, USS Essex.  
Edward F. McGinnis, (S), NR, to Naval Command, Departments of State and War, Washington.  
Jesse H. McNamara, MC, NR, to Separation.  
Stanley R. Miller, SC(S), NR, to U. S. Naval Personnel Separation Center, Washington.  
Peter G. Molteni, Jr., to Submarine Force.  
(Please turn to Next Page)

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**Navy Orders**
*(Continued from Preceding Page)*

Pacific Fleet, Administration, Mare Island.  
 Harry P. Muller, (C), NR, to Naval Operations.

Kendall Preston, (Ret.), to relieved active duty.

Warren A. Ransom, (S) NR, to Resignation accepted.

George D. Rouillard, to Assistant Naval Attache Air, American Embassy, Moscow.

Leonard J. Schneeberger, MC(S), NR, to Naval Hospital, Great Lakes.

John W. Steele, (Ret.), to Naval Operations.

Charles M. Thomas USC&GS, to Naval Operations.

Michael Toal, DM, NR, to Separation.

Donald T. Wilber, to Staff, Commander Training Command, Pacific.

**5 November 1945**
**Admirals**

Charles P. Mason, RAMR., to relieved active duty.

**Captains**

Robert W. Babione, MC, to Naval Hospital, San Diego.

Lowe H. Bibby to Navy Dept., pending assignment.

Enoch G. Brian, (Ret.), MC, to relieved active duty.

George F. Chapline, (A3) D, NR, to Bureau of Aeronautics, Navy Dept.

Charles C. Comp, to Ninth Naval Dist., Great Lakes.

Winchell M. Craig, (MC-S), NA, to Bureau Med., Navy Dept.

Oscar H. Dodson, to Bureau Per., Navy Dept.

Edward H. Eckelmeyer, Jr., to Fleet Air, Alameda, pending assignment.

John E. Fitzgibbon, to Bur. Pers., Navy Dept., pending assignment.

Charles C. Gill, to nearest Naval Dist., pending assignment.

Paul V. Greedy, (Ret.), MC, to relieved active duty.

Clarence N. Hinkamp, to relieved active duty.

James H. Hogg, to Assistant Chief of Staff and Operations Officer.

John M. Huff (Ret.), MC, to relieved active duty.

Stanley D. Jupp, to Comdr. Chesapeake Bay Training Group, Norfolk.

Berwick B. Lanier, (DE), NR, to Commander, Transport Squadron 18.

Glenn W. Legwen, Jr., to Naval Dist., pending assignment.

ing assignment.

Leon J. Manees, to additional duty as Commander LST Group 43.

George E. Maynard, to Navy Yard, New York.

Charles L. McCarthy, MC(S), NR, to Separation.

Alphonse McMahon, MC(S), NR, to Bureau Med., Navy Dept.

Francis J. Mee, to nearest Naval Dist., pending assignment.

Percy W. Northcroft, (Ret.), to relieved active duty.

Page O. Northington, MC, NR, to Naval Air Station, Kaneohe Bay.

Alfred H. Richards, to Naval Operations, Washington.

William A. Ripley, to Duty Commander LST Brop 110.

John W. Schmidt, to Chief Staff Officer, Reserve Fleet, U. S. Atlantic Fleet, Norfolk.

John T. Smith, MC, to Naval Air Station, Atlanta.

Caldwell J. Stuart, MC, to Executive Officer, Naval Training Center, Great Lakes.

Charles D. Swain, to Port Director, Twelfth Naval Dist., San Francisco.

**Commanders**

John Q. Adams, (SC2), NR, to Naval Operations, Navy Dept.

Matthew H. Ames, (Ret.), MC, to relieved active duty.

Robert O. Beer, to nearest Naval Dist., pending assignment.

George H. Chapman, Jr., (DM), NR, to Commanding Officer, Cuttyhunk Island.

Lloyd S. Clifford, (Ret.), to relieved active duty.

Allyn Colt, Jr., to Navigation Officer, USS Wisconsin, BB 64.

Walter W. Dallitsch, DC, NR, to Naval Hospital, Great Lakes.

Jack G. Dean, SC(S), NR, to Separation.

Charles J. Delaney, DM, NR, to Commanding Officer, USS Aldebaran, AF 10.

Harold Doe, to Additional duty as Commander, LCM Group 24.

Robert N. Downes, to Commanding Officer, USS Idaho, BB 42.

Earl B. Erskine, (Ret.), MC, to relieved active duty.

Joseph H. Foley, to Bureau of Ships, Navy Dept., pending assignment.

Henry W. Goodall, to Receiving Station, Navy Yard, Washington, D. C., as Executive Officer.

Lawrence W. Gunther, S(1), NR, to Separation.

Alva Henderson, (Ret.), to relieved active duty.

John N. Horan, S(1), NR, Naval Operations, Navy Dept.

Thomas B. Hutchins, III, to Executive

Officer, General O. H. Ernst, AP, 133.

William S. Lawler, MC, NR, to Naval Hospital, Chelsea.

William Masek, (Ret.), to relieved active duty.

Edward J. Muldoon, MC, NR, to Veneer Disease Control, 3rd Naval Dis., New York.

John W. McElroy, to Office of Director of Naval History, Navy Dept.

Ralph B. Netting, S(E), NR, to Separation.

Desmond K. O'Connor, (D), NR, to Escort Division 56.

Paul E. Parker, CEC, NR, to Civil Works Engineer, Quincy.

Robert C. Peden, Commander, LST Flotilla 22, Commander, LST Group 66.

Raymond K. Pendleton, MC, NR, to Separation.

James L. Skinner, (A1), NR, to Executive Officer, Adak.

Preston S. Tambling, to Commanding Officer, San Clemente.

Donald I. Thomas, to Commanding Officer, USS Lofberg.

John C. Tyler, (Ret.), to relieved active duty.

Henry M. Weber, (Ret.), MC, to relieved active duty.

James M. Wood, to Bureau Ordnance, Navy Dept.

**6 November 1945**
**Admirals**

Charles M. Oman, R.Adm., (Ret.), (MC), to relieved active duty.

**Commodore**

Vernon F. Grant, (Ret.), to relieved active duty.

**Captains**

William A. Cockell, to Naval Air Station, Lakehurst.

Charles L. Lafargueff (DVG), NR, to Training Command West Coast, San Diego, further assignment.

Wilfred L. Painter, (CEC), NR, to Separation.

Thomas G. Peyton, to Naval Operations, Navy Dept., pending assignment.

Thomas H. Robbins, Jr., to Commander, Carrier Division 19.

Paul H. Talbot, to 12th Naval Dist., San Francisco, pending assignment.

George W. Taylor, (Ret.), (MC), to Naval Retiring Board, San Diego.

William G. Tomlinson, to Commander, Fleet Air Wing 2.

Merle Vanmetre, to Naval Operations, Navy Dept.

Frank E. Weld, (A3), NR, to Naval Operations, Navy Dept.

**Commanders**

Walter H. Albach, to Proceed home; retiring board.

Harley E. Barrow, (Ret.), to relieved active duty.

Thomas H. Carroll, SC(S), NR, to Separation.

Edgar G. Crawford, (CEC), to Public Works Officer, Shoemaker.

William J. Daley, (MC), NR, to Separation.

Lewis T. Dorgan, (MC), to U. S. Naval Forces, China.

George W. Elchmy, (SE), NR, to Naval Technical Mission to Japan.

Albert E. Fitzwilliam, to nearest Naval Dist., pending assignment.

William J. Giles, Jr., to Commanding Officer, USS Alshain, AKA 55.

Edward A. Hynes, (MCS), NR, to Naval Air Station, Quonset Point, R. I.

Desmond K. O'Connor, (D), NR, to Commander, Escort Division 56.

Robert O'Hagan, (SC), to Proceed home; Retiring Board.

Benjamin W. Strickland, (D), NR, to nearest Naval Dist., temporary duty, connection separation.

Ferris W. Thompson, (MC), VG, NR, Separation.

Bernard L. Toothaker, (MC), NR, to District V. D. Control Officer, Boston.

Kenneth E. Wright, to Navigator, USS Belleau Wood, CVL 24.

**Army Orders**
*(Continued from page 373)*

Capt. J. M. Stevens, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Lawson GH, Atlanta, Ga.

Lt. Col. T. L. Hartridge, Cp Plauche, La., to ASF Tng C, Cp Crowder, Mo.

Capt. G. B. Burch, Cp Sibert, Ala., to 4th Sv C, Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga.

Capt. H. Shurman, Ft. Dix, N. J., to Sep C, Cp Edwards, Mass.

Maj. J. A. Lundy, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 1st Sv C, Boston, Mass.

Capt. F. G. Jarman, Jr., Wash., D. C., to McGuire GH, Richmond, Va.

Maj. G. D. C. Thompson, Monterey, Calif., Hq 9th Sv C, Ft. Douglas, Utah.

Maj. A. L. Chandler, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 7th Sv C, Omaha, Neb.

Maj. E. A. Headlett, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 5th Sv C, Ft. Hayes, O.

Capt. I. Rossman, Ft. Dix, N. J., to Hq 2nd Sv C, Governors Is., N. Y.

Col. R. T. Gants, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Fitzsimons GH, Denver, Colo.

Capt. P. A. Kirschner, Ft. Bragg, N. C., to VAF, Bronx, N. Y.

Capt. E. W. Masters, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Red Sta, Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga.

Maj. P. C. Gibson, Monterey, Calif., to Hq 9th Sv C, Ft. Douglas, Utah.

Maj. W. C. McCoy, Monterey, Calif., to Hq 4th Sv C, Atlanta, Ga.

1st Lt. R. E. Barto, Jr., Ft. Dix, N. J., to Newton D. Baker GH, Martinsburg, W. Va.

Capt. T. A. Tenaglia, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 6th Sv C, Chicago, Ill.

Capt. R. B. Anderson, Cp Sibert, Ala., to RSH, Ft. McClellan, Ala.

Capt. H. C. Wright, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 2nd Sv C, Governors Is., N. Y.

Maj. V. A. Davidson, New Orleans, La., to Ded Sta, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.

Capt. R. W. Buckley, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 1st Sv C, Boston, Mass.

Capt. L. A. Sindberg, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 2nd Sv C, Governors Is., N. Y.

Capt. F. W. Gillig, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 6th Sv C, Chicago, Ill.

Lt. Col. A. J. Carbonell, Ft. Dix, N. J., to Cushing GH, Framingham, Mass.

Capt. J. C. Strong, Reno, Nev., to Crile GH, Cleveland, O.

Capt. R. H. Taft, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 2nd Sv C, Governors Is., N. Y.

1st Lt. R. C. Wigginton, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 5th Sv C, Ft. Hayes, O.

Capt. J. P. Moss, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 4th Sv C, Atlanta, Ga.

Capt. I. L. Laffer, Ft. Dix, N. J., to Hq 2nd Sv C, Governors Is., N. Y.

Capt. R. H. Stahl, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 2nd Sv C, Governors Is., N. Y.

Capt. W. B. Gray, Cp Sibert, Ala., to 7th SvC, Ft. Leonard Wood, Mo.

1st Lt. J. L. Cochran Hines, III, to VAF, Danville, Ill.

Capt. L. E. Morris, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 5th Sv C, Ft. Hayes, O.

Col. C. V. Morgan, Ft. Geo. G. Meade, Md., to Crile GH, Cleveland, O.

Capt. F. N. Zariengo, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Fitzsimons GH, Denver, Colo.

1st Lt. R. B. Drooz, Carlisle Bks., Pa., to Northington GH, Tuscaloosa, Ala.

Col. J. B. Brown, Phoenixville, Pa., to SGO, Wash., D. C.

Capt. F. W. Holmes, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 7th Sv C, Omaha, Neb.

Capt. D. Frost, Monterey, Calif., to 4th Sv C, Ft. Bragg, N. C.

1st Lt. B. Ebenstein, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 5th Sv C, Ft. Hayes, O.

Capt. G. W. Del Junco, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Vint Hills Farms Sta., Warrenton, Va.

1st Lt. N. Rosenthal, Carlisle Bks., Pa., to McCloskey GH, Temple, Tex.

Capt. I. Solomon, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 3rd Sv C, Balto, Md.

Col. L. D. Heaton, Carlisle Bks., Pa., to Letterman GH, San Francisco, Calif.

Capt. F. R. Brown, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 4th Sv C, Atlanta, Ga.

Capt. A. Gotz, Ft. Dix, N. J., to Hq 2nd Sv C, Governors Is., N. Y.

Maj. F. S. Carr, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 2nd Sv C, Governors Is., N. Y.

Capt. B. Hoffman, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 2nd Sv C, Governors Is., N. Y.

Capt. V. L. Terrell, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 5th Sv C, Ft. Hayes, O.

Capt. E. L. Miller, Cp Carson, Colo., to Birmingham GH, Van Nuys, Calif.

Col. C. S. Lyter, Wash., D. C., to Madigan GH, Tacoma, Wash.

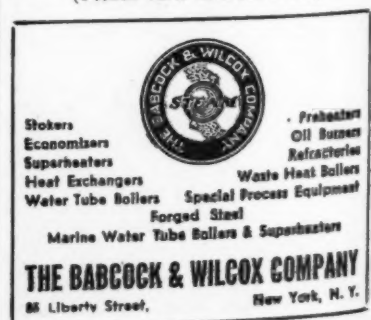
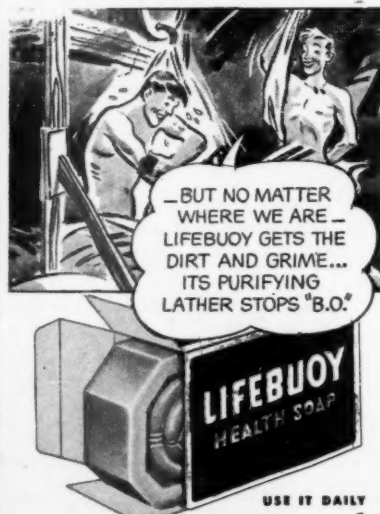
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**"With firmness in the right  
 as God gives us to see the right, let us finish  
 the work we are in, to bind up the nation's  
 wounds, to care for him who shall have borne  
 the battle, and for his widow and his orphans,  
 to do all which may achieve and cherish  
 a just and lasting peace among ourselves  
 and with all nations."**

**A. LINCOLN - 2nd Inaugural Address, 1865**

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## Army Orders

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Capt. C. R. Heberlein, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Hq Sv C, Chicago, Ill.  
 Capt. R. F. Mascola, jr., Cp Stoneman, Calif., to NYPE, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
 Maj. L. Kohn, San Francisco, Calif., to 5th Sv C, Ft. Bragg, N. C.  
 Col. P. L. Moore, Cp Sibert, Ala., Wakeman GH, Cp Atterbury, Ind.  
 Capt. J. Y. Lettvin, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 5th Sv C, Ft. Hayes, O.  
 Capt. P. L. Getzoff, Columbus, O., to Hq 5th Sv C, Ft. Hayes, O.  
 Capt. G. F. Smart, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Deshon GH, Butler, Pa.  
 Capt. J. R. Krollkowsky, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 5th Sv C, Ft. Hayes, O.  
 Lt. Col. F. R. Radcliffe, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 3rd Sv C, Balto., Md.  
 Capt. J. P. Tatum, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 4th Sv C, Atlanta, Ga.  
 Capt. R. B. Hunter, Ft. Lewis, Wash., to Hq 9th Sv C, Ft. Douglas, Utah.  
 Capt. J. E. Dotterer, Cp Sibert, Ala., to USMA, West Point, N. Y.  
 Capt. S. B. Vaneria, Charleston, S. C., to Hq 2nd Sv C, Governors Is., N. Y.  
 Capt. G. S. Maxwell, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 3rd Sv C, Balto., Md.  
 Capt. H. H. Womack, Sibert, Ala., to 7th Sv C, Crowder, Mo.  
 Capt. L. A. Absher, Sibert, Ala., to Hq 7th Sv C, Omaha, Neb.  
 Capt. D. Falk, Sibert, Ala., to Hq 9th Sv C, Ft. Douglas, Utah.  
 Lt. Col. R. A. Bowen, Sibert, Ala., to Wash., D. C.  
 Maj. Reid R. Hefner, Camp Beale, Calif., to 3rd Sv C, Butler, Pa.  
 Capt. A. R. Marks, Fort Sheridan, Ill., to Veterans' Adm., Downey, Ill.  
 1st Lt. D. W. Mintzer, Chicago, Ill., to Monterey, Calif.  
 Capt. A. K. Sutphin, Camp Sibert, Ala., to U. S. Soldiers' Home, Washington, D. C.  
 1st Lt. John A. Wilhelm, Camp Crowder, Mo., to Hq 4th Sv C, Atlanta, Ga.  
 Maj. K. W. Brimmer, Washington, D. C., to Lake City, Fla.  
 Capt. G. K. Hirst, New York, to Washington, D. C.  
 1st Lt. R. D. Cawley, Stewart, Ga., to Walter Reed, Washington, D. C.  
 Col. L. Allen, Ft. Logan, Colo., to Denver, Colo.  
 Maj. H. F. Bertram, Ft. Sam Houston, to Hq 8th Sv C, Dallas, Tex.  
 Capt. R. F. Hartwich, Camp Crowder, Mo., to Hq 6th Sv C, Chicago, Ill.  
 Lt. Col. O. P. Hampton, St. Louis, Mo., to Ft. Dix, N. J.  
 1st Lt. R. L. Anderson, Camp Sibert, Ala.,

to Hq 3rd Sv C, Baltimore, Md.  
 Capt. D. D. Williams, 9th Sv C, Tucson, Ariz., to Butler, Pa.  
 1st Lt. J. A. Ford, Carlisle Bks., Pa., to Walter Reed, Washington, D. C.  
 Maj. M. Bergen, Camp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 3rd Sv C, Baltimore, Md.  
 Capt. Henry W. Erving, Camp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 5th Sv C, Ft. Hayes, Ohio.  
 Capt. J. M. Canter, Camp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 5th Sv C, Ft. Hayes, Ohio.  
 Lt. Col. Howard E. Snyder, Winfield, Kans., to Ft. Dix, N. J.  
 Maj. Abraham Chartock, Camp Sibert, Ala., to 7th Sv C, Camp Crowder, Mo.  
 Maj. L. H. Charney, Oklahoma City, Okla., to 8th Sv C, Dallas, Tex.  
 Capt. R. E. Moline, Camp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 1st Sv C, Boston, Mass.  
 Capt. Milton K. Krougoud, Washington, D. C., to Ft. Belvoir, Va.  
 Col. W. C. Munly, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to Carlisle Bks., Pa.  
 Capt. Norman S. Wright, Vancouver Bks., Wash., to Hq 6th Sv C, Chicago, Ill.  
 Maj. K. E. Hudson, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to Washington, D. C.  
 1st Lt. W. J. Kirstuk, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind., to Hq 6th Sv C, Chicago, Ill.  
 1st Lt. Ganes L. Cooke, Wilmington, Calif., to Hq 4th Sv C, Atlanta, Ga.  
 Capt. A. F. Henderson, Camp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 6th Sv C, Chicago, Ill.  
 Capt. R. A. Martin, Camp Sibert, Ala., to USMA, West Point, N. Y.  
 1st Lt. P. Galamaga, Carlisle Bks., Pa., to 6th Sv C, Ft. Sheridan, Ill.  
 1st Lt. Joseph A. Provenzano, Monterey, Calif., to 6th Sv C, Gardner GH, Chicago, Ill.  
 Maj. Raymond Maret, Ft. George Meade, Md., to Washington, D. C.  
 Capt. C. J. Lambertson, Ft. Dix, N. J., to 2nd Sv C, Atlantic City, N. J.  
 1st Lt. M. Scheetman, Camp Crowder, Mo., to Hq 6th Sv C, Chicago, Ill.

### DENTAL CORPS

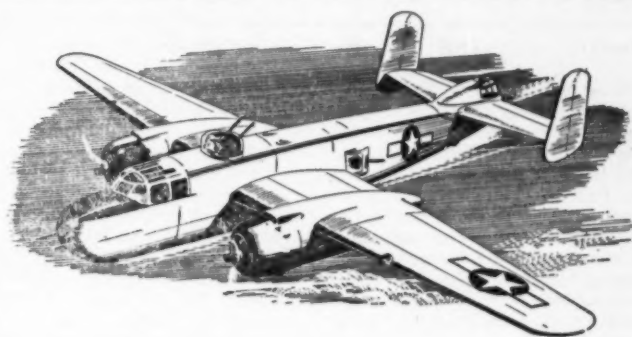
Capt. J. B. Johnson, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 2 Sv C, Governors Is., N. Y.  
 Capt. G. M. DeYoung, Santa Barbara, Calif., to Dent. Cl., Cp Campbell, Ky.  
 Lt. Col. J. E. Finnegan, Cp Crowder, Mo., to Hq 6th Sv C, Chicago, Ill.  
 Capt. W. R. Mingo, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Nichols GH, Louisville, Ky.  
 Capt. W. W. Westmoreland, New York, N. Y., to VAF, Lyons, N. J.  
 Capt. J. Alloy, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 2 Sv C, Governors Is., N. Y.  
 Capt. J. R. Carr, Cp Claiborne, La., to AMC, Washington, D. C.  
 Maj. C. A. Jackson, Chico AA Fld, Calif., to AMC, Washington, D. C.

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## Army and Navy Journal

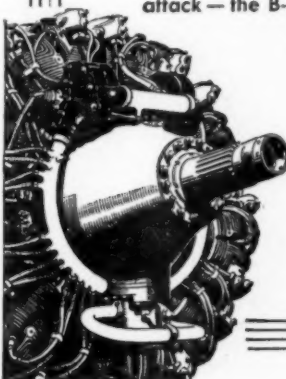
November 10, 1945

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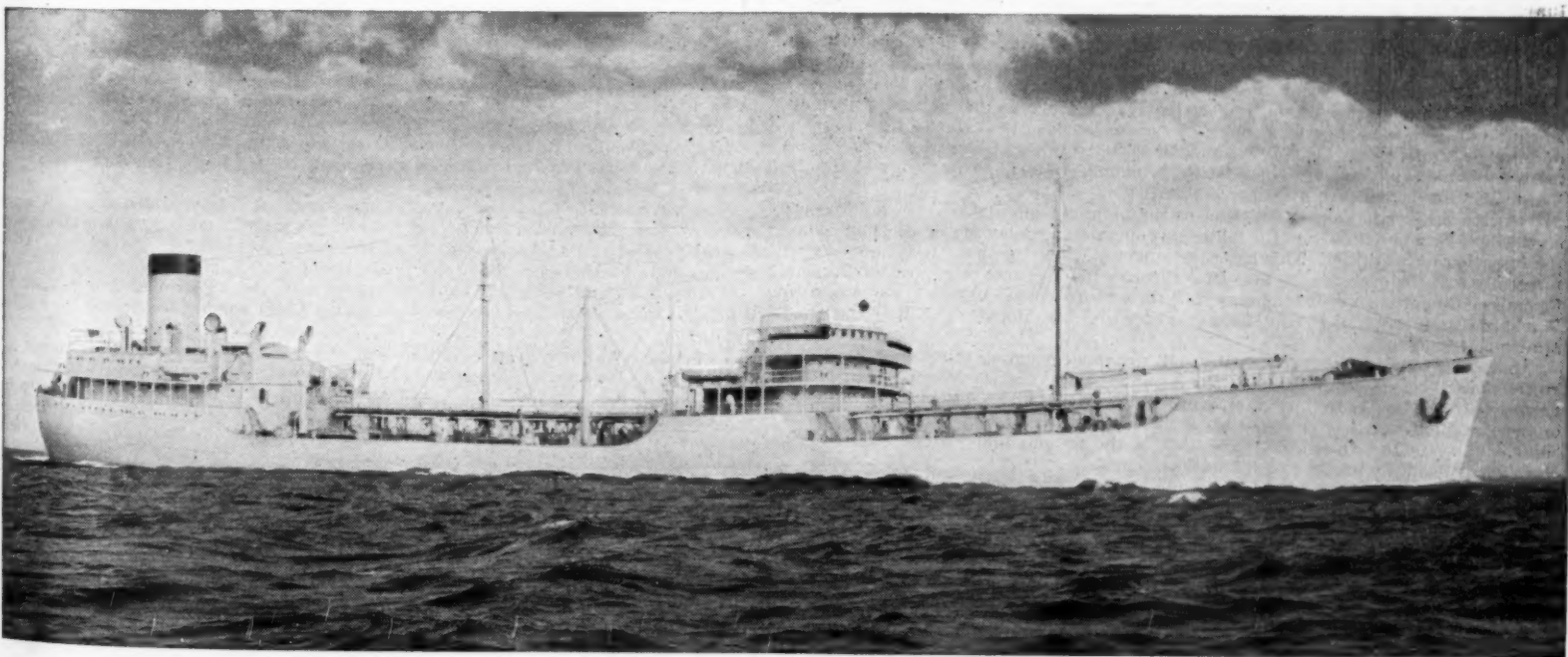


### The North American B-25 Mitchell with WRIGHT CYCLONE 14's

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 CHESTER, PA.

## SERVICE NEWS AND GOSSIP

**► FOREIGN AFFAIRS.** The plan for early withdrawal of our Marines from North China is the result of a political decision that fits into the general framework of the effort being made on many fronts to encourage an accommodation with Russia. It does not represent the views of Lieutenant General Wedemeyer but rather those of the State Department.

The decision to send the Marines in the first place to North China was taken on the military level without regard to political considerations. However, with the so-called Chinese Communists agitating against our presence in the area it became a political question. While we do not propose to become involved in the Chinese civil war, even as we seek to avoid entanglement in the revolt of the Indonesians far to the South, at the same time our withdrawal may please Russia. The control of Manchuria by that nation naturally increases Soviet influence over North China, and our action with respect to the Marines, therefore may induce Moscow to be less exacting in its demands regarding the control of Japan. In any case, American sentiment is strongly opposed to the retention of large bodies of our men in areas which are a scene of civil strife.

However, our assistance to the Chungking government will continue through our training of Nationalist divisions and gifts of military equipment, food and other essentials. This, it is believed, will make less difficult our abandonment of the original plan to assist General Chiang Kai-shek in disarming Japanese troops in the North.

The decision to withdraw the Marines must be regarded as of a piece with our proposals to Turkey for the relaxation of the restrictions she imposes on the transit of the Dardanelles and other questions, which together make a pattern of conciliating Moscow. The Dardanelles proposals by offering to give Russia security in the Black Sea are designed to encourage her to drop her demands for bases on the Straits, a project which if persisted in will complicate greatly the European political picture.

Yet it cannot be said that in the past week foreign relations have improved. The speech of Foreign Commissar Molotov, made during the mysterious absence of Generalissimo Stalin in which he denounced the so-called western bloc and warned sharply against the use of the atomic bomb as an instrument of national policy, did not improve matters. This was evident from the reaction of Mr. Churchill and British foreign secretary Bevin, who insisted upon our keeping the secret of the atomic bomb, delivered a long over-due rebuke to scientists who have presumed to speak with authority in the field of foreign relations, and showed uneasiness over the security of Britain's life line, particularly in the light of Russia's demands for a trusteeship over Tripolitania.

To Russia we have been making concessions with regard to the Far Eastern Advisory Commission, but we have not yet satisfied her. She will agree to a control council under the presidency of General MacArthur, but now it has developed that she wants to occupy alone the island of Hokkaido and maintain a force as an exclusive entity, an arrangement that would disrupt the administration of the Supreme Allied Commander, an administration which has been exceptionally successful as testified to after personal inspection by Mr. McCloy, the Assistant Secretary of War.

Although the week has shown no improvement in relations, the Balkans have remained quiet. However, while we are not at present talking about that area, the Russians are not making any concessions thereon. There is encouragement perhaps to be derived from the national elections in Hungary which were free and fair and gave the small landholders party an impressive victory over the lefts. But Russia felt that now was not the time to make an issue there. In the meantime she is claiming under the Potsdam Agreement most of the heavy industry in Austria, such natural resources as the oil in the ground, and the two biggest banks in the country, the Credit Anstalt and Laenderbank. And as one direct consequence of the failure of the meeting of Foreign Ministers in London, communist activity in South America is becoming more direct and vigorous, as evidenced by developments incident to the revolution in Venezuela and the political overturn in Brazil.

On the other hand, our possession of the atomic bomb and our power to grant or withhold large credits from the Allies has operated to delay major decisions since the cessation of hostilities. This has been apparent from the first. It is now coming forcefully into the open for the first time through the vigorous references of Foreign Commissar Molotov to atomic energy and through the mission which will begin in Washington tomorrow of Prime Minister Attlee and Mr. Mackenzie King, the Prime Minister of Canada.

It is now apparent that Mr. Attlee will urge safeguarding the atomic bomb for an indefinite period—certainly until the Security Council of the World organization has proved its value. In that position he probably will find no disagreement on the part of the President, for that has been his attitude from the first in view of his official responsibility to the American people both in the present and for the long future. His view coincides with that of his military chiefs.

Beyond the special problems of atomic energy, finance especially, the proposed loan of \$4 billions, world trade, the President in his talks with Messrs. Attlee and Mackenzie King will survey all world problems. It is expected that out of the discussions an agreement will emerge on Palestine. The question has not been solved through exchanges of communications while disorders in Palestine and riots in Egypt have not helped matters.

Publication of the terms of the original Italian armistice, which have been so often modified, is accompanied by the intimation that the instrument may again be revised in favor of Italy if a final peace treaty is not soon concluded. Publication also of the official Italian views on territorial and other questions involved in the peace-making at least serves to clarify matters.

The unanimous approval by the Senate committee on foreign relations of legislation to give the American representative on the Security Council of the world organization specific authority to vote the use of American troops to enforce the peace, while reserving for Congress the final say on the international agreements to be reached fixing the number, types, facilities and location of the troops, has long been forecast. Early approval by Congress is expected.

Our official finding that no question of diplomatic recognition is involved in the political overturn in Brazil is undoubtedly as much of a relief to Washington as it is to Rio de Janeiro.

**► ARMY SERVICE FORCES.** **Quartermaster Corps**—The Office of The Quartermaster General has reorganized its Inspection Service in line with reduced procurements. Under the new setup, the number of inspection zones has been reduced from eleven to three, headquarters of which are to be located at the Philadelphia QM

Depot, the California QM Depot, and the Chicago QM Depot.

The Inspection Service, which operates under the supervision of the Director of Procurement, Office of The Quartermaster General, is charged with the inspection of clothing, textiles, and nearly all other supplies procured by the Quartermaster Corps for the Army, with the exception of Fuels and Lubricants and Subsistence. Lt. Col. Albert E. Dennis, Deputy Director of the Procurement Division, Office of The Quartermaster General for inspection, is in charge of the Inspection Service.

Col. George E. Steinmeyer has been assigned as Commanding Officer of Field Headquarters, Perishable Branch, Subsistence Division, Office of The Quartermaster General, at 222 West Adams Street, Chicago, Ill. This installation generally called Marketing Center Headquarters by the food industry is responsible for the coordination of buying, storing and distributing to using troops all perishable foodstuff used by the armed forces, at home and overseas.

Lt. Col. Paul C. Doss who was designated Chief, Meat and Meat Products Branch, Field Headquarters Marketing Center in August, 1944, has been relieved from this duty and is departing for an unannounced overseas assignment. He is being replaced by Mr. William C. Westenberg, Marketing Specialist, who has been a member of the Meat and Meat Products Branch since 1942.

**Medical Department**—1st Lt. Ruby F. Motley recently was presented with the first Marjorie Hulsizer Copher Memorial award in recognition of "exceptional achievements while serving as a dietician with the Medical Department of the Army of the United States during World War II." The presentation was made by Maniza Moore, President of the American Dietetic Association at a dinner meeting of the House of Delegates. Lieutenant Motley, who entered the service in 1935, is now on duty at McCloskey General Hospital, Texas.

**Ordnance Department**—Brig. Gen. J. L. "Plukey" Holman has returned to the United States on leave after three and a half years' service as Chief of Staff of various supply echelons in the Pacific Theater. General Holman was on General MacArthur's staff and received the Distinguished Service Medal for outstanding achievements.

Colonel Frank J. Atwood, Chief of the Rochester Ordnance District, reports that post-war Research and Development activities are being encouraged in his district by the establishment of four Ordnance Gage Laboratories in four engineering colleges in upstate New York.

Col. John Mather, Commanding Officer of the Watertown Arsenal during World War II, will retire from active service in the near future. He came to the Arsenal in 1938 as Production Manager, and was designated C.O. in November 1941, just prior to Pearl Harbor. Colonel Mather will be succeeded in command of the Watertown Arsenal by Col. William B. Hardigg, who is the present Commanding Officer of Jefferson Proving Ground, Madison, Ind.

**Signal Corps**—Maj. Edwin J. Smith, jr., has been named executive officer to Brig. Gen. Edward L. Munson, jr., Chief, Army Pictorial Service. Other recent assignments in the Office of the Chief Signal Officer include Lt. Col. Hoyt E. White to Procurement and Distribution Service, Lt. Col. G. Edwin Popkess, jr., to Army Pictorial Service, Maj. Nelson E. Hunter to Communications Engineering Branch, Maj. John R. Nickel to Military Training Branch and Capt. Clarence M. Godfrey to Redistribution and Disposal Branch.

Three Signal Corps general officers who served with distinction throughout the war in positions of major responsibility were presented with Distinguished Service Medals by Maj. Gen. H. C. Ingles, Chief Signal Officer, at recent ceremonies in the Pentagon. The officers are Maj. Gen. James A. Code, jr., Assistant Chief Signal Officer; Maj. Gen. William S. Rumbough, former Chief Signal Officer, ETO, and at present Chief, Personnel and Training Service, and Maj. Gen. Frank E. Stoner, Chief, Army Communications Service.

Col. Joseph H. Ware, until recently Executive Officer, Army Service Forces Training Center at Camp Crowder, Mo., has reverted to inactive status.

Col. Haskell H. Cleaves has recently been transferred from V Corps Headquarters to be First Army Signal Officer, at First Army Headquarters, now located at Ft. Bragg, North Carolina.

Lt. Col. Walter B. Brown, former Alternate Labor Officer, Office of the Chief Signal Officer, has been transferred to the Army-Navy Liquidation Commission and assigned overseas.

Sgt. Irving Strobing, the Signal Corps operator who beamed the last radio message from the besieged garrison on Corregidor, was the guest of honor at a recent retreat parade at Ft. Monmouth, N. J. He plans to reenlist in the Regular Army and hopes to continue his radio and radar training.

Since V-J Day the Signal Corps has settled more than 3,500 claims on terminated contracts, and a substantial number of plants have been completely cleared for civilian production.

**Chemical Warfare Service**—Brig. Gen. Alden H. Waitt has been appointed Assistant Chief, Director of Research and Development for the Chemical Warfare Service. During the war, Gen. Waitt was Assistant Chief of the CWS for Field Operations, seeing service in Europe and the Pacific. He has been associated with chemical warfare development since World War I, participating in its many phases from technical functions to ground and air application.

At a double ceremony in the presence of the personnel of the Office of the Chief, Chemical Warfare Service, General Waitt was on 5 Nov. presented with the Distinguished Service Medal and the Legion of Merit by Maj. Gen. William N. Porter, Chief of that Service.

Chaplain (Brig. Gen.) Luther D. Miller, Chief of Chaplains, left 9 Nov. for Greensburg, Pa., where he is to deliver the memorial address on Armistice Day under the auspices of the American Legion. He will also participate on The Army Hour program at 4 P.M., Sunday, 11 Nov., from KDKA, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Chaplain (Col.) Maurice W. Reynolds, Commandant, The Chaplain School, Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga., visited the Office of the Chief of Chaplains, 5 Nov.

Capt. Francis G. Morrison, formerly with the Requirements Division of the Office of the Chief of Ordnance, has taken up his duties as Fiscal Officer in the Office of the Chief of Chaplains, replacing Maj. C. L. Handley who is returning to civil life.

Chaplain (Maj.) Eben. Cobb Brink, Assistant, Technical Information Division, Office of the Chief of Chaplains, has received a call from the historic First Presbyterian Church at New Rochelle, N. Y., to become their pastor. Chaplain Brink, who is being relieved from active duty the middle of November, will assume his pastoral duties in New Rochelle, 1 Dec.

Chaplain (Capt.) Ernest E. Northen, jr., formerly serving overseas with the 67th Armored Regiment of the Second Armored Division, has been assigned to the Technical Information Division of the Office of the Chief of Chaplains, to replace Chaplain (Maj.) Eben. Cobb Brink.

Chaplain (Capt.) John R. Strevig, Officer-in-Charge, Miscellaneous Division, Office of the Chief of Chaplains, was guest speaker at a special service for armed



service personnel at Quickel's Lutheran Church, York, Pa., Sunday, 4 Nov.

Chaplain Miller, Chief of Chaplains, gave the invocation at a luncheon, 1 Nov., at Washington, D. C., held under the auspices of the World Christian Conference for Palestine. The following chaplains of the Office of the Chief of Chaplains were also present: Chaplain (Col.) Harry C. Fraser, Officer-in-Charge, Technical Information Division; Chaplain (Col.) Roy H. Parker, Officer-in-Charge, Personnel Division; Chaplain (Col.) Patrick J. Ryan, Officer-in-Charge, Planning and Training Division; Chaplain (Lt. Col.) Roy J. Honeywell, Assistant, Planning and Training Division; Chaplain (Lt. Col.) Lewis C. Beissig, Assistant, Personnel Division; Chaplain (Maj.) William M. Frost, Assistant, Ground Forces Liaison Division; Chaplain (Maj.) Eben Cobb Brink, Assistant, Technical Information Division; Chaplain (Maj.) Harold G. Easam, Assistant, Planning and Training Division; Chaplain (Maj.) Henry Tavel, Assistant, Personnel Division; Chaplain (Capt.) John R. Strevig, Officer-in-Charge, Miscellaneous Division; Chaplain (Capt.) Karl L. Darkey, Assistant, Planning and Training Division.

**ARMY GROUND FORCES.** Presentation of the Distinguished Service Medal to Brig. Gen. Loyal M. Haynes for exceptionally meritorious service as assistant chief of Staff, G-4 (Supply) of this headquarters from March, 1944, to September, 1945, was made last week by Lt. Gen. J. Lawton Collins, AGF Chief of Staff. Gen. Haynes will leave Washington in the near future for a new assignment overseas.

Gen. Haynes is succeeded in his G-4 duties by Maj. Gen. Lunsford E. Oliver, formerly commanding general of the 5th Armored "Victory" Division in France and Germany.

Col. Mason J. Young of Fort Knox, Ky., was presented the Distinguished Service Medal by Gen. Jacob L. Devers, commanding general of AGF, last week, for exceptional ability in formulating and establishing policies and procedures from the Normandy beachhead to the Elbe River as corps engineer of the VII Corps.

Award of the Legion of Merit to Col. Robert B. Skinner of the Ground Medical Section for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services from June, 1943 to October, 1945, also was made this week.

Officers assigned to this headquarters recently include Col. Thomas H. Lipscomb, CG, Ground Engineer Section; Col. Emmor G. Martin, CAC, Ground G-3 Section; Maj. Harry L. Carver, IGD, Ground G-1 Section; CWO Lester E. Montieth, USA, Ground Special Information Section and CWO Kenneth E. Roberson, USA, Ground Development Section.

**Field Artillery School**—Maj. Gen. Joso Batista Mascarenhas de Moraes, commander of the Brazilian Expeditionary Force in Italy, and a group of Brazilian officers, left Fort Sill by air last week following a visit at the Field Artillery School, for the Infantry School at Fort Benning, Ga. A framed coat of arms of the Field Artillery School was presented to Gen. Mascarenhas by Maj. Gen. Louis E. Hibbs, Commandant.

Col. Thomas L. Crystal, Jr., Maj. Vernon A. Walters, Maj. Wendell B. Stewart and Lt. Richard O. Weber were United States Army aides accompanying the Brazilian officers' group.

Col. Norman E. Poinier, a veteran of the fighting in the Pacific where he commanded the 205th Field Artillery Battalion of the 41st Infantry (Jungle) Division, this week was named Director of the Department of Material, succeeding Col. William O. Huggins, who had held the position since December, 1943. Col. Huggins was given an undisclosed assignment.

Col. Poinier had been Director of the Department of Gunnery since late August when Col. Lewis S. Griffing left that post to become Executive Officer of Field Artillery section with the First Army at Fort Bragg, N. C. Col. Griffing returned this week to the Field Artillery School to assume his former position.

Fifteen officers of the Philippine Army were assigned as students to the Field Artillery School last week. Twelve of the officers are attending the Officers' Special Basic course and the other three are students in the Officers' Motor course.

Officers attending the Officers' Special Basic course are Lt. Col. Zolio M. Perez; 1st Lts. Jacinto P. Alejandro, Benjamin M. Bayhon, Gregorio C. Katimbang, Rizalino P. Lacuna, Benjamin T. Lima and Nelson I. Regalado; 2nd Lt. Patricio C. Buyson and 3rd Lts. Antonio N. Concepcion, Felix Duenas, Timoteo Gabriel and Leonardo D. Sangalang.

Students in the Officers' Motor Course are 2nd Lt. Florencio de la Cruz and 3rd Lt. Raymundo Sena Estacion and Anacleto S. Garcia.

All the officers are veterans of combat in the Asiatic-Pacific theater of operations.

**Armored Center** — Maj. Gen. Charles L. Scott, Commanding General of the Armored Center since 1 Dec. 1943, went on terminal leave 31 Oct. after more than 40

years of distinguished service as a Regular Army Officer. The Armored Center was discontinued as of 30 Oct., though the School and Replacement Training Center continue in operation.

**The Armored School**—The Armored School observed its fifth birthday anniversary 4 Nov. in a new headquarters.

The school took over the headquarters formerly occupied by Armored Center. Personnel assigned to Armored Center was distributed among the school, the Armored Replacement Training Center and Army Ground Forces Board No. 2.

Appointment of Col. Frederick M. Thompson as Director of the Training Literature and Reproduction Department has been announced by Gen. Caffey. This is Col. Thompson's second tour of duty as a department director at the Armored School. He was head of the Tank Department from Dec. 1941, to Dec. 1942.

Officers recently assigned include the following: Lt. Col. Rudolph Barlow, 1st Lt. Robert L. Stone and 1st Lt. Franklyn S. Lambert, all of the Gunnery Department; Maj. Aley L. Smith, Maj. James M. Johnson and Capt. Arlo E. Abbott, all of the Communication Department; Maj. Robert E. Chan, Wheeled Vehicle Department; Maj. John M. Frassrand, 1st Lt. Robert M. Pistor, 1st Lt. Theodore B. Adkinson and 2nd Lt. Bernard S. Lyon, all of the Tactics Department; 2nd Lt. Sanford S. Lewis, Training Literature and Reproduction Department; 2nd Lt. Arthur G. Uresti, Officer Candidate School; Capt. Jack A. McAuley, 1st Lt. Franklin A. Roesch and 2nd Lt. Harry J. Carter, all of School Troops.

**Armored Replacement Training Center**—Brig. Gen. Sidney R. Hinds, assistant commander of the ARTC and holder of numerous decorations, recently was presented the Distinguished Service Medal by Maj. Gen. C. L. Scott, Commander of the Armored Center, for leading a combat command of the 2nd Armored Division in Germany.

Col. Bertram A. Holtzworth, recently returned from the European Theater of Operations, has been assigned Executive Officer of the Armored Replacement Training Center, succeeding Col. Gordon P. Savage, who has been retired.

**Cavalry School**—Maj. Joseph R. Jerabeck, has been relieved from assignment with School Troops, the Cavalry School, and is attached unassigned to the Separation Point Detachment for discharge.

1st Lt. Donald W. Carlson, Staff and Faculty, the Cavalry School, has been appointed Operations Officer.

Maj. John W. Callaway, has reported for duty with the Staff and Faculty and has been assigned to the Department of Tactics.

**Infantry**—The drive for enlistments in the Regular Army hit an all time high at Camp Blanding, Fla., as 400 men of the Infantry Replacement Training Center were sworn in one day. They raised to more than 3,000 the number of Regular Army recruits signed up in the IRTC in the last month, and hundreds of new applications are being received every day.

For his outstanding combat leadership as commander of the 87th (Golden Acorn) Infantry Division in its victorious smash across Belgium, Luxembourg and Germany in the closing months of the war against the Nazis, Maj. Gen. Frank L. Calin, Jr., Commanding General of the Infantry Replacement Training Center here, has been awarded the Distinguished Service Medal.

**Headquarters, III Corps**—An inspection team headed by Col. Harry C. Mewshaw and consisting of representatives of G-1 (Personnel) and G-3 (Plans and Training) Sections of Headquarters, III Corps, visited the 2nd Infantry Division at Camp Swift, Tex., last week.

Col. Charles P. West, formerly of Seventh Army Headquarters, had joined the III Corps as the Corps Ordnance Officer.

**NAVY NURSE CORPS.** Lt. Comdr. Carrie Hawkinson (NC), USN, leaves U. S. Naval Hospital, Mare Island, Calif., to report to Fleet Hospital 114 to relieve Lt. Comdr. Ruth B. Dunbar (NC), USN. Miss Dunbar will join Lt. Comdr. Nellie Jane DeWitt's Staff in the Nurse Corps office, Washington, D. C., in the near future.

Lt. Comdr. Susan J. English (NC), USN, reports from Pearl Harbor to the U. S. Naval Hospital, Seattle, Wash., as chief nurse of that station.

Lt. Olga H. Beutenmiller (NC), USN, goes to U. S. Naval Base Hospital No. 15 in the Admiralties at an early date.

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December 7, 1945

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## Army Orders

(Continued from page 379)

Capt. M. J. Cosentino, Cp Campbell, Ky., to Hq 3rd Sv C, Baltimore, Md.  
Capt. B. Roffman, Charleston, S. C., to Hq 2 Sv C, Governors Is., N. Y.  
Capt. G. D. Seifert, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 2 Sv C, Governors Is., N. Y.  
Maj. D. J. Maldonado, Ft. Dix, N. J., to 3rd Sv C, Cp Lee, Va.  
Capt. M. S. Moss, Ft. Riley, Kans., to 6th Sv C, Camp Grant, Ill.

### MEDICAL ADMINISTRATIVE CORPS

Capt. R. J. Cook, Wilder, Idaho, to U. S. Disciplinary Bks., Ft. Hancock, N. J.  
1st Lt. J. T. Crowley, San Francisco, Calif., to WDPC, Camp Beale, Calif.  
2nd Lt. M. S. Ries, Camp Crowder, Mo., to Wakeman Hosp. Center, Camp Atterbury, Ind.  
2nd Lt. C. V. Harp, Jr., San Francisco, Calif., to Wakeman Hosp. Center, Camp Atterbury, Ind.

1st Lt. S. Leifer, San Francisco, Calif., to Wakeman Hosp. Center, Camp Atterbury, Ind.  
1st Lt. S. Strumlok, San Francisco, Calif., to Wakeman Hosp. Center, Camp Atterbury, Ind.

2nd Lt. G. A. Payne, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 1 Sv C, Boston, Mass.  
1st Lt. Albert C. Delmas, Monterey, Calif., to Ft. Rosecrans, Calif.

Capt. O. K. Warner, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind., to Deshon GH, Butler, Pa.  
1st Lt. J. C. Rissler, Cb Sibert, Ala., to Camp Atterbury, Ind.

1st Lt. D. L. Hitchings, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Winter GH, Topeka, Kan.  
2nd Lt. H. E. Snedden, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Ft. Story, Va.

2nd Lt. C. M. Smith, Carlisle Bks., Pa., to Hq 3rd Sv C, Baltimore, Md.  
1st Lt. A. W. Hewitt, Presidio of Monterey, Calif., to Wakeman Hosp. Center, Camp Atterbury, Ind.

1st Lt. L. G. Miller, Ft. Dix, N. J., to Ft. Story Conv. Hosp., Ft. Story, Va.  
Capt. C. W. Watts, Cp Crowder, Mo., to Hq 7 Sv C, Omaha, Neb.

1st Lt. H. A. Papke, Presidio of Monterey, Calif., to Newton D. Baker GH, Martinsburg, W. Va.  
Capt. Wm. G. Minix, Cp Crowder, Mo., to Hq 6 Sv C, Chicago, Ill.

1st Lt. J. A. Neuding, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Cushing GH, Framingham, Mass.  
2nd Lt. C. A. Copeland, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind., to Cp Kilmer, N. Y.

2nd Lt. H. W. Pettingill, Ft. Devens, Mass., to Conv. Hosp., Ft. Story, Va.  
1st Lt. M. W. Schroeder, San Francisco, to Cp Haan, Calif.

1st Lt. C. J. Hayes, Columbus, Ohio, to Ft. Story, Va.  
1st Lt. R. E. Schmilski, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind., to Vaughan GH, Hines, Ill.

### DIETITIANS

2nd Lt. E. D. Schill, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind., to Sta. Hosp., Stelton, N. J.  
2nd Lt. P. Rowe, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to McGuire GH, Richmond, Va.

2nd Lt. M. E. Butler, Cp Sibert, Ala., to 3 Sv C, Indiantown Gp MR, Pa.  
2nd Lt. A. E. Paradise, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to McGuire GH, Richmond, Va.

2nd Lt. B. Goldberger, Ft. Dix, N. J., to Valley Forge GH, Phoenixville, Pa.  
2nd Lt. G. S. Sell, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Kennedy GH, Memphis, Tenn.

2nd Lt. C. M. Cook, Denver, Colo., to Crile GH, Cleveland, O.  
1st Lt. S. E. McMillip, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Valley Forge GH, Phoenixville, Pa.

### VETERINARY CORPS

Capt. C. J. Norden, Cp Detrick, Md., to AMC, Washington, D. C.  
Capt. G. E. Duncan, Memphis, Tenn., to QM Dep., Kansas City, Mo.

1st Lt. M. E. Becker, Brooklyn, N. Y., to AMC, Washington, D. C.  
1st Lt. J. B. Young, Washington, D. C., to QM Dep., Kansas City, Mo.

Capt. K. M. Gould, Schenectady, N. Y., to NYPE, Brooklyn, N. Y.  
1st Lt. M. K. A. Hlneman, Wash., D. C., to Rep. Pool, QM Dep., Kansas City, Mo.

### PHARMACY CORPS

Maj. G. H. Wilson, Louisville, Ky., to OC of S, Washington, D. C.  
1st Lt. D. R. Schwartz, Wash., D. C., 212 Hosp Ship Comp, Wilmington, Calif.

1st Lt. G. I. Burrus, Spokane, Wash., to Valley Forge GH, Phoenixville, Pa.  
Lt. Col. A. L. Short, Jackson, Miss., to Hq 8 Sv C, Dallas, Tex.

### CORPS OF ENGINEERS

Maj. R. H. Wilhelm, New Orleans, La., to Sep C, Indiantown Gap MR, Pa.  
Capt. F. F. Brazell, Ft. Bragg, N. C., to Engr. Sch., Ft. Belvoir, Pa.

1st Lt. C. C. Dickerson, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to NAED, New York, N. Y.  
Capt. D. A. Cowan, Washington, D. C., to CIC, Cr., Baltimore, Md.

Maj. H. C. Schrader, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to Engr. Sch., Ft. Belvoir, Va.  
Col. K. S. Anderson, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to ASF Tng Cr., Ft. Belvoir, Va.

Maj. S. Yarchin, Ft. Devens, Mass., to Engr. Sch., Ft. Belvoir, Va.  
Col. S. A. Armogida, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to O. C. of E., Washington, D. C.

Maj. S. Rubenstein, Frehold, N. C., to Engr. Sch., Ft. Belvoir, Va.  
Maj. H. G. Matthews, San Bernardino, Calif., to Ft. Lewis, Wash.

1st Lt. D. E. Hunter, Ft. Lewis, Wash., to Cp Adair, Oregon.  
1st Lt. L. C. Pettersen, Ft. Leonard Wood, Mo., to 253 Combat Bn., Cp Campbell, Ky.

### ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT

Capt. H. Ganser, Lexington, Va., to OCO, Washington, D. C.  
Maj. J. A. Ulrick, Washington, D. C., to OD Repl. Pool, Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md.

Maj. P. Gillich, Cp Gordon, Ga., to Atlanta (Ga.) Ord. Depot.  
Capt. J. N. Nahas, Stockton, Calif., to AG Pool NOPE, New Orleans.

1st Lt. M. R. Fuehrer, Versailles, Ind., to Hq 2nd Army, Memphis, Tenn.  
Capt. F. H. Terry, Detroit, Mich., to Hq 8 Sv C, Dallas, Texas.

### SIGNAL CORPS

Lt. Col. B. R. Peppersack, Newport News, Va., to Ft. Sill, Okla.  
Lt. Col. J. N. Nahas, Beaumont, Texas, to C&GS School, Ft. Leavenworth, Kans.

Capt. M. F. Kendrigan, Ft. Lewis, Wash., to ASF Tng. Center, Cp Crowder, Mo.  
Capt. E. Dubois, Palm Springs, Calif., to Sch. Mil. Govt., Charlottesville, Va.

2nd Lt. W. F. Estep, Cp Crowder, Mo., to Sig. C., Repl. Pool, Ft. Monmouth, N. J.  
Capt. K. W. Frisbie, Wash., D. C., to Hq EDC, Governors Island, N. Y.

2nd Lt. B. H. Morgan, Ft. Dix, N. J., to Camp Roberts, Calif.  
2nd Lt. J. M. McKee, Jr., Camp Cooke, Calif., to McGuire GH, Richmond, Va.

1st Lt. J. Zallen, Ft. Devens, Mass., to Cp Edwards, Mass.  
1st Lt. L. Fox, Monterey, Calif., to AGSFR, Asheville, N. C.

1st Lt. T. J. Oliver, Ft. Dix, N. J., to Gardner GH, Chicago.  
1st Lt. N. S. Meyer, Cp Crowder, Mo., to Hq 7th Sv C, Omaha, Neb.

Capt. R. G. McCall, Monterey, Calif., to Genl. Dis., U. S. Army, Wash., D. C.  
2nd Lt. R. A. Gilkey, Cp Crowder, Mo., to Ft. Riley, Kans.

1st Lt. A. L. Bennett, Monterey, Calif., to Nichols GH, Louisville, Ky.  
1st Lt. S. Sklersky, Cp Sibert, Ala., to Hq 2d Sv C, Governors Island, N. Y.

2nd Lt. W. C. Sharp, Monterey, Calif., to Cp McCain, Miss.  
Capt. B. Klein, Ft. Lewis, Wash., to Letterman GH, San Francisco.

Maj. J. H. Hock, Cp Beale, Calif., to Columbus (Ohio) ASF Depot.  
2nd Lt. David Burkitt, Jr., Monterey, Calif., to Camp Croft, S. C.

Maj. R. E. Wisenbaker, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to Cp Fannin, Texas.  
1st Lt. S. G. Wilson, Denver, Colo., to Med. Lab., Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind.

1st Lt. E. L. Bramhall, Denver, Colo., to LAPE, Wilmington, Calif.  
FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Capt. M. A. Kordecki, Carlisle Bks., Pa., to AMC, Wash., D. C.  
Maj. L. M. Lyons, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind., to Hq 1st Sv C, Boston, Mass.

1st Lt. R. E. Mason, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind., to Ord. Dep., Tooele, Utah.  
Maj. J. H. Mathias, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind., to OFD, Wash., D. C.

Capt. W. B. Cooley, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind., to Hq 5th Sv C, Ft. Hayes, O.  
Capt. L. H. Malley, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind., to SFPE, Cp J. T. Knight, Calif.

1st Lt. E. S. Courter, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind., to 8th Sv C, Ft. Sill, Okla.  
Maj. S. R. Tolbert, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind., to 9th Sv C, Santa Barbara, Calif.

Maj. A. E. Blumberg, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind., to 4th Sv C, Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga.  
1st Lt. E. B. Malloy, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind., to SFPE, Cp J. T. Knight, Calif.

Capt. C. C. Hollstein, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind., to Sp. Sec. Accts., New York.  
Capt. J. D. Rang, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind., to 9th Sv C, Cp Stoneman, Calif.

2nd Lt. H. G. Berkshire, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind., to Hq 5th Sv C, Ft. Hayes, O.  
1st Lt. D. E. Conder, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind., to Hq 9th Sv C, Ft. Douglas, Utah.

2nd Lt. T. A. Upchurch, Wash., D. C., to Cent. Fid. Office, St. Louis.  
Capt. T. W. Bingham, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind., to Hq 5th Sv C, Ft. Hayes, O.

Capt. J. L. Crawley, Wash., D. C., to Br. OFD, St. Louis.  
Capt. F. L. Crews, Wash., D. C., to Br. OFD, St. Louis.

1st Lt. T. C. Kenefick, Cambridge, O., to Hq 1st Sv C, Boston.  
Capt. L. M. Chaney, Wash., D. C., to Br. OFD, St. Louis.

Capt. E. R. Finot, Wash., D. C., to Br. OFD, St. Louis.  
1st Lt. F. S. Dworak, San Fran., Calif., to OFD, Wash., D. C.

Col. J. W. Dansby, Wash., D. C., to Br. OFD, St. Louis.  
1st Lt. A. J. Meidt, Jr., Wash., D. C., to Br. OFD, St. Louis.

Maj. A. A. Stiefel, Wash., D. C., to Br. OFD, St. Louis.  
Maj. L. L. Blackey, Cp Plauche, La., to 1st Sv C, Ft. Devens, Mass.

2nd Lt. C. J. Cowen, Ft. Bragg, N. C., to 1st Sv C, Boston.  
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# Army Orders

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Maj. C. L. Young, Dallas, Tex., to Hq 8th Sv C, Dallas, Tex.

## CHAPLAINS

1st Lt. W. B. Prunett, Newport News, Va., to Hq 6th Sv C, Chicago, Ill.

Capt. J. F. Hogan, Newport News, Va., to Hq 3d Sv C, Balto., Md.

Maj. E. J. Mattison, New Orleans, La., to Hq 3d Sv C, Balto., Md.

1st Lt. S. C. McKenzie, Newport News, Va., to Hq 6th Sv C, Chicago, Ill.

1st Lt. S. E. Kenny, Newport News, Va., to Hq 3d Sv C, Balto., Md.

1st Lt. M. O. Dunlap, Brooklyn, N. Y., to Hq 3d Sv C, Balto., Md.

1st Lt. G. J. Taylor, Newport News, Va., to Hq 3d Sv C, Balto., Md.

Capt. R. M. Varner, Brooklyn, N. Y., to Hq 4th Sv C, Atlanta, Ga.

Capt. H. R. McCormick, Brooklyn, N. Y., to Hq 5th Sv C, Ft. Hayes, O.

Maj. R. O. Meier, Brooklyn, N. Y., to Hq 2d Sv C, Governors Island, N. Y.

Lt. Col. E. R. Cochran, Brooklyn, N. Y., to Hq 4th Sv C, Atlanta, Ga.

Capt. D. N. Naylor, Ft. Mason, Calif., to Hq 4th Sv C, Atlanta, Ga.

Col. P. J. Maddox, Wash., D. C., to LAPE, Wilmington, Calif.

Lt. Col. A. L. McKnight, Wash., D. C., to Hq First Army, Ft. Bragg, N. C.

Maj. H. R. Weedon, Cp Wheeler, Ga., to Hq 3d Sv C, Balto., Md.

Capt. J. R. Dungee, Ft. Jackson, S. C., to Hq 4th Sv C, Atlanta, Ga.

Capt. F. N. D. Reynolds, Cp Beale, Calif., to Hq 9th Sv C, Ft. Douglas, Utah.

Col. J. O. Ensrud, Wash., D. C., to 8th Sv C, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.

## CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE

Maj. C. W. Scovel, Cp Atterbury, Ind., to Plan. Div ASF, Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. R. P. Peterson, Ft. Jackson, S. C., to Repl. Pool, Edgewood Ars., Md.

1st Lt. V. Sprague, Cp Detrick, Md., to 8th Sv C, MD Repl. Pool, Carlisle Bks., Pa.

Capt. C. B. Stein, New York, N. Y., to OFD, Wash., D. C.

2nd Lt. J. A. Kellett, Ft. Jackson, S. C., to Repl. Pool, Edgewood Ars., Md.

Lt. Col. L. C. Miller, Wright Fld., O., to MI Sv, Wash., D. C.

Col. M. E. Jennings, Governors Island, N. Y., to CWC, Edgewood Ars., Md.

1st Lt. A. C. Wright, Ft. Jackson, S. C., to Rep. Pool, Edgewood Ars., Md.

1st Lt. A. L. Cooper, Brooklyn, N. Y., to Sep C, Indiantown Gap, MR, Pa.

2nd Lt. R. S. Winniford, Wash., D. C., to Rep. Pool, Edgewood Ars., Md.

Maj. A. L. Grill, Brooklyn, N. Y., to Sep C, Indiantown Gap, MR, Pa.

1st Lt. R. A. Garman, Cp Detrick, Md., to Darnell GH, Danville, Ky.

1st Lt. W. H. Cable, Cp Edwards, Mass., to Rep. Pool, Edgewood Ars., Md.

1st Lt. E. Paul, Ft. Jackson, S. C., to Rep. Pool, Edgewood Ars., Md.

1st Lt. W. M. Jackson, Denver, Colo., to Rep. Pool, Edgewood Ars., Md.

## TRANSPORTATION CORPS

Capt. J. E. Dittmeier, Montgomery, Ala., to TC Depot, Marietta, Pa.

Capt. H. L. Williams, Wash., D. C., to NYPE, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Maj. L. S. Wiscomb, Wash., D. C., to NYPE, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Capt. W. A. Starkey, New York, N. Y., to OCT, Wash., D. C.

Maj. L. D. Fitzsimmons, New York, N. Y., to OCT, Wash., D. C.

Maj. J. P. Breen, New York, N. Y., to OCT, Wash., D. C.

Maj. K. F. Nelson, Wash., D. C., to NYPE, Brooklyn, N. Y.

1st Lt. D. Buck, New York, N. Y., to OCT, I&S Div., Balto., Md.

1st Lt. C. A. Paul, Salt Lake City, Utah, to TC Bd., Ft. Monroe, Va.

Capt. D. R. Demott, Wash., D. C., to NYPE, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Capt. R. D. Walsh, New York, N. Y., to OCT, Wash., D. C.

2nd Lt. I. N. Espo, Balto., Md., to JAG Repl. Pool, Governors Island, N. Y.

Capt. V. H. Beckman, New York City, to NYPE, Brooklyn, N. Y.

2nd Lt. R. C. Hunter, Wash., D. C., to 9th Sv C, San Francisco, Calif.

1st Lt. S. B. Coffey, St. Louis, Mo., to SEPE, Seattle, Wash.

Capt. A. Koenig, Brooklyn, N. Y., to Wash- ington, D. C.

## CORPS OF MILITARY POLICE

1st Lt. W. G. Worden, Cp Gordon, Ga., to SMG, Charlottesville, Va.

Lt. Col. D. L. Marsh, Brooklyn, N. Y., to 2 Sv C WDPC, Ft. Monmouth, N. J.

1st Lt. J. W. Nichols, New York, N. Y., to PMGO, Wash., D. C.

1st Lt. W. G. Stout, Battle Creek, Mich., to Red. Sta., Ashville, N. C.

Capt. G. I. Leavitt, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to SMG, Charlottesville, Va.

1st Lt. C. J. Baj, Ft. McDowell, Calif., to SFPE, Ft. Mason, Calif.

1st Lt. C. F. Goslee, Ft. Devens, Mass., to Sch Mil Govt, Charlottesville, Va.

Maj. J. P. Howard, Charlottesville, Va., to Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.

Lt. Col. Lloyd S. Smith, Washington, D. C., to Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.

1st Lt. Bomar G. Sprauer, Ft. Devens, Mass., to Sch Mil Govt, Charlottesville, Va.

2nd Lt. Herbert W. Newman, Ft. McDowell, Calif.

2nd Lt. H. W. Newman, Ft. McDowell, Calif., to Ft. Sam Houston, Texas.

1st Lt. Jack L. Baughman, Ft. McDowell, Calif., to Ft. Mason, Calif.

## CAVALRY

Maj. Z. T. Wimberley, Ft. Riley, Kans., to Hq Armd Cr, Ft. Knox, Ky.

Lt. Col. Roland E. Murphy, Charlottesville, Va., to CAHSA, Monterey, Calif.

Capt. C. L. Woodgate, Washington, D. C., to Alexandria, Va.

Lt. Col. R. C. Erlenbusch, Columbus, Ohio, to C & GS Sch., Ft. Leavenworth, Kans.

## FIELD ARTILLERY

Capt. H. H. Knight, Wash., D. C., to Rep Pool, Ft. Sill, Okla.

(Please turn to Next Page)

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Building Contractor	Radio Servicing
Carpentry & Millwork	Reading Shop Blueprints
Civil Engineering	Refrigeration
Civil Service	Salesmanship
Commercial Art	Sanitary Engineering
Concrete Construction	Sheet Metal Drafting
Diesel Engines	Ship Drafting
Drafting	Shorthand
Electrical Engineering	Sign and Show-Card Lettering
Electric Welding	Spanish
Foremanship	Stationary Fireman
Foundrymen's	Surveying & Mapping
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**Army Orders**
*(Continued from Preceding Page)*

Col. G. A. Bonnett, Ft. Logan, Colo., to RFO, Denver, Colo.  
 1st Lt. W. L. Stewart, Cp Shelby, Miss., to 2 Sv C, Ft. Dix, N. J.  
 1st Lt. J. A. Kanon, Ft. Bragg, N. C., to JAG Rep Pool, Balto., Md.  
 Capt. R. E. Schultheis, Cp Campbell, Ky., to WDPC, Cp Grant, Ill.  
 1st Lt. F. W. Touhy, Ft. Bragg, N. C., to WDPC, Ft. Monmouth, N. J.  
 1st S. B. Phillips, Wash., D. C., to Rep Pool, Ft. Sill, Okla.  
 Col. J. Hinton, Wash., D. C., to U of M, Columbus, Mo.  
 Col. O. Ellis, Ft. Jackson, S. C., to 2 Sv C, Ft. Dix, N. J.  
 Col. Daniel B. Lloyd, Will Rogers Fld., Okla., to AAF Pers. Distribution Center, Louisville, Ky.  
 Lt. Col. F. B. Mills, Washington, D. C., to FARTC, Ft. Sill, Okla.  
 1st Lt. K. W. Cross, Ft. McPherson, Ga., to AG Pool, NOPE, New Orleans.  
 Capt. J. T. Alstrom, Washington, D. C., to FA Repl. Pool FARTC, Ft. Sill, Okla.  
 Lt. Col. G. L. Hecker, Ft. Bragg, N. C., to Hq 3 Sv C, Baltimore.  
 Capt. R. Martin, Ft. Sill, Okla., to US Disciplinary Bks., Ft. Hancock, N. J.  
 Lt. Col. J. F. Day, Ft. Sill, Okla., to Hq 8 Sv C, Dallas, Texas.  
 Capt. J. B. Ruby, Miami Beach, Fla., to FA Repl. Pool, Ft. Bragg, N. C.

**INFANTRY**

2nd Lt. H. H. Miller, Wash., D. C., to Inf. RTC, Ft. McClellan, Ala.  
 1st Lt. J. E. Byron, Cp Plaque, La., to SMG, Charlottesville, Va.  
 Capt. J. H. Scanlon, Ft. McClellan, Ala., to O Dir F and O, Wash., D. C.  
 Maj. L. Blass, jr., Phoenixville, Pa., to SMG, Charlottesville, Va.  
 1st Lt. J. W. Washington, Wash., D. C., to Hq 9 Sv C, Ft. Douglas, Utah.  
 1st Lt. D. Sanders, Wash., D. C., to RTC, Ft. McClellan, Ala.  
 2nd Lt. H. C. Sheridan, Cp Shelby, Miss., to Hq 9 Sv C, Ft. Douglas, Utah.  
 1st Lt. J. M. Spinger, Wash., D. C., to RTC, Ft. McClellan, Ala.  
 1st Lt. H. R. Watson, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to AAF RS, San Antonio, Tex.  
 Capt. G. H. Cushman, jr., Cp McClellan, Ala., to 6 Sv C, Ft. Sheridan, Ill.  
 Maj. M. O. Whitman, Cp Roberts, Calif., to 9 Sv C, Ft. Ord, Calif.  
 Maj. A. E. Harmon, Ft. Logan, Colo., to

9 Sv C, Ft. Stevens, Ore.  
 Maj. A. D. Blair, Cp Croft, S. C., to 2 Sv C, Newark, N. J.  
 Capt. R. A. Snow, Cp Pickett, Va., to C&GS, Ft. Leavenworth, Kans.  
 1st Lt. C. E. Smith, Battle Creek, Mich., to RTC, Ft. McClellan, Ala.  
 2nd Lt. N. A. Riley, Chicago, Ill., to JAGO, Wash., D. C.  
 Lt. Col. W. R. Irish, Charlottesville, Va., to Hq 2 Sv C, Governors Is., N. Y.  
 Capt. F. A. Hatfield, Wash., D. C., to RTC, Ft. McClellan, Ala.  
 Lt. Col. P. J. Ritchie, Ft. Knox, Ky., to 6 Sv C, Cp Grant, Ill.  
 Lt. Col. A. C. Miller, Cp Beale, Calif., to MI Sv, Wash., D. C.  
 Maj. J. T. DeVoss, Columbus, O., to MI Sv, Wash., D. C.  
 Capt. J. Daniels, Wash., D. C., to RTC, Ft. McClellan, Ala.  
 1st Lt. G. G. Pettygrove, Jr., Maxton, N. C., to RTC, Cp McClellan, Ala.  
 Maj. L. T. Bass, San Francisco, Calif., to Armd. Sch., Ft. Knox, Ky.  
 Col. R. W. Stephens, Ft. Jackson, S. C., to 2nd Sv C, Ft. Dix, N. J.  
 Capt. R. E. Randall, Cp Beale, Calif., to 9th Sv C, Ft. MacArthur, Calif.  
 Capt. J. A. Dillon, Cp Cooke, Calif., to SMG, Charlottesville, Va.  
 Lt. Col. R. A. Gaw, Cp Wheeler, Ga., to 2 Sv C, Ft. Monmouth, N. J.  
 2nd Lt. W. H. Roche, Wash., D. C., to RTC, Ft. McClellan, Ala.  
 Lt. Col. F. J. Jenkins, Cp Wheeler, Ga., to 2 Sv C, Ft. Monmouth, N. J.  
 2nd Lt. J. F. Rose, Wash., D. C., to RTC, Ft. McClellan, Ala.  
 1st Lt. A. E. Hughes, Wash., D. C., to RTC, Ft. McClellan, Ala.  
 1st Lt. W. K. Smith, Cp Gruber, Okla., to 8 Sv C, Dallas, Tex.  
 Col. G. L. Allen, Wash., D. C., to AGF Rep Dep., Ft. Ord, Calif.  
 Lt. Col. G. B. Holmes, Ft. Bragg, N. C., to Hq 8 Sv C, Dallas, Tex.  
 2nd Lt. C. A. Fuller, jr., Ft. McClellan, Ala., to NA SS Sys., Wash., D. C.  
 1st Lt. L. J. Kaschmitter, Ft. Ord, Calif., to 9 Sv C, Ft. Douglas, Utah.  
 Lt. Col. W. A. Riemschneider, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind., to RD Div., Wash., D. C.

**AIR CORPS**

Capt. E. B. Allen, Lexington, Va., to 3 Sv C, Cp Lee, Va.  
 2nd Lt. S. S. Riskind, Wash., D. C., to RS 6, Cp Atterbury, Ind.  
 Capt. A. G. Garfola, Lexington, Va., to USAFI, Madison, Wis.  
 Capt. R. L. Parker, Nashville, Tenn., to Hq

4 Sv C, Atlanta, Ga.  
 Maj. J. E. Green, Wash., D. C., to Hq 6 Sv C, Chicago, Ill.  
 Maj. F. J. Close, Wash., D. C., to Hq 7 Sv C, Omaha, Neb.  
 1st Lt. R. E. Cargille, Lexington, Va., to USAFI, Madison, Wis.  
 1st Lt. R. Elubow, Cp Ritchie, Md., to 139th AAF Base Unit, Shaw Fld., S. C.  
 Capt. J. I. Chickanzoff from Cp Ritchie, Md., to Greensboro, N. C.  
 2nd Lt. P. H. Davison from Camp Ritchie, Md., to Greensboro, N. C.  
 1st Lt. R. J. Neu, Camp Lee, Va., to Sp Svs Div ASF, New York City.  
 Capt. E. Rhodes from Washington, D. C., to Alexandria, Va.  
 1st Lt. T. S. Merrill from Wright Fld., Ohio to OC of S, Washington, D. C.  
 Maj. R. T. Robinson from New York City to 419th AAF Base Victorville AA Fld., Calif.  
 1st Lt. J. K. Fols, Washington, D. C., to Gravelly Pt., Va.  
 Capt. Clarence N. Weems, Wash., D. C., to Sch Mil Govt, Charlottesville, Va.  
 Col. M. I. Townner, Greensboro, N. C., to Louisville, Ky.  
 Lt. Col. H. C. Brown, Greensboro, N. C., to MI Sv, Wash., D. C.  
 Maj. B. R. Taylor, George Fld., Ill., to JAG Repl. Pool, Atlanta, Ga.

**COAST ARTILLERY CORPS**

Capt. C. A. Summers, Lexington, Va., to Deshon GH, Butler, Pa.  
 1st Lt. E. M. Mushkin, Cp Ritchie, Md., to CA Sch., Ft. Monroe, Va.  
 Maj. E. M. Murray, El Paso, Tex., to Rep. Pool, Ft. Bliss, Tex.  
 Maj. R. P. Murphy, Ft. Bliss, Tex., to USMA, West Point, N. Y.  
 Capt. J. L. Robinson, Wash., D. C., to Rep. Pool, Ft. Bliss, Tex.  
 1st Lt. T. M. Riley, Wash., D. C., to Rep. Pool, Ft. Bliss, Tex.  
 Capt. N. J. Bouffard, Wash., D. C., to Rep. Pool, Ft. Bliss, Tex.  
 Maj. H. V. Helm, San Francisco, Calif., to 9th Sv C, Cp Adair, Ore.  
 Maj. A. H. Laxton, San Francisco, Calif., to Rep. Pool, Ft. Bliss, Tex.  
 1st Lt. N. S. Carigliano, Ft. Bliss, Tex., to Hq 3 Sv C, Balto.  
 Capt. R. C. Carpenter, Wash., D. C., to Rep. Pool, Ft. Bliss, Tex.  
 1st Lt. C. F. Lorensen, Wash., D. C., to Rep. Pool, Ft. Bliss, Tex.  
 Col. S. J. Goodman, Wash., D. C., to CGSC, Ft. Leavenworth, Tex.

**MILITARY INTELLIGENCE**

2nd Lt. Lester Rosskam, Indiantown Gp

MR, Pa. to Deshon GH, Butler, Pa.  
 Capt. J. T. Stacy, Ft. Monroe, Va., to Hq 5 Sv C, Ft. Hayes, O.

**WOMEN'S ARMY CORPS**

2nd Lt. N. G. Springfield, Ft. Des Moines, Ia., to PAD, ASP, Wash., D. C.  
 1st Lt. B. A. Scheffer, Ft. Des Moines, Ia., to AGO, New York, N. Y.  
 1st Lt. K. F. Whelan, San Francisco, Calif., to AGO, Wash., D. C.  
 Capt. E. M. Stege, Chicago, Ill., to AGO, Wash., D. C.  
 1st Lt. M. D. Hilton, Butte, Mont., to AGO, Wash., D. C.  
 1st Lt. H. M. Thian, Ft. Des Moines, Ia., to AGO, New York, N. Y.  
 Maj. A. H. Shinkus, Ft. Dix, N. J., to OASW, Wash., D. C.  
 Maj. F. M. Lathrope, Ft. Des Moines, Ia., to New York City.  
 1st Lt. L. Broussard, Lexington, Va., to 9th Sv C Menlo Park, Calif.  
 Capt. Clarence N. Weems, Wash., D. C., to 5th Sv C, Cleveland, Ohio.  
 1st Lt. Margaret A. Kimpton, Arlington, Va., to Camp Beale, Calif.

**ARMY OF THE U. S.**

2nd Lt. J. M. Murphy, Cp Croft, S. C., to 1 Sv ATS, Amherst, Mass.  
 1st Lt. H. C. Thomas, Lexington, Va., to Mitchell CH, Lockett, Calif.  
 1st Lt. J. E. Sage, Cp Gordon Johnston, Fla., to AFI Sta, Cp Blanding, Fla.  
 Capt. C. S. Stevenson, Indiantown Gap MR, Pa., to Hq 5 Sv C, Ft. Hayes, O.  
 2nd Lt. J. B. Carson, Charlottesville, Va., to Hq 1 Sv C, Boston.  
 1st Lt. M. Tinsley, Brigham, Utah to Rep. Pool, Ft. Douglas, Utah.

**CHIEF WARRANT OFFICERS**

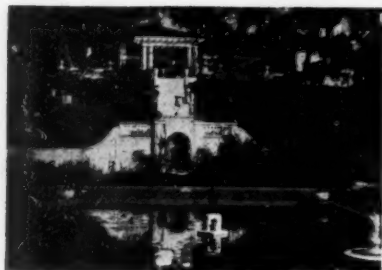
W. H. Walz, Newport News, Va., to Rhoads GH, Utica, N. Y.  
 L. E. Mullins, Aberdeen Pr Gr, Md., to Tng. C, Red River OD, Texarkana, Tex.  
 E. C. Gordon, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind., to Postal Unit, Cp J. T. Knight, Calif.  
 A. R. Cosetta, Kansas City, Mo., to CA H&S Area, Monterey, Calif.  
 L. Robinson, Cp Cooke, Calif., to CAH&S Area, Monterey, Calif.  
 F. H. Branan, Cp Lee, Va., to CAH&S Area, Monterey, Calif.  
 G. W. Schroyer, Brooklyn, N. Y., to OC of S, Wash., D. C.  
 R. B. Hopkins, Ft. Stevens, Ore., to CAH&S Area, Monterey, Calif.  
 K. W. Morton, Cp Lee, Va., to CAH&S Area, Monterey, Calif.  
 H. F. Hughes, Cp Lee, Va., to CAH&S Area, Monterey, Calif.  
 B. Rivin, Columbus, O., to CAH&S Area, Monterey, Calif.

**WARRANT OFFICERS (JUNIOR GRADE)**

C. H. Robinson, Ft. Monmouth, N. J., to Hq 2nd Sv Bn, Wash., D. C.  
 H. W. Morrell, Wash., D. C., to 3rd Sv C, Aberdeen Pr Gr., Md.  
 R. E. Logston, Temple, Tex., to Northington GH, Tuscaloosa, Ala.  
 A. Uscher, Cp Lee, Va., to CAH&S Area, Monterey, Calif.  
 V. D. Belley, Cp Upton, N. Y., to USMA, West Point.  
 R. J. Stross, Ft. Benj. Harrison, Ind., to Hq 5 Sv C, Ft. Hayes, O.  
 L. A. Higgins, retd. PD  
 V. H. Thomas, retd. PD

**RETIRED**

Lt. Col. R. W. Fuller III, GSC  
 Col. C. Thomas-Stable, CAC

*(Please turn to Next Page)*

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**Burma-Shave**

tube or jar



# Army Orders

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Col. T. Wyman, Jr. (Lt. Col.) CE, as Col.  
Col. L. F. Daniels, (Lt. Col.) (Inf.) IGD, as  
Col.  
Col. S. G. Backman (Lt. Col.) QMC, as Col.  
Col. G. T. Berkins, CAC  
Col. R. W. Riefkohl, QMC  
Col. F. T. Cruse, FA  
Col. H. E. Tomlinson, MC  
2nd Lt. J. R. Foonis, ANC  
Lt. Col. A. T. Skoog, ANC  
1st Lt. V. Allen, ANC  
2nd Lt. B. K. Edmiston  
1st Lt. K. R. Dial, ANC  
1st Lt. R. Childress, ANC  
1st Lt. R. E. Thompson, ANC  
2nd Lt. E. E. Weller, ANC  
1st Lt. G. T. Elsendorff, MDD  
1st Lt. S. F. Teepe, ANC  
2nd Lt. S. C. Lewis, ANC  
2nd Lt. M. I. Satzer, ANC  
1st Lt. D. E. Greenlees, ANC  
1st Lt. F. A. Lohfner, ANC  
1st Lt. M. M. McInerney, ANC  
1st Lt. M. M. Ownby, ANC  
1st Lt. M. L. Rasor, ANC  
1st Lt. E. P. Strickland, ANC  
1st Lt. M. E. Young, ANC  
2nd Lt. K. W. Bercof, ANC  
2nd Lt. M. E. Blanton, ANC  
2nd Lt. L. M. Cox, ANC  
2nd Lt. S. M. Strader, ANC  
2nd Lt. M. J. Downing, ANC  
2nd Lt. A. E. Fitzgerald, ANC  
2nd Lt. H. L. Tubbs, ANC  
1st Lt. V. Pacini, ANC  
1st Lt. M. W. Faulkenberry, ANC  
1st Lt. J. Wilson, ANC  
1st Lt. E. L. Mayca, ANC  
2nd Lt. M. Murphy, ANC

## RESIGNED

Capt. D. T. Newman, ANC

## CHANGE OF NAME

1st Lt. Barbara M. Beeles, ANC to Barbara  
M. McCabe.  
1st Lt. Emanuel B. Block, AC to William  
Joseph St. Clair, Jr.  
1st Lt. Joseph F. Burkowski, AUS to Joseph  
F. Burke.  
1st Lt. Rita Cohan, WAC to Rita Cohan  
Berman.  
1st Lt. Joseph S. Constantino, SC to Joseph  
S. Constantino.  
1st Lt. Dorothy Gordon, WAC to Dorothy  
Danon.  
1st Lt. Lurline Harris, ANC to Lurline  
Harris Johnson.  
1st Lt. Joseph Korbek, Inf to Joseph John  
Corby.  
1st Lt. Lee S. Lindenbaum, AC to Lee Simon  
Linden.  
1st Lt. Mary L. Lineberger, ANC to Mary

Lineberger Ziv.  
1st Lt. Ocie Marie McLean, WAC to Ocie  
M. Hergert.  
2nd Lt. Dorothea Roberta Bacchus, ANC to  
Dorothea Bacchus Voytek.  
2nd Lt. Jane C. Bernreuther, PT to Jane C.  
Scott.  
2nd Lt. Helen G. Dohrmann, WAC to Helen  
G. D. Gilbert.  
2nd Lt. Eleanor Jane Ewing, ANC to  
Eleanor Ewing Nutter.  
2nd Lt. Amila Feliciani, ANC to Amelia  
Lucy Feliciani Isley.  
2nd Lt. Fairlee Emily Rowland, WAC to  
Fairlee Rowland Smith.  
2nd Lt. Dorothy Jane Venner, ANC to  
Dorothy Jane Topping.  
PO Sherman Isaac Correa, AC to Sherman  
Chavoar.  
WO (Jg) Philip John Standart, AUS to Gary  
Bond Standart.  
Capt. Robert C. Ellitzik, MC to Robert C.  
Ellot.  
Capt. Mieczslaw M. Sarviskis, Inf to  
Mieczslaw Thomas Savickas.  
1st Lt. Ruth A. Beatty, WAC, to Ruth  
Beatty Willson.  
1st Lt. Helen B. Benson, ANC to Helen Ben-  
son Meerman.  
1st Lt. Evelyn M. Eller, ANC to Evelyn Eller  
Kellner.  
1st Lt. Seymour Flamenbaum, Inf to Sey-  
mour Flamm.  
1st Lt. Ralph Raymond Ginsberg, Inf to  
Ralph Raymond Gayner.  
1st Lt. Ruth V. King, ANC to Ruth V.  
Young.  
1st Lt. Opal L. Larson, ANC to Opal Lar-  
son Thompson.  
1st Lt. Lucille Tierney Long, WAC to  
Lucille Tierney Shannon.  
1st Lt. Mary E. Parker, ANC to Mary E.  
Wilson.  
1st Lt. Violet S. Smith, WAC to Violet Scott  
Durgin.  
2nd Lt. Ben H. Lutrzykowski, AC to Ben  
H. Lutrey.  
2nd Lt. Allie F. Martin, ANC to Allie F.  
Bury.  
2nd Lt. Nina L. Swicegood, ANC to Nina  
Swicegood McConnell.

## ENLISTED MEN RETIRED

T. Sgt. Chas. Andrulis, Sig C.  
Pvt. Albert Cullom, AAF  
Pvt. J. J. Kane, AAF  
1st Sgt. G. A. Keister, Inf.  
T. Sgt. Hugh Grove, M.D.  
M. Sgt. R. C. Blessing, T.C.  
M. Sgt. B. E. Bowen, AAF  
M. Sgt. Gartrell Bowling, CMP.  
1st Sgt. H. G. Albrecht, CAC.  
1st Sgt. J. P. Borrego, Inf.  
1st Sgt. P. J. Brancato, Inf.  
T. Sgt. H. W. Arnold, TC.

(Please turn to Page 388)

## In Sunny California\* you caught a cold

(It was very unusual weather)



Someone came  
to the rescue with  
a pack of KOOLS

If KOOLS were  
Right as Rain  
then (Even when  
you had a cold)



Everyone's crazy about  
these Delicious Ready-to-Eat Cereals

Want to know why Sparkies  
are such favorites everywhere?  
One spoonful tells the whole  
story. These crisp Puffed Wheat  
and Rice grains are just plain  
pleasant eating. And here's  
the reason Sparkies taste so  
good: They're shot from guns  
for airy lightness, extra flavor.

Of course, everybody knows  
that cereals provide a good  
source of human fuel but  
Sparkies do even more. They're  
restored with whole-grain  
amounts of Vitamin B<sub>1</sub>, niacin  
and iron.

Stock up on both kinds —  
Puffed Wheat Sparkies and  
Puffed Rice Sparkies.

**QUAKER** PUFFED WHEAT SPARKIES  
PUFFED RICE SPARKIES



Why go around  
in a fog? Why  
not smoke KOOLS  
all the time?

Don't be a drip!

Switch from  
"Hots" to  
KOOLS

*for good!*



\*If the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce reads this, we're only kidding!

**M**ARINE Barracks in Washington, will celebrate tonight, 10 Nov., the one hundred and seventieth birthday of the Marine Corps with a reception and dance in the Band Auditorium, and a program broadcast from the Barracks and the radio studio alternately, speeches and the music of the famous Marine Band to be heard at ten thirty.

The dance begins at nine thirty and the Secretary of the Navy who will be accompanied by Mrs. Forrestal will read a message from the President. The Commandant of the Corps, Gen. A. A. Vandegrift, and Mrs. Vandegrift will head the receiving line and assisting them will be the Assistant Commandant, Maj. Gen. Allen Turnage, and Mrs. Turnage, Col. Douglas Kendall and Col. Jeffrey Fields, aides to the Commandant and their wives. They will all be hosts at dinner parties preceding the dance as will also Maj. Gen. W. P. T. Hill and Mrs. Hill and Maj. Gen. Field Harris and Mrs. Harris of the Barracks personnel.

A luncheon in honor of the Officers and men of the Asiatic Fleet who recently returned to the United States after three and a half years in Japanese prisons, was given 7 Nov., at the Carlton Hotel in Washington, D. C., by Col. John Callan O'Laughlin, publisher of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL. Admiral Thomas C. Hart, USN-Ret., former Commander in Chief of the Asiatic Fleet and now Senator from Connecticut, also presided on the occasion.

Attending the luncheon and speaking in tribute to the survivors of the Asiatic Fleet were Secretary of the Navy Forrestal, and Senator David I. Walsh, of Mass., chairman of the Senate Committee on Naval Affairs.

Colonel O'Laughlin introduced each of the guests and Senator Hart called upon the following to tell their stories, representative of the others: Capt. Robert Davis, (MC), USN, formerly of the Naval Hospital at Cavite; Capt. Arthur L. Maher, USN, who was gunnery officer of the Houston, Capt. Kenneth Hoeffel, USN, and Chief Machinist Mate J. C. Ward, USN.

Survivors who were the guests of honor were: Ens. A. G. Beale, USNR, Lt. Comdr. Dalton, Capt. Robert Davis, Comdr. Thomas Donovan, Lt. Claude

## SERVICE SOCIAL NEWS

Fraleigh, Chief Boatswain Furnari, Comdr. William J. Galbraith, Capt. Kenneth Hoeffel, Lt. Comdr. H. T. Johnson, Lt. Bruce Langdon, Capt. Arthur L. Maher, Lt. G. E. Morris, Lt. Comdr. T. B. Payne, Mach. Edward A. Pernal, Coxswain Thomas J. Reardon, Lt. Alfred L. Smith (MC), Chief Boatswain R. Sperandio, Chief Mach. Mate J. C. Ward, Lt. M. H. Willis, Jr., Major Henry S. Wilson, USA, Comdr. Joseph L. Zundell (MC).

Other guests were: Rear Adm. Ezra G. Allen, Vice Admiral Charles Courtney, Major John Dillon, Comdr. Walter Karig, Rear Admiral W. R. Purnell, Admiral David F. Sellers,

Messrs. Ira Bennett, George Rothwell Brown, Ashmun Brown, Carter Field, Edward Folliard, Mark Foote, Charles S. Groves, Jay G. Hayden, Raymond Henle, Arthur Krock, Paul Leach, Gould Lincoln, William Mylander, Kirk Simpson, Albert Warner, Mark Watson, LeRoy Whitman, Lyle Wilson, Richard Wilson, Lewis Wood, James Wright.

Admiral Harold Stark who was Chief of Naval Operations in the European Theatre, returned from England late in the summer and joined Mrs. Stark at their summer place on Lake Cary, Penn. They are now at their home in Washington, D. C., and have with them the Admiral's sister and her husband, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Milligan of Wilkes-Barre, Pa., who brought with them Mrs. S. W. Rhoads, wife of Mrs. Stark's brother, who is here attending a Church conference, and is staying at the College of Preachers in the Cathedral Close.

Mrs. George C. Marshall, wife of the Chief of Staff, accompanied by her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Clifton Brown, was guest of Mme. Wei, wife of the Chinese Ambassador, at luncheon Tuesday at the Embassy. Mrs. Byrnes and Mrs. Cordell Hull, Mrs. Harlan F. Stone and Mrs. Dwight Eisenhower were among others in the company.

Col. John Potts, USMC, and Mrs. Potts who spent the summer in the Blue Ridge Mountains, have returned to town and are at their home 3126 Woody Road.

At Memorial Chapel, Army Medical Center, Washington, D. C., on 6 Nov., Frances Lee, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Ernest S. Groneweg, AAF, and granddaughter of Col. Frank Ward, USA, and Mrs. Ward was christened. Capt. O'Dowd, Chaplain Corps officiated. The baby wore the robe in which her father was christened. The God Father was Mr. Paul Gronstal of Council Bluffs, Iowa, and the God Mother was Miss Irene Gallagher of Omaha, Neb.

After the christening a small reception was held. Among the guests were Mrs. W. E. Groneweg, the paternal grand- (Please turn to Page 388)



Bachrach  
MRS. EDGAR POWELL BERRY, JR.

who before her recent marriage to Lt. Berry, (MC), USN, was Lt. (jg) Dorothy Shirley Milligan, USNR, of Brookline, Mass.

### Weddings and Engagements

**T**HE marriage of Eugenia Holland Lamar, daughter of Mrs. William Franklin Keyes and the late Charles Herbert Lamar of Baltimore, Md., and Lt. Comdr. Robert Gould Brown, USN, son of Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Daniel Brown of Oakland, Calif., was solemnized in the picturesque little gothic church, St. Marks-on-the-Hill in Pikesville, Md., on Monday evening, 22 Oct., the Rev. Mr. Hamilton officiating.

The bride, who was given in marriage by her stepfather, Mr. William F. Keyes, was lovely in her wedding gown of heavy white satin with finger tip veil, her flowers being white rose buds and gardenias. She was attended by her sister, Mrs. Donald Alan Krug of Stevenson, Md., as matron of honor. Other attendants were the bride's sister-in-law, Mrs. Donald Lamar of Port Washington, L. I., and Miss Martha King of Baltimore.

The bridegroom had Lt. John Stone, USNR, as best man. Lt. Comdr. Paul Smith, USN, a classmate of the bridegroom, and Mr. Donald Alan King, brother-in-law of the bride, served as ushers.

Following the ceremony a reception was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Keyes, 3803 Copley Road, Baltimore. Mrs. Keyes received with the bridal party. A honeymoon in the Blue Ridge mountains followed.

The bride is the sister of Mrs. John Lyman Haines, wife of Lt. Comdr. L. Haines, USNA, 1938, and of Lt. Comdr. Donald Lamar, 1942. The bridegroom, who was graduated from the Naval Academy in 1942, is the son of Mr. and Mrs.

Floyd Daniel Brown of Oakland and brother of Mrs. John Holland, wife of Lt. Holland, USNR. He has just returned from two years and a half in the Pacific and is on leave awaiting a new assignment.

The wedding ceremony of Miss Virginia Hopper, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter O. Hopper, Dayton, and Capt. George Connerat was performed in the Chapel of the Westminster Presbyterian Church on Saturday afternoon, 27 Oct., at 4:30 o'clock. Mrs. Job Darbin Turner of Detroit was matron of honor and Miss Elise Biechler of Dayton, bridesmaid. Captain Connerat was attended by his brother, R. Vincent Connerat of Atlanta, Ga., as best man and Maj. Edward T. Jones, Capt. Alvin Forney, Jr., and Lt. William Johnson, all of Wright Field, as ushers.

Mrs. Thomas Henry Giblin of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, is announcing the marriage of her daughter, Gayle, of Beverly Hills, Calif., to Lt. Col. Conrad Henry Diehl, Jr. The wedding took place at San Juan Capistrano Mission on 27 Oct.

Mrs. Diehl attended the University of Iowa. Colonel Diehl is a graduate of West Point, Class of '37.

Mrs. Samuel R. Lloyd, of Rhinebeck, N. Y., announces the marriage of her daughter, Mrs. Elizabeth L. Davenport, to Capt. Joseph F. Hennessey, AGD, AUS, at the Lady Chapel, Saint Patrick's Cathedral, New York City, on 29 Oct.

The bride is the widow of Lt. Col. John B. Davenport, Jr., CE, USA, (USMA, '35). She is a graduate of Cornell University, Class of 1933, and is a resident of Arlington, Va. Captain Hennessey is a graduate of Holy Cross College, Harvard Law School, Class of 1934, and is a member of the Massachusetts Bar. He is assigned to The Adjutant General's Office, War Department, Washington, D. C.

The marriage of Miss Harriet Elizabeth Ray and Maj. Robert Arnold Berman was solemnized Saturday, 27 Oct., at the First Presbyterian Church in Ocala, Fla., the Rev. W. Tad Jones officiating.

The bride was given in marriage by her father, Mr. W. C. Ray, and attended by her sister, Mrs. William Watson Richardson, as matron of honor.

Mr. Walter Carl Ray, Jr., attended Major Berman as best man, while groomsmen were Messrs. William Blue Ray, William W. Richardson, Henry Martin, and Sam L. Pyles.

A reception at Hotel Marion followed the ceremony after which the couple left for a honeymoon until 1 Dec. when they will reside near March Field, Calif., where Major Berman is assigned.

Mrs. Berman is the younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Ray. Her father, one of the operators of Silver Springs, is widely known in Florida naval stores and banking circles.

Mrs. Berman attended Gulf Park Junior College after graduation from Salem Academy, and later received her A.B. degree from Florida State College for Women where she was a member of the Phi Phi sorority.

Major Berman is the son of General and Mrs. Morris Berman of San Antonio, Tex. He is an alumnus of San Antonio Junior College and a graduate of the U. S. Military Academy, Class of 1942.

He recently returned from 19 months service in the China-Burma-India theater, and the Marianas Islands, where he was awarded the Presidential Unit Citation badge, the Distinguished Flying Cross, and Air Medal with two oak leaf clusters.

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## Posts and Stations

### STOUT FIELD, IND.

5 Nov. 1945

Brig. Gen. William Milton Gross, 37-year-old West Point graduate and veteran of more than three years overseas, has been assigned as Chief of Staff of the IX Troop Carrier Command at Stout Field. He commanded the famous 1st Bomb Wing of the Eighth Air Force in Europe.

Leader of the famous Schweinfurt raid on 17 Aug. 1943, Gen. Gross is a veteran of 25 bombing missions over Europe. Gen. Gross is one of the Air Forces' authorities on aerial bombardment. He helped develop many of the bombing techniques which brought about the defeat of Germany.

After three years as assistant AFTCC surgeon, Lt. Col. Dudley A. Pfaff has been appointed Surgeon for the IX Troop Carrier Command. He succeeds Col. Robert J. Benford, who left Stout Field last week for an assignment in Germany. A Medical Corps veteran of two World Wars, Col. Pfaff qualified as a flight surgeon while a member of the Indiana National Guard. He attended the School of Aviation Medicine, Randolph Field, Texas, to qualify as a Flight Surgeon, and became a rabid flying enthusiast. His son, Dudley, Jr., is now a flight engineer cadet at the Amarillo, Tex., B-29 school. Col. Pfaff is from Indianapolis.

Maj. Sidney A. Kay, CWS, returning from two years with the 50th Troop Carrier Wing in Europe, has been assigned Chemical Officer of the IX Troop Carrier Command at Stout Field. He is a native of Cottageville, W. Va., where he was principal of the local junior high school before enlisting in the AAF in 1941. Maj. Kay earned six battle stars as a chemical officer with the 50th. He led reconstruction crews on four glider missions to captured enemy airfields in the wake of General Patton.

Voluntarily delaying the discharge for which he is eligible in order to complete publication details on the historical record of his former unit, the 440th Troop Carrier Group, Maj. Young L. Watson is on temporary duty at Stout Field with the IX Troop Carrier Command. The Quincey, Fla., officer was Group S-2 when plans for the elaborate book were first laid. Maj. Watson says the publication is approaching its final stages in his office at Troop Carrier Command headquarters now.

### FORT BLISS, TEXAS

5 Nov. 1945

The Officers' Wives Club at Fort Bliss entertained with a tea in the Officers' Club house at the Post, Thursday afternoon, 1 Nov.

The affair complimented Army women and their guests with members of the International Visitors and Newcomers' Club of the Chamber of Commerce of El Paso as special guests.

Mrs. Camille Kibler is director of the Visitors' Club.

Mrs. H. D. Nichols was chairman for the tea and hostesses were Mesdames William Dickinson, Virginia Meyer Moran, Ralph R. Cardenas, Lawrence Shaw, S. G. Harnett, Fred C. Netcher, S. W. Lee, Rex Ragan and the chairman.

Mrs. Robert H. Van Volkenburgh and Mrs. Frank L. Whittaker, president of the Officers' Wives Club, presided at the tea table.

Beautiful autumn weather added the finishing note of perfection to the luncheon for which Mrs. Robert H. Van Volkenburgh, wife of the Commandant of the Antiaircraft School at Fort Bliss, and Mrs. Frank L. Whittaker, wife of the deputy Post commander of Fort Bliss, were hostesses in Colonel and Mrs. Whittaker's quarters on the Post, Wednesday, 31 Oct.

Mrs. Newton Longfellow, wife of the Commanding General of the 16th Bombing Wing Command at Biggs Field, Mrs. L. C. Frizzell, Mrs. W. D. Evans, and General and Mrs. Van Volkenburgh's daughter, Mrs. William West, presided at the table from which turkey and other delicious dishes were served.

Forty guests were present.

Maj. Gen. G. Ralph Meyer, of Fort Bliss, will conclude a series of three lectures on bird life on Monday evening, 5 Nov. The lectures, presented at the College of Mines, El Paso, under sponsorship of the El Paso Bird Study Club, have been held on consecutive Monday evenings.

## WRIGHT FIELD, OHIO

3 Nov. 1945

Dayton will long remember General Kenney Day, General George Churchill Kenney, Commander of the Far East Air Force, and the family will undoubtedly do likewise. For Dayton turned out en masse to greet one of its most popular generals returning from the war. There was a great parade with welcoming banners flung across Main street; the presentation of the key of the city by the Mayor, and the presentation of flowers to Mrs. Kenney by Service Organizations.

Public ceremonies included brief talks by Maj. Gen. Hugh J. Knerr, Commanding General of the Air Technical Service Command, and by General Kenney. Brig. Gen. J. T. Morris was Master of Ceremonies. A crowd estimated at 325,000 persons helped pay honor to the occasion. Mrs. Kenney; Mrs. "Bill" Kenney, wife of the General's only son, Lt. William R. Kenney, now on duty in the Pacific; the General's only grandchild, George Churchill Kenney II, Bill's son; and Miss Julia Kenney, the only daughter, were eager participants in the celebrations.

Col. Hollingsworth F. Gregory arrived in Dayton recently on what he blithely described as "cross-country from Okinawa." As a matter of fact, he was ordered to the States on temporary duty in the same flight that brought General Kenney home. Col. Gregory, since January 1945, has been stationed in the Marianas as Assistant Chief of Air Staff, Intelligence A-2, 7th Air Force. A principal interest upon his arrival was getting acquainted with a baby daughter born during his absence.

Maj. Gen. Lester T. Miller, Deputy Commanding General for Supply and Maintenance, plans to go to Florida in November to appear before a retirement board for reasons of physical disability.

Top and second-ranking living aces of the U. S. Army Air Forces are currently stationed with the Flight Test Division, ATSC, at Wright Field—Lt. Col. Francis S. Gabreski and Capt. Don Gentile. Both married after their return to the United States from combat: Col. Gabreski (31 enemy planes destroyed) to Catherine Cochran of Prairie du Chien, Wisconsin, "the girl who had refused all along to believe him dead," when he was declared missing; and Capt. Gentile (30 enemy planes destroyed) to his high school sweetheart, Isabella Masdea of Columbus, Ohio. To the latter couple was recently born a new ace, Dominic Salvatore Gentile, Jr., of whom his famous father is prouder than of all his decorations.

### NORFOLK, VA.

8 Nov. 1945

Lt. Comdr. Ernest J. Ingersoll entertained Thursday evening at a stag dinner party in the Williamsburg Room, Officers Club, Naval Operating Base, in honor of Lt. Comdr. Henry J. Graendale.

Comdr. and Mrs. William Boardman Decker were hosts on Sunday at an informal party given at their home on Maury Arch, Lochaven, in honor of Capt. and Mrs. Eugene M. Woodson, who left this week for Seattle, Wash., where Capt. Woodson has been ordered for duty.

Lt. and Mrs. Richard S. Hanscomb entertained Tuesday evening at a dinner party given at the Officers Club, Naval Base.

A formal dance for commissioned officers of the Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard

was greatly enjoyed Saturday evening at the Commissioned Officers Club, West Freemason street. Hostesses were members of Norfolk's younger society set.

Mr. and Mrs. Rufus Parks of "Calverton," Lynnhaven, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Diana Talbot Parks, to Capt. William Bethel Hill, Jr., USMCR, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Bethel Hill of Danville, Va. No date has been set for the wedding.

Mrs. Ellie McAlpine Jones announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Marjorie McAlpine Jones, to Lt. Ross Edward Schumann, USNR, son of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Charles Schumann of Chicago.

Miss Ann Holt Mirden, whose marriage to Ens. Charles Roth Jackie, USNR, of Cranford, N. J., will take place 24 Nov. in Portsmouth, was guest of honor this week at a buffet supper and miscellaneous shower given by Miss Ruth Beard at her home in West Park View, Portsmouth.

Miss Doris Elizabeth Nygaard, whose marriage to Lt. Walter Robert Greelee, II, AUS, will take place 18 Nov., was guest of honor Friday evening at a lovely pre-nuptial shower, given by Mrs. Enos P. Burgess, Mrs. William B. Gravatt and Mrs. Phillip G. Hoffman at the home of Mrs. Gravatt on Harrell avenue.

### LONG BEACH, CALIF.

4 Nov. 1945

Rear Adm. Robert Carney was a noted guest entertained at a dinner hosted by Sir Charles Mendi and was seated near Louis B. Mayer, film magnate.

Directors of the exclusive Jonathan Club in Los Angeles arranged a festive dinner in midweek honoring officers of the cruiser Los Angeles.

Social courtesies centering on Capt. William V. Hamilton, USN, commanding officer of the USS Astoria, and Mrs. Hamilton have been occasioned by the officer receiving the Bronze Star medal in ceremonies at the U. S. Naval Drydocks. Capt. and Mrs. Hamilton are making their home at the Villa Riviera in Long Beach.

Many guests were entertained last Sunday in conjunction with the Navy Day program by Capt. George Paine, USN, commanding officer of the Drydocks, and Mrs. Paine. Their dinner party at Allen Center climaxed inspection by their civilian guests of the USS Nevada, USS Hancock and USS Shark.

New arrivals are Capt. and Mrs. Titus Oakes. Capt. Oakes had duty the past year in the South Pacific and is now on the court-martial board at Terminal Island.

After a pleasant ten-day leave in Long Beach renewing friendships, Col. Howard Quinn, USA, and Mrs. Quinn have gone to San Francisco for his new assignment and are

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residing at 205 Font Blvd., Perkmenced, Mrs. Quinn was formerly Miss Jean Linn of Long Beach.

Capt. John M. Wright, USNR, is home on terminal leave from the Naval Hospital in Oakland. He and his wife will soon return to their Pasadena residence.

After a month's visit as house guests of Capt. and Mrs. Willis Bradley, Jr., Col. Wallace H. Brucker, USA; Mrs. Brucker and their sons, Bradley and Willis, have gone to Washington, D. C., for the colonel's new assignment after three and a-half years' overseas service.

## The Locators

(Army—Address: The Locators, P. O. Box 537, Ft. Leavenworth, Kan.)

WITH the war over and army officers' families settling down once more, requests for addresses have diminished constantly in the past few months. So The Locators feel that they have fulfilled the purpose for which they were organized—to keep migratory army families in touch with each other by supplying addresses upon request. They have set 20 December, 1945, as the date on which they will discontinue their activities.

The Locators have requests for the addresses of the following Army officers and Army officers' families. We should appreciate your sending any you know to Box 537, Fort Leavenworth, Kansas.

Brown, Mrs. Eldred G. (Norts), wife of Lt. Col., AC; Chrisman, Mrs. Carl (Betty), wife of 2nd Lt.; Conch, Mrs. Howard (Alvena); widow of Col.; Daly, Mrs. Jack (Florence), wife of Lt., formerly at Ft. Riley, '42; Dixon, Mrs. J. H.; Downs, Mrs. Charles M. (Alice), Col.; Duckwall, Col. Bertram L., MC; Hauser, Mrs. Amberson, wife of Major; Hendley, Mrs. Robert (Anne), wife of Col., FA; Horten, Mrs. Donald, wife of Lt., AAF; Johnson, Mrs. Hans C., wife of Capt.; Kemp, Mrs., wife of MC Reserve Officer, FW Japanese; Mahoney, Mrs. William J., wife of Col., Inf.; Maulsby, Mrs. W. E. (Fama), wife of Lt. Col.; Mergs, Mrs. M. C. (Betsy), widow of Lt. Col.; Nichols, Lt. James R., CE; Pierre, Mrs. George H., wife of Major, CAC; Richardson, Mrs. Jack J., (Phyllis), widow of Lt. Col.; Schelker, Mrs. Frank K., wife of Capt., AC; also family of Lt. William A. Giky, Co. D, 121st Inf., 8th Div.

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**Awards and Decorations**
**Medal of Honor**

1st Lt. Frank Burke, Inf. Although severely wounded, killed German machine gun crew and wiped out a group of ten other attacking Germans.

Sgt. Vernon McGarity, Inf. Despite painful wounds, he made possible a vital two-day delaying action stand by his unit before he finally was captured by the Germans.

\*Sgt. Ysmail R. Villegas, Inf. Attracted to himself the fire of the enemy to give the men of his company an opportunity to move into enemy foxhole positions, thus losing his life.

\*Pfc. Joe R. Hastings, Inf. Braving a storm of concentrated German fire, he killed three enemy gun crews to pave the way for an attack by two American Infantry platoons.

**Distinguished Service Medal**

Maj. Gen. A. R. Wilson, USA; Brig. Gen. R. M. Immell, USA; Maj. Gen. W. H. Kasten, USA; Brig. Gen. T. F. Farrell, Vice Adm. C. M. Cooke, Jr., USN; Brig. Gen. P. H. Tansey, USA; Brig. Gen. F. O. Bowman, USA.

**Navy Cross**

Comdr. E. T. Reich, USN, (GS for 3rd N. C.), Submarine war.

Pfc. T. J. Mayers, USMC, Iwo Jima.

**Legion of Merit**

Maj. Gen. E. F. Harding, USA; Capt. W. C. Eddy, USN-Res.; Capt. O. F. Gregor, USN; Capt. W. V. O'Regan, USN; Capt. E. L. B. Welmer, USN; Capt. L. H. Chappell, USN; Capt. E. W. Grenfell, USN (GS); Col. W. S. Murray, USA; Col. W. M. Creasy, USA; Col. R. A. Cutter, AUS; Col. W. D. Hamlin, SC; Lt. W. A. Parish, QMC; Lt. Col. R. E. Honso-wetz, USMC; Lt. Col. Louis Metzger, USMC.

**Silver Star**

Capt. J. B. Hogle, USN. Battles of Surigao Strait, Leyte Gulf, P. I.

Lt. Gen. R. L. Eichelberger, USA, (OLC). Action during Blak Island, Dutch New Guinea Op.

Capt. Frederick Boone, USN. Action against Japanese in battle of Santa Cruz.

Maj. Gen. L. E. Hibbs, USA. Offensive op.

against Siegfried Line.

Lt. Col. Fred Beans, USMC, Okinawa.  
1st Lt. S. V. Silverthorne, Okinawa.  
Pfc. C. G. Coatsy, USMC, Iwo Jima.  
Pfc. H. F. Green, USMC. Exposed himself to enemy positions and then wiped them out.

**Distinguished Flying Cross**

\*Lt. Comdr. William Tepuni, USNR, (GS). Submarine war.

Lt. A. X. Brokas, USNR. Submarine war.

Lt. C. E. Lair, Jr., USNR. Submarine war.

Lt. (jg) R. D. Worley, USNR. Submarine war.

**Air Medal**

Lt. G. C. Mabry, Jr., USNR. Submarine war.

Lt. W. S. Porter, USNR. Submarine war.

Lt. M. J. Sherbring, USNR. Submarine war.

Lt. B. C. Sissler, USNR. Submarine war.

Lt. John Sulton, Jr., USNR. Submarine war.

Lt. J. B. Watson, USNR. Submarine war.

**Bronze Star**

Comdr. L. P. Ramage, USN; CS Clerk J. L. Vestergaard, USN; Capt. R. W. Jordan, AUS;

Col. W. R. Lansford, SC; Capt. C. B. Platt, USN-Res.; Pfc. T. L. Wright, USMC.

**Navy and Marine Corps Medal**

Sgt. J. F. Wagoner, USMC. Rescuing members of crew of his landing craft when it capsized during landing operations at Okinawa.

**Letters of Commendation**

Capt. C. E. Leavitt, (SC), USN, Supply Officer of South Atlantic Force.

Maj. Davis P. Richardson, AUS. Research Officer, Field Artillery School, Fort Sill, Okla.

**Presidential Unit Citation**

USS Flasher—Heroism in action against 3rd, 4th and 5th war patrols. Com. Officer during 3d and 4th patrol was Comdr. R. T. Whitaker, USN. Com. Officer during 5th patrol was Comdr. George W. Grider, USN.

Secretary of Navy commends as follows:

Ship Salvage, Fire Fighting and Rescue Unit, Service Force, Seventh Fleet.

Patrol Bombing Squadron 28, for action in the South China-Formosa Area last Spring.

**Foreign Decorations**

French Legion of Honor, degree of Officer, has been awarded to the following:

Maj. Gen. H. R. Bull, Deputy Ch. of Staff, USFET; Maj. Gen. A. W. Kenner, Theater Chief Surgeon; Brig. Gen. R. G. Moses, Thea-

ter General Board; Brig. Gen. S. R. Michel-son, Office of Military Govt. (Germany); Brig. Gen. A. F. Kibler, Theater General Board; Brig. Gen. E. L. Silbert, G-2, USFET; Brig. Gen. T. J. Davis, Asst. Deputy C. of S., USFET; Brig. Gen. C. E. Ryan, Theater General Board.

French Legion of Honor, degree of Chevalier, to the following:

Col. H. H. Critz, Theater General Board;

Col. Lloyd R. Garrison, Theater General Bd.;

Col. A. Z. Hatch, USMG, (Germany); Col.

J. W. Keating, Theater General Bd.; Col.

E. R. Lee, Aide to Gen. Eisenhower; Col.

C. R. Landon, Theater General Bd.; Col. N. M.

Lynde, Theater General Bd.; Col. F. G. Ring-

land, Theater General Bd.; Col. T. J. Sands,

Theater General Bd.; Col. C. L. Whittle,

USFET; Lt. Col. W. E. Eckles, Theater General Bd.; Lt. Col. C. B. Rhodes, Theater General Bd.; Lt. Col. J. W. Votion, USFET; Lt.

Col. M. H. Richmond, Military Govt., 3rd Army; Maj. M. M. Spiegel, USFET; Capt. Milano Rispolle, USFET.

\*Posthumous award.

**XII Corps History**

An accurate chronological history of the work and activities of the units which made up the XII Corps during World War II is being compiled by headquarters at Heidelberg, Germany at the request of Maj. Gen. S. LeRoy Irwin, Commanding General.

Compiled by an experienced staff, it is expected the finished work will be a book of approximately 600 pages.

A committee of officers has been set up to administer the funds subscribed at \$5.00 per volume.

Reservations for the volume may be made by writing to XII Corps History Association, HQ XII Corps, A.P.O. 312, U. S. Army, c/o Postmaster, New York, N. Y.

**Society**

(Continued from Page 386)

mother, Capt. James F. Ward, Jr., of Hunters Field, Savannah, Ga., Mrs. Charles E. Kinsey, Maj. Gen. Floyd Parks, USA, and Lt. Gen. A. C. Gillem, USA.

Brig. Gen. George W. Read, recently returned from overseas, has been ordered to Ft. Knox, for station, but he and Mrs. Read will first spend a few days in Washington. They are now in California.

Mrs. T. K. Brown, wife of Brig. Gen. Brown whose husband is stationed in Rome, and who has been visiting Mrs. Frederic W. Boye, in Foxhall Rd., Washington, D. C., left for her home in Asheville, N. C., Sunday evening. Gen. Boye is en route to the States after serving in China. Col. and Mrs. Frederic B. Boye, Jr., are at Ft. Leavenworth, the former a student at the Command and General Staff School.

General and Mrs. Jacob L. Devers have visiting them at their quarters at the Army War College, Mrs. Graham, their daughter, and wife of Col. Graham, arriving last week from Ft. Bragg, and expecting to stay for the Christmas holidays.

Others planning for the Christmas Holidays are Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Henry J. Matchett, who are looking forward to having their daughter, Madeline back from two years' service with the Red Cross in Europe, the past two months in Florence, Italy.

Brig. Gen. Hume Peabody, recently retired, and Mrs. Peabody, have gone to their home, Three Point Landing, in Southern Maryland. Mrs. Peabody has been spending the Summer at Maxwell Field, Ala.

Capt. and Mrs. Josephus Daniels, Jr., entertained at a farewell party Tuesday afternoon, as they are returning to their home in Raleigh, N. C.

Mrs. Leslie McNair, Mrs. Jacob L. Devers, Mrs. Charles H. Bonesteel, Mrs. Horace McBride, and Mrs. Alexander D. Surles were army matrons recently enjoying a motor tour through Virginia, stopping at Williamsburg and Charlottesville, and being guests of the Farmington Club while at the latter place.

Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Surles have been notified that a granddaughter arrived in San Francisco, 21 Oct., to be called Virginia Lee, the infant daughter of Maj. and Mrs. William G. Surles. Mrs. Surles, Jr., was Evelyn Byers, daughter of Maj. and Mrs. Harold Byers.

**USMC Anniversary**

(Continued from First Page)

Iwo Jima; from Okinawa to complete victory.

"From the men and women of the United States Navy, as Chief of Naval Operations, I offer a congratulatory salute to the men and women of the Marine Corps. This anniversary's accomplishments will live in history—as do the deeds of the United States Marines since the beginning of the nation."

Although names which are in the news today such as Seoul, Tientsin, Shanghai, Peking, may be new to many in this generation they are old to the United States Marine Corps. In the shifting rebellions and banditry that scarred China in the days before a stable government was finally produced, Marines, though few in number, were always ready to "take steps" to protect U. S. interests. And "taking steps" frequently meant fighting.

Marines, too, were pioneers in aviation. On 22 May 1912, Marine First Lieutenant Alfred Cunningham entered the Navy's aviation camp at Annapolis, Md., to become the first Marine aviator and the fifth Naval aviator. In 1918, Marine fliers, led by Lt. (Now Maj. Gen.) R. S. Geiger, arrived in France to take part in World War I. The Leathernecks flew British and French planes while making 57 raids and dropping 52,000 pounds of bombs. Two months before the end of the war, they were given Liberty-powered DeHavillands.

Between 1927-32, Marine flyers, supporting ground troops in Nicaragua, carried out extensive experiments in aerial warfare. For the first time they tried bombing and strafing targets designated by infantrymen. Prior to the outbreak of World War II Marine aviators pioneered in other fields. They transported troops by air in Haiti, flew numerous reconnaissance flights in China, flew mercy missions with medical supplies during the hurricane in San Domingo and the earthquake in Nicaragua and began flying from aircraft carriers.

Since the outbreak of World War II, Marine aviators have been constantly on the job. With only four patched and battered Grumman Wildcats at their disposal, Marine pilots at Wake Island participated in a lop-sided 15-day battle, taking on as many as 41 planes at a time. They shot down at least six and sank an enemy cruiser and a submarine.

At the time of the Jap surrender on 15 August, Marine Aviation had expanded from a total strength of less than 15,000 at the time of the Guadalcanal invasion to more than 118,000 and four separate Air Wings. Two Marine Aircraft Groups are now in the Japanese home islands and numerous others will soon begin operating in China.

**Army Industrial College**

A six-months course in military procurement and industrial mobilization will be presented by the Army Industrial College for personnel of the War and Navy Departments starting 3 Jan. 1946.

Brig. Gen. Donald Armstrong, Commandant of the Army Industrial College, described the new course as a means of bringing the lessons of World War II to bear upon the highly specialized problems associated with the strategy of materials.

The course will be conducted in the College's classrooms in The Pentagon, Washington, D. C. Nominations of students to attend the course will be made from the agencies and units to which quotas have been assigned.

**Army Orders**

(Continued from Page 385)

S.Sgt. E. E. Allen, FA.  
S.Sgt. Martin Baccerski, QMC.  
S.Sgt. J. W. Ball, CMP.  
M.Sgt. Henry Birchard, QMC.  
T.Sgt. Feliciano Balingit, CMP.  
M.Sgt. L. F. Nolan, AAF.  
T.Sgt. L. K. Henderson, CE.  
M.Sgt. Thos. Skrobot, Sig. C.  
M.Sgt. Richard Zimmer, AAF.  
T.Sgt. L. M. Wheeler, QMC.  
T.Sgt. Dick Williams, QMC.  
S.Sgt. Geo. P. Klinger, AAF.  
S.Sgt. Otto Schanzer, CE.  
M.Sgt. J. J. Wegner, QMC.  
M.Sgt. J. A. Yarbrough, MD.  
Sgt. J. A. Furey, AAF.  
Pfc. J. L. Willard, Inf.  
Pvt. J. J. Mallow, DEML.  
M.Sgt. R. H. Hamilton, Ret'd. Rel. AD.  
1st Sgt. Dan Alton, Ret'd. Rel. AD.

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## Born

**AMEND**—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., 24 Oct. 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. Howard Amend, a daughter, Jane Lynne Amend.

**BEDEE**—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 3 Nov. 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Jeffs Bedee, CE, a daughter.

**BUCHANAN**—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 30 Oct. 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. Melvin T. Buchanan, a daughter.

**CALVET**—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 6 Nov. 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. Paul E. Calvet, SC, a son.

**CHASE**—Born at Orange (N. J.) Memorial Hospital, 31 Oct. 1945, to Lt. and Mrs. Clinton Chase, USNR, a son, Peter Clinton Chase.

**CLEMENT**—Born in New Haven Hotel, New Haven, Conn., 2 Nov. 1945, to Lt. (jg) and Mrs. Stuart H. Clement, Jr., USNR, a daughter, Anne Clement. Lt. Clement is on duty in Japan.

**CLOW**—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 3 Nov. 1945, to Lt. Col. and Mrs. James W. Clow, TC, a son.

**DAILEY**—Born in Pensacola, Fla., 14 Oct. 1945, to Lt. and Mrs. Franklin Edward Dailey, Jr., USN, a son, Franklin Edward, III.

**DUDLEY**—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 30 Oct. 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Charles R. Dudley, a son.

**DUNN**—Born at Leigh Memorial Hospital, Norfolk, Va., 26 Oct. 1945, to Lt. and Mrs. Paul Cleveland Dunn, Jr., AUS, a daughter.

**FORMAN**—Born at Georgetown University Hospital, 29 Oct. 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. Fred Paton Forman, a daughter, Patricia Calvert.

**FORTUNATO**—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 31 Oct. 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Pasquale Fortunato, CE, a daughter.

**FRENCH**—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., 25 Oct. 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. David Alexander French, Jr., a son, David Alexander French, Jr.

**GOOCH**—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., 22 Oct. 1945, to AC and Mrs. Arthur Gooch, AAF, a son, Geoffrey Guy Gooch.

**HADWICK**—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 27 Oct. 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Ray E. Hadwick, a son.

**HALL**—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., 23 Oct. 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. Charles Edward Hall, a son, Roger Wilcox Hall.

**HALLMARK**—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., 22 Oct. 1945, to T.Sgt. and Mrs. Monroe Carl Hallmark, a son, Michael Carl Hallmark.

**HENDRY**—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 6 Nov. 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. A. L. Hendry, a son.

**HERMIDA**—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., 22 Oct. 1945, to 2nd Lt. and Mrs. Hernandez Hermida, a daughter, Alicia Hermida.

**HOMYAK**—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 27 Oct. 1945, to 2nd Lt. and Mrs. Eugene A. Homyak, a daughter.

**JEFFRIES**—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 1 Nov. 1945, to Col. and Mrs. John M. Jeffries, CE, a daughter.

**KARWIEL**—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., 22 Oct. 1945, to 1st Sgt. and Mrs. Walter John Karwiel, a daughter, Janelle Karwiel.

**KAUFFMAN**—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., 22 Oct. 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. David Scott Kauffman, a daughter, Nancy Jo Kauffman.

**KEITH**—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., 24 Oct. 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. Benjamin Martin Keith, Jr., a son, Benjamin Martin Keith, III.

**LEDER**—Born at Fort Benning, Ga., 31 Oct. 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. Arthur S. Leder, DC, AUS, a son.

**LUTGENS**—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 29 Oct. 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Harry H. Lutgens, a daughter.

**MCCARTER**—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 31 Oct. 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Marvin F. McCarter, AAF, a son.

**MCCLELLAND**—Born at US Naval Operating Base Hospital, Norfolk, Va., 30 Oct. 1945, to Lt. (jg) and Mrs. A. L. McClelland, USNR, a daughter.

**MCCUTCHEAN**—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 30 Oct. 1945, to Maj. and Mrs. James D. McCutcheon, a son.

**MITCHELL**—Born at St. Luke's Hospital, Chicago, Ill., 31 Oct. 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. William A. Mitchell, AUS-Net., a son, William A. Mitchell, III, grandson of Mrs. William A. Mitchell, and the late Brig. Gen. William A. Mitchell, CE, USA, and of the late Mr. Paul Coe Correll, of Tucson, Arizona.

**MYATT**—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 5 Nov. 1945, to Maj. and Mrs. Alfred R. Myatt, Jr., AGO, a daughter.

**PITNEY**—Born at Harkness Pavilion, Columbia-Presbyterian Medical Center, New

## Births • Marriages • Deaths

(No charge for service announcements. Please notify promptly.)

York, N. Y., 30 Oct. 1945, to Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Shelton Pitney, jr., USNR, a daughter, Anita Daves Pitney.

**RICHARDS**—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., 22 Oct. 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. John Robert Richards, a son, John William Richards.

**RIGBY**—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 30 Oct. 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. Elmer C. Rigby, MC, a daughter.

**SAMPSON**—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., 24 Oct. 1945, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. George Walter Sampson, a son, James George Sampson.

**SANDOZ**—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., 25 Oct. 1945, to MSgt. and Mrs. Jesse Joseph Sandoz, sr., a son, Jesse Joseph Sandoz, jr.

**SHONK**—Born in Utica, N. Y., 29 Oct. 1945, to Lt. and Mrs. Peter M. Shonk, USNR, a daughter.

**STARK**—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 31 Oct. 1945, to Maj. and Mrs. John M. Stark, Ord., a daughter.

**TURNER**—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 5 Nov. 1945, to Lt. Col. and Mrs. W. H. Turner, Ord., a daughter.

**UHL**—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., 23 Oct. 1945, to MSgt. and Mrs. Gordon Wilhelm Uhl, a daughter, Sherrill Ann Uhl.

**WILLIAMS**—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 3 Nov. 1945, to Capt. and Mrs. Roger Williams, QMC, a son.

**WILLOUGHBY**—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 2 Nov. 1945, to Lt. Col. and Mrs. Jesse D. Willoughby, Inf., a son.

**WOOD**—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 26 Oct. 1945, to 2nd Lt. and Mrs. Harry S. Wood, a son.

**YARBROUGH**—Born at Brooke General Hospital, Fort Sam Houston, Tex., 25 Oct. 1945, to MSgt. and Mrs. Tom Bigham Yarbrough, sr., a son, Tom Bigham Yarbrough, jr.

**YEOMAN**—Born at Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., 29 Oct. 1945, to FO. and Mrs. Dean W. Yeoman, a son.

## Married

**ARMSTRONG-ROBBINS**—Married in the First Baptist Church, Westborough, Mass., 3 Nov. 1945, Lt. (jg) Helen Elizabeth Robbins, USNR, to Dr. Stewart Armstrong of Scarsborough on the Hudson, N. Y.

**ARTUSIO-ELLIS**—Married in the chapel of 316th General Hospital, Manila, P. I., 8 Oct. 1945, 1st Lt. Mary Louise Ellis, ANC, to Capt. Joseph F. Artusio, MC, AUS.

**AUSTIN-CROW**—Married recently Miss Alice Crow of Cleveland, Ohio to Maj. Jason McVay Austin, jr., USMC, son of Lt. Col. Austin, AUS of Baltimore, Md.

**BARNETT-MULLIN**—Married in Norfolk, Va., 29 Sept. 1945, 1st Lt. J. Frances Mullin, ANC, daughter of Lt. Comdr. James Francis Mullin, USNR, to Mr. Cecil K. Barnett.

**BARTLETT-DELAITRE-SEGUY**—Married 1 Nov. 1945, Miss Nicole Delaitre-Seguy to Lt. (jg) Robert Carey Bartlett, USNR.

**BATES-RAMEY**—Married in Holy Trinity Church, Paris, France, 2 October 1945, Sgt. Barbara Lee Ramey, WAC, to T.Sgt. Raymond Elliott Bates, of Washington, D. C.

**BERMAN-RAY**—Married in the First Presbyterian Church, Ocala, Fla., 27 Oct. 1945, Miss Harriet Elizabeth Ray to Maj. Robert Arnold Berman, AAF (USMA '42), son of Gen. and Mrs. Morris Berman, USA.

**BOSSART-ANDREWS**—Married in Westfield, N. J., 3 Nov. 1945, Miss Nancy C. Andrews, of Beverly Hills, Calif., to Lt. Parke N. Bossart, AAF.

**BRADT-MENDELSON**—Married in New York City, 4 Nov. 1945, Miss Anne Faith Mendelson of New York, to Lt. (jg) David M. Bradt, USNR.

**BRIDGERS-DAVIS**—Married in St. James Episcopal Church, Wilmington, Del., 3 Nov. 1945, Miss Mary Davis, to Lt. Robert Strange Bridgers, both of Wilmington.

**BRUNS-STILLMAN**—Married in the First Presbyterian Church, Flushing, N. Y., 3 Nov. 1945, Miss Gladys Evelyn Stillman to Lt. Robert Bruce Bruns, USNR.

**BYARS-WHITEHEAD**—Married in the "Wee Kirk o' the Heather," Glendale, Calif., 24 Oct. 1945, Miss Susan Katherine Whitehead to Lt. (jg) Walton McLean Byars, Jr., USNR.

**BYRNE-LAMB**—Married in St. Aloysius Church, Great Neck, Long Island, N. Y., 4 Nov. 1945, Miss Doris Ellen Lamb to Lt. Arthur George Byrne, USNR.

**CALDWELL-CLARK**—Married in Ellicott City Presbyterian Church, Ellicott City, Md., 27 Oct. 1945, Miss Betsy Chinn Clark to Lt. Philip Caldwell, USNR.

**CARROLL-IEKEL**—Married in the Blessed Sacrament Church, Chevy Chase, D. C., 24 Oct. 1945, Miss Suzanne Iekel to Lt. (jg) William A. Carroll, jr., USNR.

**COLGROVE-BRYAN**—Married in St. John's of Lattingtown, Locust Valley, N. Y., 3 Nov. 1945, Miss Ruth Bryan to Lt. Harold Gray Colgrove, USNR.

**CONNERAT-HOPPER**—Married in the chapel of the Westminster Presbyterian Church, Dayton, Ohio, 28 Oct. 1945, Miss Virginia Hopper, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Walter O. Hopper, of Dayton, to Capt. George Connerat of Dayton Field, Ohio.

**CRANDALL-KEPLER**—Married in Trinity Episcopal Church, Norfolk, Va., 20 Oct. 1945, Miss Marcia Joan Kepler to Ens. Nelson Bauer Crandall, USNR.

**DAVIS-MORRIS**—Married in the chapel of St. Bartholomew's Church, New York, N. Y., 6 Nov. 1945, Miss Margaret Josephine Morris to Capt. Albert Harding Davis, 2nd, AAF.

**DAVIS-SKELDING**—Married at the home of the bride's grandmother in Flushing, N. Y., 2 Nov. 1945, Miss Mary Elizabeth Skelding to Ens. Ralph Emerson Davis, jr., USNR.

**DEAL-MCFARLAND**—Married in the chapel of Walter Reed Hospital, Washington, D. C., 4 Nov. 1945, Ens. Ruth Florence McFarland, USNR, to Lt. George Deal (SC) USNR.

**deCASTRO-RICHARDS**—Married in the Congregational Church, Greenfield, Mass., 1 Nov. 1945, Mrs. Emily Benjamin Richards to Lt. Ramon F. A. deCastro, ATS.

**DIEHL-GIBLIN**—Married in San Juan Capistrano Mission, 27 Oct. 1945, Miss Gayle Giblin, of Beverly Hills, Calif., to Lt. Col. Henry Diehl, jr., USA (USMA '37).

**DOWNES-LANDOLT**—Married in St. Bernard's Church, White Plains, N. Y., 3 Nov. 1945, Miss Joan Marguerite Landolt of White Plains to Lt. Albert Edward Downes, AUS.

**EDGARTON-MURRAY**—Married in St. Barnabas Memorial Church, Falmouth, Mass., 3 Nov. 1945, Miss Harriet Louise Murray, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Paul Murray, USA, to Ens. Charles Frederic Edgerton, 2nd, USNR.

**ELNWECHTER-DONK**—Married in Chevy Chase Presbyterian Church, Washington, D. C., 3 Nov. 1945, Miss Virginia Donk to Lt. Comdr. William Sauter Elnwechter, USNR.

**FATT-LEE**—Married in the chapel, Fort Lewis, Wash., recently, Miss Marion Lee, of Washington, D. C., to Lt. Homer Fatt, MAC, AUS, of Detroit, Mich.

**FLINTER-MERRILL**—Married in Lampman Memorial Chapel of the Union Theological Seminary, New York, N. Y., 3 Nov. 1945, Miss Miriam Barret Merrill to Ens. David P. Flinter, USNR. The ceremony was performed by the father of the bride, the Rev. Boynton Merrill of Columbus, Ohio.

**FOOTE-IGLEHART**—Married in the chapel of Riverside Church, New York, N. Y., 3 Oct. 1945, Miss Elizabeth Stewart Iglehart to Lt. Kenneth Charles Foote, USNR.

**GILMORE-HICKS**—Married in her parents home at Pearl River, N. Y., 2 November 1945, Miss Eleanor Jean Hicks to Ens. John Harvey Gilmore, jr., USNR.

**GOW-SIMMONS**—Married in St. John's Episcopal Church, Washington, D. C., 27 Oct. 1945, Mrs. Dorothy Lebo Simmons of Washington, widow of Maj. Harold E. Simmons, to Lt. Comdr. Charles Rice Gow, jr., USNR.

**GRAY-NORTON**—Married in the Church of the Highlands, White Plains, N. Y., 2 Nov. 1945, Lt. (jg) Carol R. Norton, USNR, to Lt. Comdr. John Lindley Gray, USNR, son of Maj. Gray, AAF.

**GREEN-DUNBECK**—Married in Washington, D. C., 30 October 1945, Miss Shirley Dunbeck, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Charley Dunbeck, Alexandria, Va., to Lt. John Seymour Green, USMC.

**HAILEY-WATERS**—Married in New York Avenue Presbyterian Church, Washington, D. C., recently, Miss Mary Louise Waters to Lt. (jg) Rufus B. Hailey, USNR.

**HALL-HOLMES**—Married at the home of the bride's parents in Washington, D. C., 24 Oct. 1945, Miss Mildred Louise Holmes to Lt. Joseph Walton Hall, jr., of Ashland, Va.

**HARVEY-BAYNE**—Married in St. Paul's Church, Dedham, Mass., 27 Oct. 1945, Miss M. Patricia Bayne to Maj. Nichols P. Harvey, AAF.

**HENNESSEY-DAVENPORT**—Married in Lady Chapel, St. Patrick's Cathedral, New York City, 29 Oct. 1945, Mrs. Elizabeth Lloyd Davenport to Capt. Joseph G. Hennessey, AGD, AUS. The bride is the widow of Lt. Col. John B. Davenport, jr., CE, USA (USMA '35).

**HLAVATY-COSTELLO**—Married in Holy Name Church, New York City, 29 Sept. 1945, Miss Katherine Helen Costello to Lt. (jg) John A. Hlavaty, USNR.

**HOWARD-HARTMEYER**—Married in the chantry of St. Thomas Episcopal Church, New

York, N. Y., 3 Nov. 1945, Miss Gloria Hartmeyer of Scarsdale, N. Y., to Lt. George Henry Howard, jr., USMCR, on duty at Camp Lejeune, N. C.

**HUGHEY-CONOLLY**—Married in St. Alban's Episcopal Church, Washington, D.C., 27 Oct. 1945, Miss Ann Conolly, daughter of Rear Adm. and Mrs. Richard Lansing Conolly, USN, to Ens. George Haring Hughey, jr., USN (USMA '43), son of Mrs. George Hughey of San Marino, Calif., and the late Capt. Hughey, AUS.

**HYDE-SEWELL**—Married in the Church of the New Jerusalem, Bath, Me., 3 Nov. 1945, Miss Mary Sewell to Lt. Lewis Huntington Hyde, USNR.

**JACKSON-FOERSTER**—Married in McKendree Methodist Church, Washington, D. C., 14 Oct. 1945, Miss Evelyn Mary Foerster to Ens. J. Warren Jackson, USNR.

**JEFFREY-CILLEY**—Married in Bethlehem Chapel of the Washington Cathedral, Washington, D. C., 6 Nov. 1945, Miss Elizabeth Stuart Cilley to Lt. Col. Robert Elliott Jeffrey, jr., AUS.

**JESATKO-MARGESON**—Married in Clarksburg, W. Va., 13 Oct. 1945, Miss Patricia Ann Margeson to Capt. Stanley J. Jesatko, AUS.

**JOBBINS-GLASER**—Married in New Brunswick, N. J., 3 Nov. 1945, Miss Enid Anne Glaser to Capt. Robert Warner Jobbins, AUS.

**KELLER-QUICK**—Married in St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Rock Creek Parish, Washington, D. C., 3 Nov. 1945, Miss Audrey Mae Quick to Lt. Paul Rhodes Keller, AAF.

**KENNEY-SMITH**—Married in St. Clement's Church, Berkeley, Calif., 16 Oct. 1945, Miss Barbara Leigh Smith of Berkeley to Lt. Richard Ferebee Kenney, USNR, of Baltimore, Md.

**KNISKERN-BALL**—Married in Grace Church, Madison, N. J., 29 Oct. 1945, Miss Virginia Lee Ball of Grand Rapids, Mich., to Lt. Comdr. Henry P. Kniskern, USCG.

**KNOWLES-NEWELL**—Married in Christ Episcopal Church, Greenwich, Conn., 2 Nov. 1945, Miss Mary Ellnor Newell to Maj. Ellis Knowles, AUS.

**KORNHAUSER-HILL**—Married in the chapel of Riverside Church, New York City, 2 Nov. 1945, Miss Mary Patricia Hill to Ens. Edward Theodore Kornhauser, USNR.

**KUTNER-GOUGH**—Married in St. Raymond's Church, The Bronx, N. Y., 3 Nov. 1945, Miss Virginia Frances Gough to Lt. Harry H. Kutner, AAF.

**LAWRENCE-JOHNSTON**—Married in Dobbs Ferry (N.Y.) Presbyterian Church, 3 Nov. 1945, Miss Mary Linnea Johnston of Dobbs Ferry, to Ens. Walter Frederick Lawrence, jr., USNR, recently returned from duty in Pacific.

**MASSAGLIA-MCFARLANE**—Married in the Church of the Transfiguration, New York, N. Y., 2 Nov. 1945, Miss Jean Caroline McFarlane to Ens. Paolo E. C. Massaglia, USNR.

**McAULIFFE-McVEY**—Married at Tinian in the Marianas, 23 Oct. 1945, Miss Mary Jane McVey, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. John F. McVey, USMC-Ret., to Lt. Comdr. John H. McAuliffe, jr., USN.

**McMAHON-CARY**—Married in the Wallace Memorial Presbyterian Church, Washington, D. C., 4 Oct. 1945, Miss Clara Frances Cary to Capt. William Edwin McMahon, 2nd, USMC.

**McNULTY-PERINCHIEF**—Married in the rectory of St. Patrick's Church, Huntington, Long Island, N. Y., 3 Nov. 1945, Miss Lois Perinchief to Capt. Robert J. McNulty, AAF.

**MILLARD-BREWTON**—Married in River Road United Presbyterian Church, Washington, D. C., 1 Nov. 1945, Miss Ethel E. Brewton to Lt. Alfred John Millard, AUS.

**MILSTEAD-RYAN**—Married in St. Theresa's Church, Wilkes-Barre, Pa., recently, Miss Mary Nanette Ryan of Wilkes-Barre, to Ens. Charles Howlett Milstead, USNR.

**MINERVINI-RAO**—Married in St. Ignatius Loyola R. C. Church, New York City, 3 Nov. 1945, Miss June Veronica Rao to Capt. Alfred Paul Minervini, USMCR.

**MONTGOMERY-VAN DER STUCKEN**—Married at her home in New York City, 3 Oct. 1945, Miss Rosalind Van der Stucken to Lt. Col. James Robert Montgomery, AUS, of Houston, Texas.

**MUELLER-KENNEDY**—Married in St. Matthew's Cathedral, Washington, D. C., 14 Oct. 1945, Miss Doris Patricia Kennedy to Lt. James Matthew Mueller, USA (USMA '45).

**NICKERSON-TALIAFERRO**—Married in Trinity Episcopal Church, Cranford, N. J., 3 Nov. 1945, Miss Lucy Balmaine Taliaferro to Maj. Charles Clark Nickerson, AAF.

**NIERENBERG-WERBLIN**—Married in Los Angeles, Calif., 1 Nov. 1945, Miss Joan Livingston Werblin to Lt. David E. Nierenberg, USNR, recently returned from duty in the Pacific.

**NOWAK-HENNEGAN**—Married in St. Mary's Church, Annapolis, Md., 29 Sept. 1945, Miss Edna Claire Hennegan of Baltimore, Md., to Lt. Casey Edward Nowak, AUS.

(Please turn to Next Page)



## Births, Marriages, Deaths

(Continued from Preceding Page)

**OBERNDORFER-WEINER**—Married in Chicago, Ill., 5 Nov. 1945, Miss Betty Weiner of Chicago, to Lt. Frank Oberndorfer, AAF, of Milwaukee, Wis.

**PAGAN-SMITH**—Married in Old St. Mary's Church, San Francisco, Calif., 5 October 1945, Miss Jane Fleming Smith to Lt. Comdr. Oliver Elwood Pagan, USNR, both of Washington, D. C.

**PATERSON-HOSTETTER**—Married in St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Dayton, Ohio, 3 Nov. 1945, Miss Elizabeth Lee Hostetter of Dayton, to Ensign Jerome Anthony Patterson, USNR, of New York, N. Y.

**PAUL-CAREY**—Married at Walbrook Methodist Church, Baltimore, Md., 6 Oct. 1945, Miss Betty Jane Carey to Lt. Robert H. Paul, Jr., AAF.

**PEACOCK-JOINVILLE**—Married in Richmond, Va., 30 October 1945, 1st Lt. Gertrude L. Joinville, ANC, of that city, to Lt. John Hunt Peacock, USNR, of Chevy Chase, Md.

**PETERSON-STALLINGS**—Married at Mt. Vernon Place Methodist Church, Washington, D. C., 1 November 1945, Miss Ann Stallings of Clyde, Texas, to Lt. Donald Peterson, USNR, of St. Paul, Minn.

**PIERCE-TALLMAN**—Married in the chapel of Calvary Church, New York City, 3 Nov. 1945, Miss Margaret Bradford Tallman to Ensign Donald Ripley Pierce, USNR.

**POTASH-ADLER**—Married recently Miss Sylvia Adler of Washington, D. C., to Lt. Joseph Norman Potash, AUS, recently returned from overseas.

**PRESCOTT-SIEFKAS**—Married in the chapel at U. S. Naval Receiving Station, Anacostia, D. C., 27 Oct. 1945, Lt. (jg) Thelma Irene Siefkas, USNR, to Lt. Comdr. Frank Kendrick Prescott, USNR.

**ROBERTS-WAHL**—Married in Memorial Chapel, Army Medical Center, Washington, D. C., 3 Nov. 1945, Miss Barbara Wahl, daughter of Mrs. Lutz Wahl of Washington and the late Maj. Gen. Wahl, USA, to Lt. Austin Leonard Roberts, USNR.

**ROCKWELL-ADAMS**—Married at Boston, Mass., 31 Oct. 1945, Mrs. Harriette Sturgis Adams, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Norman Sturgis, of Boston, to Maj. Lawrence Dudley Rockwell, AUS, son of Col. and Mrs. Verne LaS. Rockwell, USA-Ret., of Smithtown Branch, Long Island, N. Y. Maj. Rockwell is at present on terminal leave at the end of which he will resume his employment by the Grumman Aircraft Engineering Corporation.

**ROSS-McFERRIN**—Married 16 Oct. 1945, Miss Marion McFerrin of Baltimore, Md., to Capt. Edgar A. Ross, USA.

**SLOAN-MILLER**—Married in All Saints' Episcopal Church, Chevy Chase, Md., 4 Nov. 1945, Miss Nadine Miller to Capt. John Warren Sloan, AUS.

**SMITH-BROATCH**—Married in the country home of the bride's parents at Old Lyme, Conn., 27 Oct. 1945, Miss Allison F. Broatch to Lt. (jg) Frederick Tucker Smith, USNR.

**SOUTHERLAND-BRADY**—Married in Chapel in the Woods, Norfolk, Va., 26 Oct. 1945, Miss Gloria Joan Brady, former Navy nurse, to Lt. Council Wooten Southerland, USNR.

**TRUESDELL-NOLAND**—Married in the chapel of Receiving Station, US Naval Air Base, Anacostia, Washington, D. C., 1 Nov. 1945, Lt. (jg) Genevieve Dorothy Noland, USNR, daughter of Mrs. Alvina Noland of Long Beach, Calif., to 1st Lt. Charles Edgar Truesdell, CAC, AUS, son of Capt. and Mrs. Stuart D. Truesdell, USN-Ret.

**TUCKER-ROBINSON**—Married in Memorial Chapel of St. Andrew's Cathedral, Honolulu, T. H., 29 Sept. 1945, Miss Caloise R. Robinson of San Francisco, Calif., to WO John M. Tucker, USMC.

**VEASEY-MELSON**—Married at Douglas Manor, N. Y., 26 October 1945, Miss Dorothy DeVos Melson to Lt. John Montrose Veasey, USNR.

**WALL-ATWATER**—Married in the home of her parents at Great Neck, Long Island, N. Y., 2 Nov. 1945, Miss Janet Virginia Atwater to Lt. Comdr. Berry A. Wall, Jr., USNR.

**WILBUR-LACY**—Married in Euclid Avenue Christian Church, Lynchburg, Va., 1 Nov. 1945, Miss Marie Lacy to Lt. Marvin Cummings Wilbur (Chc.), USNR.

**WILSON-ZANG**—Married in Highland Park Methodist Church, Dallas, Tex., 10 Nov. 1945, Miss Patricia Estelle Zang to Ensign Malcolm Earl Wilson, Jr., USNR.

**WOOD-BRANDT**—Married in the chapel of St. George's School, Newport, R. I., 3 Nov.

1945, Lt. (jg) Barbara Brooke Brandt, USNR, daughter of the late Comdr. Edmund Selden Brandt, USN, to Lt. Leighton Christopher Wood, USNR.

**ZIMMERLI-HOLLISTER**—Married in Trinity Church, Hewlett, Long Island, N. Y., 3 Nov. 1945, Miss Ruth Hollister to Lt. Edwin Arnold Zimmerli, AAF.

## Died

**CLANCY**—Died in New Haven, Conn., 2 Nov. 1945, Mr. William S. Clancy, father of Lt. Stuart J. Clancy, USNR.

**CROWELL**—Died at her home in Walden, N. Y., 1 Nov. 1945, Mrs. Georgiana Alsford Crowell, mother of Comdr. Robert B. Crowell, USN.

**DEWEY**—Killed in action at Saigon, Indo-China, 26 September 1945, Lt. Col. A. Peter Dewey, Inf., AUS, son of former Representative Charles Dewey of Chicago, Ill.

**GOULD**—Died at his home in New York, N. Y., 7 Nov. 1945, Mr. Kingdon Gould, father of Lt. Kingdon Gould, Jr., AUS, and of Lt. (jg) Edith Kingdon Gould, USNR. Mr. Gould served in World War one.

**KAUFMAN**—Killed by Japanese near Koror Island, Caroline Islands, 24 May 1945, 2nd Lt. Wallace F. Kaufman, AAF. Surviving are his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Kaufman, of 456 Schenectady Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

**LARSON**—Died in the dispensary of the Naval Air Station, Atlanta, Ga., 7 Nov. 1945, Col. Emory Ellsworth Larson, USMC, (USNA '22). Survived by his wife, Mrs. Margaret Ross Larson of Long Beach, Calif., and four children, Emory, Jr., a member of the Marine Corps, Ted, a midshipman, USNA, Mary Alice, and Mercedes.

**LEGERE**—Died at US Naval Convalescent Hospital, Palm Beach, Fla., 3 Nov. 1945, Com. Frederick John Legere, USN-Ret.

**MACOMB**—Died at her home at 1784 P St., N.W., Washington, D. C., 6 November 1945, Miss Christina Livingston Macomb, 84 years of age, daughter of the late Col. John Navarre Macomb, CE, USA, and sister of the late Brig. Gen. Montgomery Meigs Macomb, USA, and the late Col. Augustus C. Macomb, USA. Burial in Arlington National Cemetery.

**OFFLEY**—Died at San Mateo, Calif., 26 October 1945, Comdr. Archibald Nelson Offley, USN-Ret., (USNA '14), son of the late Capt. Cleland Nelson Offley, USN. Survived by his widow, Mrs. Agnes Yerkes Offley, and a sister, Miss Margaret Agnew Offley both of San Mateo. Also survived by an uncle, Col. Edward M. Offley, USA-Ret., of Fairfax, Va., and an aunt, Mrs. Ben H. Fuller, widow of Maj. Gen. B. H. Fuller, USMC, at one time commandant of the Marine Corps.

**PEOPLES**—Killed in action in Japanese prison ship off Luzon, P. I., 15 Dec. 1944, Lt. Col. U. J. Lincoln Peoples, Jr., USA (USMA '23). Survived by his widow, Mrs. Eliza W. Peoples; his mother and a cousin, Miss Edith B. Heckert.

**PERKINS**—Died at Fort Hayes Hospital, Columbus, Ohio, 20 Oct. 1945, Mrs. Ilo B. Perkins, wife of Col. Ciel B. Perkins, VC, USA. Besides her husband she is survived by two sons, Cadet Tom J. Perkins, US Military Academy, and Dan B. Perkins, student at Ohio State University; by a daughter, Mrs. Gerald L. Roberson, wife of Lt. Col. Gerald L. Roberson, USA (USMA '33); three grandchildren and two sisters.

**PIERCE**—Died at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., 30 Oct. 1945, Lt. Col. H. R. Pierce, USA (USMA '20), from an illness contracted in China. Survived by his widow, Mrs. Ouida Moore Pierce of New York, N. Y.; two daughters, Olivia and Betty, and a son, Edward Pierce. Also survived by his mother, Mrs. Hattie Y. Pierce of Bailey's Cross Roads, Fairfax County, Va.

**POPPE**—Died in New York, N. Y., 5 Nov. 1945, Lt. Harold Vaughn Poppe, AUS.

**PORTER**—Died at her home in Philadelphia, after a brief illness, 1 Nov. 1945, Mrs. Winifred Mattingly Porter, widow of Maj. Gen. David D. Porter, USMC. Survived by a daughter.

**SEWARD**—Killed in action over Europe, 23 Dec. 1944, 2nd Lt. Charles C. Seward, Jr., AAF. Survived by his parents, Col. and Mrs. Seward of 908 23rd St., NW, Washington, D. C., and a brother, Sic Thomas Lee Seward on duty in the Pacific.

**SMITH**—Died at Tucson, Ariz., 4 Nov. 1945, of injuries suffered in a fall from a horse. Col. Lowell H. Smith, AAF, veteran of World Wars I and II. Interment at Arlington National Cemetery.

**TORREY**—Killed in action over Tokyo February, 1945, Comdr. Philip H. Torrey, USN, son of Maj. Gen. Philip H. Torrey, USMC, of Marine Barracks, Quantico, Va., and Mrs. Torrey. Also survived by his widow, Mrs. Virginia L. Torrey, and two children, Philip III, and Barbara of Long Beach, Calif., and by two sisters, Mrs. Nell Ross McIntyre and Miss Elizabeth Torrey of Quantico.

**WHITE**—Died of injuries received in a Japanese prison ship in Takao Harbor, Formosa, 9 Jan. 1945, Maj. Clarence H. White, MC, USA. Survived by his widow, Mrs. Chrystal M. White, and two daughters, Nancy, 7, and Mildred, 3, who live at 1822 West 38th Place, Los Angeles, 37, Calif. Also survived by his parents, Dr. and Mrs. F. P. White,

of Lemon Grove, Calif.; two brothers, Chester E. White of Escondido, Calif., and Herbert White of La Mesa, Calif., and a sister, Mrs. Carl Floyd of Los Angeles.

**WOODWARD**—Died in Washington, D. C., 1 Nov. 1945, Lt. (jg) Fransley C. Woodward, (SC)USN. Survived by his wife, Mrs. Julia Woodward; a son, Warren, now serving with the Navy, and four-year-old twin sons.

## Obituaries

Comdr. Archibald Nelson Offley, USN-Ret., (USNA '14), died at San Mateo, Calif., 26 Oct. 1945, after a brief illness.

He was the son of the late Capt. Cleland Nelson Offley, USN. Commander Offley was born in Georgetown, D. C., 23 April, 1892, where both his father and his grandfather, Lt. Holmes Edward Offley, USN, were also born. Commander Offley is survived by his widow, Agnes Yerkes Offley, and a sister, Miss Margaret Agnew Offley, both of San Mateo, Calif.; an uncle, Col. Edward M. Offley, USN-Ret., of Fairfax, Va.; and an aunt, Mrs. Ben H. Fuller, widow of the late Maj. Gen. B. H. Fuller, Commandant of the Marine Corps.

Col. Emory Ellsworth Larson, USMC, died of a heart attack 7 Nov., at the Naval Air Station dispensary, Atlanta, Ga. He was 46.

Colonel Larson, one of Navy's most outstanding football players, suffered the attack while attending a game in Atlanta. Kept in an oxygen tent at the air station dispensary, Colonel Larson suffered a second attack and then a third the following morning which was fatal.

A native of Monticello, Minn., Colonel Larson enlisted in the Marine Corps in 1917 and was discharged in June, 1918 to become a midshipman. He played on three Navy football teams, all of which defeated Army. In 1921, he was captain of the team and was named on Walter Camp's second All-American team.

Colonel Larson is survived by his wife and four children. They are Emory E. Larson, Jr., 21, a former Yale student who is now a Marine Corps captain; Theodore Larson, 18, now a midshipman at the Naval Academy; Mary Larson, 15, and Mercedes Larson, 7.

## Gen. Somervell's Report

(Continued from Page 367)

cies and legislation governing renegotiation, established the necessary procedures and supervised 52,000 renegotiation cases involving many millions of contracts and sub-contracts. This program resulted in the recapture of excessive profits and substantial reductions in costs to the Government.

It played a similar role in the preparations for terminating and settling contracts and clearing plants. As of 31 July, 1945, 53,000 prime contracts representing \$28,000,000,000 had been terminated and 43,000 of them had been settled. Of the 10,000 unsettled cases only 208 have been in process of settlement more than four months. Of the 43,000 settled, only 20 were appealed, and of these only two were decided against the War Department.

Under the direction of the Materiel organization 66,170,000 pounds of tin cans and 21,116,000 pounds of grease have been salvaged for further use of the scarce materials.

It managed the Army Service Forces Lend-Lease program under which approximately \$15,000,000,000 worth of supplies, equipment and services were furnished to our Allies for use in the prosecution of the war.

The total procurement program supervised by the Director of Materiel has amounted to more than \$150,000,000,000 since early 1942.

## FISCAL

War made the Office of the Fiscal Director, Army Service Forces, the greatest paymaster in the world, the biggest life insurance institution, the most extensive banker and cashier, the largest welfare agency and the world's busiest comptroller. The Army's paymaster keeps books and pays on the dot a billion dollars a week, in amounts ranging from few cents in Military Occupation money to millions in American dollars.

Wherever a soldier goes, he receives his pay on the last day of the month. In most cases he has an allotment for his family, another for War Bonds, and still another for Government insurance, then takes the balance in cash. The paymasters are everywhere American troops are scattered. On lonely islands in the western Pacific, in Paris and London and Washington, up in the lines while our men were fighting in Germany, the paymaster has followed the flag.

The Office of the Fiscal Director, ASF, has its own Army Finance School to train enlisted men and officers for the complicated job of handling the money for a 52-billion-dollar-a-year concern. Finance officers pay for the movement of troops and the tremendous freight bills for moving materiel and supplies. They pay all bills for war production; they send checks to the families of those who died in the service of their country.

The Office of the Fiscal Director initiated the "V" loans, under which sub-contractors

and manufacturers holding war contracts obtained working capital from local banks—on money guaranteed by the War Department through the Federal Reserve Banks. It administers the Servicemen's Dependents Allowance Act, which provides family allowances contributed partly by the soldier and partly by the Government. It also handles the payment of voluntary allotments to dependents of soldiers, contributed entirely from their pay. In spite of the staggering total of 170 million checks written by 30 June 1945 for service men's families, the office sends out its 7,000,000 monthly checks promptly on the first of the month—regardless of manpower shortages.

Total disbursements since 1 July 1940 have reached a total of 172 billion dollars. A monthly average of 1,200,000 transportation bills are paid within twelve days; each month 900,000 commercial bills are paid in seven days. Army disbursing officers issued \$2,300,000,000 in War Bonds purchased by troops and civilian employees of the War Department.

With peace here, the activities of finance offices will achieve massive proportions. Mustering-out pay, contract termination accounting and auditing and other demobilization items will keep the Office of the Fiscal Director still busy when the last soldier has been reunited with his family.

The signal success of the Office of the Fiscal Director is one of the most truly American operations in the war. Starting from scratch, it plunged in boldly and by applying business methods, common sense and financial skill has saved millions of dollars for the American people.

## SUPPLY

The Supply Staff supervises the storage, distribution and maintenance of equipment. In the Fiscal Year 1945 the flow of arms and ammunition, equipment and supplies shipped from the United States to troops overseas reached a total of 56,000,000 measurement tons as compared with 39,000,000 the previous year. Some of this tonnage went direct from the manufacturing plants to the ports; most of it was handled through the system of depots maintained by the Supply Staff.

The depots themselves shipped out 27,000,000 short tons, an increase of 5,000,000 over 1944, and 67 percent went overseas. In the twelve months the depots received from overseas theatres and from posts in the United States, requisitions for 50,000,000 line items. Quantities ranged from 100,000 shoes in one requisition to four locomotives in another.

All demands from overseas could not be met in the quantities desired, due to critical shortages in some categories. Supreme efforts were made, however, to fill the orders as nearly as possible. When the tire shortage became serious in the European Theatre, the Supply Staff ordered all spare tires stripped from vehicles used in training in the United States. These tires were rushed to Europe on the fastest transportation and met 97 percent of the needs.

Artillery ammunition was another critical item during most of the year. From December, 1944, to March, 1945, allotments of ammunition to the European Theatre increased each month. These were met by direct shipments from production facilities to docks. In April alone, for example, nearly 12 million rounds of ammunition in 13 different calibers and 25 different types were shipped overseas, an average of some 300 shells a minute leaving our ports every minute, day and night.

The critical food situation in the United States throughout the year caused some revisions in ration scales overseas.

By March, 1945, however, balanced quantities of different types of food were on hand in all overseas theatres.

Conditions in the ports, particularly in northern France, in the autumn of 1944, made it necessary to reduce transportation schedules and to back up more supplies in depots in the United States. This forced some stocks into open storage areas since the Army Service Forces was determined to construct no new storage facilities. In spite of this situation, the critically-needed items were culled from the mass of requisitions, were dug out wherever they happened to be, were given priority handling, and pushed through the ports and to overseas commands. Fortunately the opening of the port of Antwerp in Europe and the progress of the Philippine campaign enabled both major theatres to improve their unloading capacity and so take larger quantities from the United States.

The great demand for supplies in the Pacific beginning in March, 1945, brought tonnage which could not be met by storage and rail facilities along the west coast. Accordingly, supplies were routed through New Orleans and even through east coast ports. This meant necessary adjustments in stockages held at various critical points in the United States.

Altogether, the ASF operated 111 depots and sub-depots, handling over four million tons of supplies each month. The most efficient possible methods of handling such large quantities of supplies received constant attention. Aisle space was reduced, items were carefully relocated to permit maximum use of space, and each individual place was so located and listed that its exact place was known when necessary. The use of mechan-

(Please turn to Next Page)

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## Gen. Somervell's Report (Continued from Preceding Page)

local equipment instead of hand methods brought with it many improvements in the handling of supplies. As a result, the tonnage handled by the average warehouse employee during the year increased from four to six tons.

With the departure of all combat divisions and of most other units for overseas theatres, large quantities of equipment used in training were turned in to posts and stations in the United States. A major problem became that of sorting and repairing that part of this equipment which was still needed and could be used for military service. New segregation centers were set up and improved maintenance operations enabled the ASF to return nearly a half a billion dollars worth of badly needed equipment to depots for further military use. Repair for return to troops in training declined in importance but the ASF was ready to handle a greatly increased volume of repair work as troops came back to the United States on their way to the Pacific. The end of the war made many of these preparations unnecessary.

### TRANSPORTATION CORPS

In the period of the war, the Transportation Corps moved 32,100,000 troops in the United States by train, 800,000 by bus.

It handled 5,000,000 individual and small group travel reservations.

It shipped a total of 318,000,000 short tons of freight by rail, motor and waterway in the United States.

Never once was there a railway tie-up at any port of embarkation.

The Transportation Corps at the order of the President took over the railways in December, 1943, when strikes threatened to halt the movement of vital war shipments. As the representative of the Army and the United States government, the Transportation Corps operated the roads with no interruption of service and turned them back to the owners without having involved the Nation in any financial obligation.

The Corps operates 1500 locomotives and 6500 railway cars, 4,000 tank cars and 7,500 highway buses, in the United States.

Freight rate reductions accomplished since January, 1944, saved the government \$43,000,000.

The Transportation Corps has shipped overseas 7,200,000 men and women, military and civilian and has brought back 2,700,000. The 24 Army Hospital ships plus hospital wards on troop transports, have returned 435,000 casualties from overseas theatres.

Cargo amounting to 124,000,000 measurement tons has been shipped overseas.

The Transportation Corps operates 186 Army-owned and "bare-boat" chartered ocean-going vessels. It controls the employment of 1,706 large ships (mostly operated by WSA), with a total troop capacity of 620,000 and cargo capacity of 15,940,000 tons.

In addition to these large ships it has built up a fleet of 10,878 smaller vessels of under 1000 gross tons.

Overseas the Transportation Corps operates sixty-five ports, 30,000 miles of military railroads, most of which had to be completely rebuilt and rehabilitated as the result of air-bombing, artillery fire or enemy action. It has fleets numbering 46,500 trucks.

It broke all previous peacetime or wartime records in handling cargo through the ports of Naples, Cherbourg, Marseilles, Antwerp, Manila and Calcutta.

In Europe alone the Corps debarked more than four million American troops and 44,718,174 measurement tons of supplies from 9,571 ships. It operated 1,874 United States locomotives and 34,283 U. S. railway cars on European railroads. It handled three and a third billion ton-miles of freight on those railroads and 1,900,000 long tons on the Red Ball Highway and other express routes.

On VE day the Transportation Corps stopped and disposed of 7,112 cars of freight on U. S. railways headed for Atlantic ports, turned back to U. S. ports 39 ships at sea and 21 others which already had reached European ports but had not unloaded, diverted to the Pacific 51 ships at sea which had been bound for Europe, and held in U. S. ports 24 loaded or partly loaded ships.

The Corps immediately adjusted some 700 procurement contracts and stopped \$36,000,000 worth of production.

In the week following the end of the Japanese war, 12,936 cars of freight in the United States were halted and disposed of, 18 ships were turned back from the Pacific, 25 others about to leave U. S. ports were halted and ordered to discharge cargo and 51 ships from Europe were ordered to return to the United States instead of going to the Pacific. Cancellation of 3,400 contracts totaled \$103,000,000.

### ORDNANCE

The Ordnance Department designs and procures (often manufactures) the arms, ammunition and vehicles for the Army.

American soldiers in France who shot more than 6,000 rifle cartridges a minute, day and night, were shooting Ordnance. The rifles themselves were Ordnance. The bayonets on the rifles were Ordnance. The trucks that carried the men and their guns and ammunition to the front were Ordnance. The big guns

## U. S. COAST GUARD

COAST Guard Headquarters has just announced the existence of another wartime innovation, one which during the war has been cloaked in secrecy.

It is known by the coined word ANRAC, derived from Aids Navigation Radio Control. The equipment was designed to black-out unattended aids to navigation by means of radio signals, but has been applied to control other types of aids, such as fog horns, electric bell strikers, etc. The remote system of control allows operation of aids only when necessary, thus conserving power, and preventing annoyances of fog signals to residents in the vicinity. The advantages will be greatest in those aids consuming relatively large amounts of power, which makes continuous operation costly and impracticable. Other advantages will be in controlling inaccessible aids, and the reduction in the number of personnel utilized in the operation of all types of aids.

More than 75 electronics engineers, manufacturers' representatives and maritime shipping experts met with Coast Guard representatives recently. At the completion of the seminar Commodore E. M. Webster, chief of the Coast Guard Division of Communications, declared that the Coast Guard, by reason of its safety at sea problems, has assumed the responsibility, with the close cooperation

supporting them...more than half a million artillery pieces manufactured in the period of the war...these, too, were Ordnance. The high explosive bombs the Superforts dropped were Ordnance. And the tanks which broke holes in enemy lines were Ordnance.

The production and procurement program for Ordnance in this war amounted to some \$34,000,000,000 worth of guns, tanks, ammunition, vehicles for own forces. Another billion was devoted to operational costs, to experimentation, schools, distribution, salaries and wages. A billion dollars went toward Lend-Lease.

Ordnance and American Industry, working as a team, built two and a half million trucks, 50,000 self-propelled guns, 88,000 tanks, 133,000 other types of combat vehicles. This was big business. It cost big money. It was a decisive factor in winning a big war.

The cooperation of Industry and Ordnance has been smooth and of immense mutual benefit. At the beginning of the war the Ordnance Department, realizing that there dared be no competition in wartime, not only led in welding together the great corporations which never before had cooperated, but secured the approval of Congress to set up Industry Integration Committees. Thus for the period of the war the automotive and kindred industries became a single closely-knit organization which interchanged tools, equipment, personnel and ideas. Together with the Ordnance Department they made an unbeatable team.

Industry furnished many Ordnance officers. Experts in production, engineering, research and development put on the uniform and gave freely of their knowledge and their skill.

Constant improvements in method, constant checking and rechecking, reduced the cost of the guns and ammunition and trucks. At the end of the fiscal year, 1944, prices were down 16.9 percent under the scales in effect twenty-four months earlier. As an example, there is the 240mm howitzer, one of our largest weapons, which weighs more than 80,000 pounds. Between 1943 and 1945 the cost of this piece dropped from \$113,410 to \$84,621. The Army was procuring anti-aircraft guns of one type which cost \$8,651 at the beginning of the period for \$2,807 at the end of the war.

The Returned Material Centers of the Ordnance Department in which outworn equipment is rebuilt and repaired, processed 20,000 tons a month in 1945. Eight thousand tons, to a value of \$15,000,000, were salvaged and returned to use. The cost of these operations is about 15 percent of the value of material returned to stock.

More rifle and machine gun ammunition was produced in two months of 1943 than in all the 18 months of the First World War. It was better ammunition. Rigid inspection systems kept failures at a minimum.

At the same time quantity was being stepped up and costs were being reduced, the quality of American weapons was steadily being improved. The muzzle velocity of medium tank artillery was increased fifty percent; the range of anti-aircraft artillery was doubled. Tanks are seven times as speedy as they were. Individual firepower of the soldier was two and a-half times as great as in the last war.

The great new ammunition plants, powder plants, loading plants scattered throughout the country have maintained an astounding safety record throughout the war. The safety

(Please turn to Next Page)

of the Navy, of determining the minimum specifications for radar equipment to be used on board merchant vessels, in order that ship operators might benefit by radar information as soon as possible. Every effort, he said, is being made to provide simplicity of operation with optimum performance; however, the problem is broad in its scope because of the varying operational requirements of the ship operators and the expense involved.

"Consideration was given to the large quantity of surplus equipment now available, to the experience and knowledge gained during the war, to the use of Merchant Marine radar with other navigational aids, and to the probable effect that such installations will have on the revision of present navigational laws and a reduction of insurance rates," Commodore Webster said.

The world-wide installation of Loran

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**Gen. Somervell's Report**  
(Continued from Preceding Page)

record of the explosives industry, both privately-owned and government-owned, operating under Army Ordnance, was higher even than the record of the women's garment industry.

The guns and tanks rolled out of the plants at a constantly rising rate.

At the beginning of the war we were producing 13,000 Garand rifles a month...after three years' production was ten times as great.

Among the year's miracles was the new recoilless rifle produced by Ordnance. Here was a new concept in firepower. Guns of .57 and .75mm which formerly had weighed many hundreds of pounds can now be carried and handled by two men and be fired from light tripods. Together with the "VT fuze" the recoilless guns were the most startling developments of the war, until the moment the atomic bomb exploded.

All in all, Ordnance kept pace with the swiftly changing pattern of the war, and when the conflict ended machinery was ready to complete the termination of all contracts promptly.

**QUARTERMASTER**

The Quartermaster Corps is charged with feeding, clothing and equipping the soldier with his daily necessities, including the tent he sleeps in, his belt and tools, canteen and mess gear, cigarettes and soap and candy.

Extensive experimentation and rigorous testing of everything procured by Quartermaster have made our soldiers the best-fed, best-clothed, best-sheltered and equipped in the world.

Early in the war the Quartermaster Corps found it possible to substitute less critical materials for those in demand by other services. Thus many items formerly made of aluminum, desperately needed for plane construction, are now made of plastics and other less scarce materials. And the new materials have been found, in many instances, to be superior to the old.

Unbreakable chinaware, matches which will strike after being immersed in water for ten hours, waterproof and moldproof tentage, emergency blocks of solid fuel for use in the field which burn with intense heat but which have a flame invisible a hundred feet away, the finest pac boots in the world, the layer principle in clothing design, tremendous improvements in dehydrated food...these are some of the accomplishments of the Quartermaster Corps.

The Quartermaster Corps performed an almost impossible task in supplying gasoline and oil to our armies around the world and in operating pipelines on every continent. Petroleum tonnage was almost equal to all other tonnage combined.

A constant battle against the waste of foodstuffs paid high dividends. Long before civilian rationing started, the Office of the Quartermaster General had begun its experiments in reduction of waste. Scientific balance to assure the proper elements in the ration, a comprehensive study of what foods soldiers eat and what they throw away, rations based as nearly as possible on men's preferences yet containing the proper amounts of the proper elements...all these contributed to food savings of millions of pounds. Today both at home and overseas the Army garbage cans are empty. The waste in troop kitchens is a very small fraction of the waste to be found in the average hotel or home.

Clothing to fit the environment in which a soldier works and fights has been designed by the Quartermaster. Thus the man serving on Iceland wears different clothing from the man in Germany, and the soldier in our occupation army there wears still different clothing from the soldier in the far Pacific. The uniform today is more comfortable, wears longer, is more convenient, affords better protection than any other uniform the American soldier ever has worn and it is better than any uniform worn by any other Army—Allied or Axis.

The Quartermaster salvages clothing, blankets and shoes both at home and abroad and each month returns to use hundreds of thousands of garments which without scientific care would have been thrown away. The saving to the taxpayer amounts to millions of dollars a year.

**CORPS OF ENGINEERS**

Most spectacular Engineering project of the war, of course, is the "Manhattan Engineer District" which produced the atomic bomb. It was the greatest calculated risk in history.

The new town of Oak Ridge, 18 miles west of Knoxville, Tenn., is the location of the largest of the experimental plants. The town, which did not exist at all three years ago, is now the fifth largest city in the state. Its population is 75,000. The Engineers built it...and they built the plant of the Clinton Engineering Works which produced the first bomb. The plant covers 59,000 acres and consists of 425 buildings. A second project in atomic bomb development is the Hanford En-

gineer Works near Pasco, Washington, which sprawls over 400,000 acres.

Although the two billion dollar project of the Manhattan Engineer District is unique in dramatic appeal, the vast and far-flung construction projects executed by the Corps of Engineers have been of prime importance to all of our military activities. Engineering construction is as necessary for armies, either in the field or in garrisons, as it is in civil life, and the camps and cantonments, landing fields and air bases, harbors and port facilities, roads and bridges, waterworks and sewage disposal, pipelines and power plants needed by the Army at home and abroad are the responsibility and the pride of the Engineers.

The Engineers act as real estate agents for the War Department. In that capacity since 1940 they have acquired 38,000,000 acres, an area about the size of Iowa. Most of this land was obtained from other government agencies. In the course of the war the Engineers negotiated more than 30,000 leases with a total annual rental of some \$88,000,000. Nearly half these leases already have been terminated and the annual rental has been reduced by \$35,000,000.

The Engineers not only built the posts, camps and stations, they are the landlords, they keep them in repair, operate utilities including fire departments. They are the plumbers and the painters and the highway builders. These installations shelter a military population of 5,300,000 roughly the size of Detroit, Cleveland, Pittsburgh and Houston combined. The maintenance includes 12,550 miles of sewers, slightly more than that mileage in water mains, railroads which would reach from Boston to San Francisco then up the coast to Seattle; highways which would stretch from San Francisco to New York and back ten times; 22,600 miles of electric lines; 2,860 miles of gas mains. To heat these installations last year the Engineers used enough coal to fill a freight train nearly 800 miles long and fuel oil which would fill 18 ocean-going tankers.

The Engineers are the Army map makers. They sent 10,000,000 maps to the troops for the African campaign; 70,000,000 for the invasion of Europe. Last year the total maps produced, if stacked in a single pile, would tower ten miles in the air. Two thousand tons of maps had already gone to the Pacific on VJ day.

Aluminum landing mats...the prefabricated airfields...are the product and responsibility of the Engineers. They procure and operate bulldozers, which many a soldier considers as important as any weapon in the war. They build bridges, roads, pipelines all over the world. They procure 30,000 different items and 400,000 spare parts. Among these items are cranes, tractors and power shovels. Procurement throughout the war numbered 100,000 crawler tractors, 16,000 cranes and shovels, a total of \$1,475,000,000 worth of these two types of machines. As the Army's lumber buyer, the central lumber office of the Engineers purchased a billion dollars worth.

The Engineers built or supervised construction on our air bases around the world. They created plane ferry routes by way of South America to Africa and thence to India, by the North Atlantic via Newfoundland and Iceland to the British Isles and Europe, by Northwest Canada and Alaska to Siberia and a South Pacific route to Australia.

The Engineer story is not complete, however, without mention of the amphibious landings in which they participated in Africa, Sicily, Italy, Normandy and in the Pacific. Nor is the story complete without the Bailey Bridges, huge Mechanos sets, which can be slid together and bolted in a matter of hours to support heavy traffic over gorges and broad rivers.

In difficult country the field commanders throughout the war depended more and more on Engineers as combat troops. For example, in Sicily, the Seventh Army had 13 Infantry regiments and nine regiments of Engineers which served as Infantry.

On the British Isles the Engineers constructed 100,000 buildings to house and service the American forces; they laid nearly 5000 miles of pipeline in France, and these pipes supplied some four million gallons of gasoline a day to troops on the front.

The Engineers bridged the Rhine. One railroad bridge, more than half a mile long, was finished in six days. Ponton bridges were completed in ten hours.

Engineers cleared the harbors of Naples, Cherbourg, Manila and other ports, swiftly making them serviceable for transports and cargo ships.

**MEDICAL CORPS**

The American Army is the healthiest army in history.

Unbelievable strides have been made by Army doctors even as the war progressed, not only in surgery and care of the sick but in preventive medicine.

Bold and successful use of sulfanamides and penicillin reduced the fatality rate of meningitis from 38 percent in the first World War to three percent in 1944, pneumonia from 24 percent to 0.7 percent, dysentery from 1.5 to only one recorded death. Deaths from malaria have dropped to an astounding low. In 1917-1919 there were 0.2 deaths per hundred

cases...today the number is 0.06 per hundred.

Great advances were made in the fiscal year in the uses of whole blood and penicillin. In North Africa the Army doctors discovered that blood plasma, although it did have a remarkably beneficial effect, could not substitute for whole blood in cases of the most severe shock. Blood banks set up in the United States sent 206,000 pints of whole blood to overseas theatres in nine months.

Penicillin, for all its value, originally had shown a tendency to disappear from the blood stream after a few hours. In order to retain its effect, Army doctors worked out a method of suspending it in beeswax and peanut oil. Given hypodermically in this combination, penicillin remained in the blood for as long as twenty hours and destroyed disease germs.

New methods of surgical care were perfected in the fiscal year. "Phasing" of treatment was introduced. Care of the wounded was divided into three distinct phases. The first phase took place on the battle front, where surgeons and first-aid crews gave emergency treatment. Patients then were evacuated, more swiftly than ever before, to hospitals in the Communications Zone. Much of this evacuation was done by air. It was not unusual for men who could be moved to undergo their emergency treatment within the sound of guns and eight or few hours later be in bed in hospitals five hundred miles behind the lines. There the second phase... "reparative surgery" was undertaken. Again, men were evacuated swiftly as soon as they were able to be moved safely to hospitals in the United States. Here the final phase of surgical reconstruction and rehabilitation was undertaken.

The results are apparent in the lowest mortality rate in the history of any army in the world...4.3 percent of the wounded.

DDT, the magic chemical produced in vast quantities for the Army halted many plagues among civilian populations and prevented plagues in the Army by destroying insects and vermin. The entire population of Naples underwent DDT treatment, their clothing and bedding being sprayed, and dangerous epidemics were halted before they had a chance to spread.

Inspection of foodstuffs is another duty of the Medical Corps. Thirty-three million pounds of food were inspected daily at home and overseas.

Forward steps in the neuropsychiatry treatments resulted in the return to duty in the theatre of operations of 90 percent of the cases of battle fatigue. Forty to sixty percent were able to return to combat units. Before the introduction of the new treatment, which occurs immediately behind the front, only ten percent returned.

(Continued Next Week)

**Automatic Camera**

Simple in operation as an ordinary box camera the Army's Pictorial Service has developed a new ultra high-speed, high intensity, self-contained light source camera for use by the Surgeon General's office.

Although but four models of the new device are presently in existence, others are being developed. According to the War Department the new camera enables anyone to take color or black and white still pictures of the fastest action, indoors and outdoors, at distances of from six inches to 12 feet. Every phase of the picture-taking operation, except focusing and clicking the shutter, is absolutely automatic.

**Named to Separation Board**

Brig. Gen. Butler M. Miltonberger has been relieved from duty with the 35th Infantry Division, Camp Breckenridge, Ky., and assigned to the Office of the Secretary of War, Washington, D. C., for duty as a member of the Secretary of War's Separations Board.

**Emergency Leave, Furlough**

The American Red Cross will investigate and verify all cases of emergency on which requests for return, reassignment, or extension of leave, temporary duty or furlough in the United States for military personnel overseas are made, the War Department announced this week.

**Commands Beaumont GH**

Col. George W. Reyner, veteran of twenty-eight years' service in the Army Medical Corps, is the new commanding officer of Beaumont General Hospital, replacing Col. George M. Edwards, who has retired.

**Scrap Fifty-nine B-29s**

Fifty-nine B-29s, in varying stages of construction at the termination of hostilities, are at present being salvaged or are scheduled for salvage at three aircraft plants, it was announced this week by the War Department.

**Nat. Gd. and Reserve Policies**

Salient points in the recent revision of post-war National Guard and Reserve policies of the War Department include an initial procurement objective for the National Guard of not less than 425,000 enlisted, to be subsequently increased as circumstances warrant, a priority list of types of National Guard units, changes in initial procurement of Reserve officers and the establishment of an annual physical examination for officers of the Active Reserve.

The tentative policies advanced by the War Department were discussed and the full text of each published earlier this year in the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, that for the Reserves appearing in the 9 June issue and for the National Guard in the 16 June issue. The present plan, a revision of the former policies, received final approval 13 Oct.

**Strength and Organization**

The present announcement of 425,000 as the initial goal of the National Guard supplements the earlier announcement that post-war strength should be "sufficient to permit the accomplishment of the mission assigned," and gives the first specific figure of troop strength for the post-war organization.

The following principles will govern the type of units to be organized in the post-war National Guard:

(1) First priority will be given to divisions and air units of an appropriate type. The maximum number of divisions which the States can maintain will be organized. The initial objective for divisions will be not less than 18.

(2) Second priority will be given to infantry regimental combat teams.

(3) Third priority will be given to anti-aircraft artillery and signal aircraft warning units with the objective of providing the greatest practicable amounts of anti-aircraft protection to key industrial centers.

(4) Fourth priority will be given to non-divisional combat units of the type used generally to reinforce divisions.

(5) Units of other types needed to facilitate training or provide a better balance to the National Guard as a whole may be organized.

In both the National Guard and Reserves, organizations larger than a division, except for purposes of combined training, will not be organized wholly within the reserve components.

**Procurement**

In the organization of units in the Organized Reserve Corps, initial assignments of officers will be made in the grade held in the Organized Reserve Corps. However, officers with wartime experience who have satisfactorily performed duties of a higher grade may be promoted to fill T/O vacancies in such units.

For both components, following initial reorganization continuing procurement of commissioned officers will be from the following sources:

(a) Individuals with honorable and creditable service as commissioned officers in any of the armed services of the United States.

(b) Graduates of accredited senior Reserve Officer Training Corps units.

(c) Graduates of officer candidate schools and graduate aviation cadets.

(d) Flight officers who have served honorably and creditably in time of war.

(e) Specialists, such as ministers of the gospel, doctors, and such technical experts as may be essential and as prescribed by the Secretary of War, regardless of previous military training.

**Maintaining Efficiency**

The revised Reserve policy states that an annual physical examination will be given all officers of the Active Reserve by a medical board composed of equal numbers of Regular Army and Reserve officers, appointed as prescribed by the Secretary of War.

It is also provided that efficiency reports will be rendered on each officer of the Active Reserve.

**Basic Assumptions**

The policy changes as noted are based on the assumption that the post-war military establishment will consist of the Regular Army, the National Guard of the United States and the Organized Reserve Corps, the over-all balanced military establishment consisting of 4,500,000 men.

Based also upon universal military training for a period of one year, each such trainee would become a member of the Organized Reserve Corps and remain in that status for a number of years.

It is pointed out that the target established by the over-all troop basis for the

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## Nat. Gd. & Reserve Policies

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Army of the United States automatically determines the personnel strength of the Active Reserve as that balance remaining after deduction of the combined strength of the Regular Army and the National Guard.

The War Department troop basis will establish the number and types of organizations and units required for an over-all balanced force. The types and numbers of organizations and units of the Active Reserve will be determined by subtracting the number of such organizations and units allotted to the Regular Army and the National Guard from the War Department troop basis.

### Senate Passes G. I. Bill

The Senate this week by a unanimous voice vote passed the GI Bill of Rights with considerable change over the House version but easing to a great extent terms under which veterans may secure loans and schooling.

The measure must now be returned to the House for approval of the new amendments.

As the measure now stands it would authorize the government-guaranteed loans based on "reasonable" rather than "reasonable normal" value of property. Veterans have complained that in a rising real estate market they are unable to buy what they want at "normal" prices.

In addition the amended Senate version would permit loans to furnish working capital for businesses and farms, as well as for real estate, and extend the time in which veterans may apply for loans to 10 years after war, instead of 5 as at present.

The Senate group voted to raise the maximum term of home loans from 20 to 25 years and of farm loans from 20 to 40 years.

Educational aspects of the measure would open the educational program to veterans irrespective of age. The bill would also increase the living allowance for single veterans attending educational institutions from \$50 to \$65 a month, and for veterans with dependents from \$75 to \$90.

The Veterans' Administration is authorized to enter into agreements with State educational institutions for payment of tuition of veterans.

### Navy Dental Division

Legislation looking toward better and more efficient dental care for Naval personnel has been reported favorably by the House Naval affairs committee.

Under the measure, which was passed by the Senate earlier in the session, a newly set up Dental Division will establish professional policies and practices. In addition the Division will conduct inspections and surveys for maintenance of standards and initiate and recommend action pertaining to complements, appointments, advancement, training, assignment, and transfer of dental personnel.

### Presidential Testimonial

A testimonial of appreciation from the President for honorable service during World War II has been authorized for presentation to all personnel who served honorably in any of the United States Armed Forces during the period 16 Sept., 1940, and the date to be established as six months after the duration of the emergency.

The presentation will be made at time of discharge or release. Individuals already separated from the service may obtain the testimonial upon establishing eligibility at an Army, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard installation.

### Terminal Leave Pay

To provide terminal leave pay for persons entitled to leave that accrued while on duty with the armed forces and who become employed or reemployed by the Government, the House has passed with amendments, S. 1036, a bill passed by the Senate in September.

### Col. Wyman Retired

Col. Theodore Wyman, Jr. (Lt. Col.) CE, having been found incapacitated for active service by an Army retirement board, was relieved from active service 31 Oct. with grade and pay of colonel.

## Navy Selection and Forced Retirement

The Senate Naval Committee this week reported S. 1405, a bill which, with committee amendments, provides for the appointment of boards to consider and recommend for retirement officers of the Regular Navy serving in the ranks of rear admiral, commodore, captain and below, and major general, brigadier general, colonel and below in the Marine Corps.

The bill is designed to speed up retirements so as to hasten promotion and create vacancies. It would reduce the retirement age from 64 to 62. The bill would not apply to officers promoted since V-J Day.

In its report to the Senate, the committee, giving advance notice of changes contemplated in the Navy system of promotion by selection, stated:

"Many of the laws relating to the promotion by selection of officers of the Navy and Marine Corps have been suspended during the war. Upon the termination of the war these laws now in suspension will become reactivated.

"The committee understands that the Navy Department is making a study of changes which seem desirable in the body of law governing promotion by selection in the Navy and the committee intends to hold hearings and possibly recommend changes in existing law prior to the time existing law becomes fully effective by reason of termination of the present war."

In reporting the bill, the chairman of the committee, Senator David I. Walsh, Mass., stated:

"During the war, laws governing separation from the service by retirement, except in cases of physically incapacitated officers, were suspended by the Congress. Those voluntary retirement provisions of law before the war such as, retirement in the discretion of the President after 40, 30 or 20 years respectively, of service were suspended administratively.

"Every officer of the regular establishment, whose services could be employed in any capacity whatsoever, was employed during the war in an effort to conserve personnel in the interest of the critical manpower shortage in war industry."

"The Appropriation Act for the fiscal year of 1941, suspended the involuntary retirement of officers adjudged by the then existing Selection Boards as only fitted, rather than most fitted, under the provisions of the personnel Act of 23 June 1938. The Act of 30 June 1942, suspended all provisions of the personnel Act of 23 June 1938, regarding permanent promotions and retirement. As a consequence, there are many officers on the active list of the Navy today, particularly in the higher ranks, whose services can no longer be efficiently employed. In order to make the necessary readjustment in the active list of the Regular Naval establishment, the subject bill will authorize the Secretary of the Navy to convene boards composed of senior Naval officers to review the records of officers and make recommendations concerning their retirement.

"Among other provisions, the bill authorizes enlisted men of the Fleet Reserve and Retired enlisted men who served in commissioned grades on temporary promotions during the war to have the highest rank or rating held during the war upon their release to inactive duty. This same highest rank or rating is provided for Reserve Officers on release to inactive duty and to retired officers and men on return to inactive status, and to officers and men of the regular Navy when subsequently retired. Retired pay is based on the highest rank or rating held. Provisions are made for voluntary retirement after 20 years' active service, at least 10 years of which must have been active commissioned service, for Regular or Reserve officers of the Navy and Marine Corps.

"The bill, in order to make possible the advancement of young officers, also lowers the current statutory age of retirement from 64 to 62 for all officers below the rank of Fleet Admiral with the proviso that the President may defer the age retirement of not to exceed 10 such officers for special assignment until they reach the age of 64 years.

"The Committee is of the opinion that the enactment of this bill is necessary to insure that our postwar Navy be officered with young, alert, and vigorous officers."

### Navy Courts Martial

During a hearing on a bill to extend to peace-time the war-time authority to appoint general courts-martial, the Senate Naval Committee asked the Navy to investigate its courts-martial procedure. The action was instigated by the statement of Senator Morse, Ore., and agreed to by other members of the committee, that "many cases of injustice are being brought to the attention of Senators."

## Navy Personnel Bill

In reporting the Fleet Reserve bill, S. 1438, this week, the House Naval Committee eliminated the section that would have restored the pre-war enlistment bonus of \$100 for each year of service in the cases of Navy personnel who reenlist within 24 hours of discharge.

Declaring that this would be out of line with the practice of the Army, and asserting that the Navy and Army must go along together in all matters, Representative Vinson, chairman of the committee, declared that continuing the double bonus would be "extravagant and unjustifiable" as the Navy has no difficulty in securing enlistees. By the provisions of the bill, as reported, the reenlistment bonus of \$50 would be continued.

As reported by the committee, the bill reinstates the 16 year Fleet Reserve under the same conditions as formerly, that is, with retainer pay based upon one-third base pay plus permanent additions. The Navy Department states that this is a temporary expedient to induce first enlistments in the Regular Navy, but only those enlisted men now serving in the Regular Navy or Naval Reserve, and those who enlist within the next four months would be eligible to transfer to the 16 year Fleet Reserve. Persons, about 47 in number, who transferred to the Fleet Reserve since 30 June of this year are made eligible for the benefits of the bill since most of them enlisted after 1 July 1925, and are entitled only to computation of retainer pay based upon one-half base pay with no permanent additions.

The bill would amend existing law which authorizes transfer to the Fleet Reserve after 20 years or more of service in the case of personnel who enlisted after 1 July 1925. Instead of the retainer pay at the rate of one-half of base pay as in existing law, the bill would provide for retainer pay at the rate of 2 1/2 per cent of the base pay multiplied by the number of years of service that can be credited in computing active duty pay, plus permanent additions. The bill, as amended, treats equally all personnel who enlisted after 1 July 1925.

Personnel (about 2300) would be affected) who transferred to the Fleet Reserve after 16 years would be entitled to the benefits of the 20 year Fleet Reserve group when called to active service in time of war or emergency.

Existing law authorizing the commissioning of commissioned warrant and warrant officers would be continued, but, in addition, an amendment would authorize the commissioning of chief petty officers who have served three or more years in that grade. They would not, therefore, have to go through the warrant officer grade to become commissioned. This opens the way for any qualified enlisted man to become commissioned.

### Pearl Harbor Charges

Service officers and those familiar with the activities at Honolulu following 7 Dec. 1941 are confident that the efforts now being made by a radio commentator to smear certain officers with outstanding records will be completely unsuccessful.

The commentator has attempted to link Maj. Gen. Thomas Green, JAGD, with Col. Theodore Wyman, Jr., CE, whose activities were a subject of investigation by the Pearl Harbor Board. As a matter of fact there was no connection whatsoever between the two. General Green at the time was executive to the Military Governor of Hawaii, concerned only with administering the civil government so that military activities could be carried forward unhampered, while Colonel Wyman came under the Army authorities.

Charges also were made questioning the legality of the military government there under General Green. As to that there seems to be little doubt, for military government was set up under Sec. 67 of the Act of 30 April 1900 which authorizes the Army to take over under martial law during times of emergency, and no one would question that an emergency existed after the Japanese attack. That the people themselves were satisfied was shown by a poll a Hawaiian newspaper took in which the populace favored the military action by a vote of ten to one.

Another class in the Navy's V-5 aviation pilot training program is forming, with training scheduled to begin in March, 1946.

## Army and Navy Journal

November 10, 1945

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### Atom Control Bill Favored

Legislation looking toward the domestic control and development of atomic energy has been favorably reported, without amendment, by the House Committee on Military Affairs.

In its present form the bill (H. R. 4566) concerns only the domestic control and utilization of atomic energy, and does not invade the international sphere. It sets down no policy, and is intended to set down no policy concerning international control or lack of control of atomic energy. However, there is no provision which would prevent or hinder the United States from adopting any international policy which is hereafter deemed proper.

#### Five Purposes

In its present form the proposed measure has five principal purposes, each one being of the utmost importance:

1. To centralize in one agency of the Government control over all Government property now used in connection with nuclear fission.
2. To give this agency of the Government, plenary supervision and control over all fissionable substances, and also overall uses of atomic energy in quantities involving a national hazard or of military industrial value.
3. To promote the development, exploitation, and use of processes and methods for the release of atomic energy for industrial and other civilian purposes, and to provide for widespread distribution of licenses under section 11 for this purpose.
4. To encourage research in the field of nuclear energy and in related fields, and to avoid interference with private research in these fields.
5. To avoid interfering with the status quo in relation to the secrets of atomic bomb, and at the same time to give authority to prevent disclosure of such secrets by persons who acquired their information through their connection with the atomic-bomb project.

### Navy Nurse Pay-Bill

To correct inequities in pay of members of the Navy Nurse Corps while on active duty and in pay when retired for disability, the House has this week passed H. R. 4411.

The legislation provides that members of the Nurse Corps advance in pay according to grade in rank as received by all other officers. Members of the Navy Nurse Corps, during the present war and for six months thereafter, have the base pay and money allowances for subsistence and rental, quarters and mileage, and other allowances for commissioned officers in the first to sixth pay periods, but are not entitled to receive the pay and allowances of a higher pay period based on prior service. The bill would provide "Increase in pay in grade and increased subsistence and rental allowances payable to officers having dependents, because of length of service; that is, advancement from first pay period (base pay \$1800) to second pay period (base pay \$2000) after five years' service and comparable increases after 10, 17, 23, and 30 years' service, as presently granted to all other commissioned officers."

Disabled Navy Nurses, because of present legal technicalities, are and have been retired with a pay of 75 per cent of active duty pay at time of retirement based on the Permanent Pay Bill of June, 1942, rather than on the higher Temporary Pay Bill legislated in December, 1942. Thus, an Ensign in the Nurse Corps, disabled in line of duty, is retired with a monthly pay of \$67.50, while a Second Lieutenant in the Army Nurse Corps and similar officers, both male and female, in all other branches of the Service, would retire with a monthly pay of \$112.50.

Hearings held by the Senate Naval Committee on an identical bill, S. 1491, led to its being reported last week. Early action on one of the bills by the Senate is expected.

### Adm. Blandy Appointed

Continuing with its interim reorganization plan the Navy Department this week announced the appointment of Rear Admiral William H. P. Blandy as Deputy Chief of Naval Operations, Special Weapons.

### Chief of Y & D

President Harry S. Truman has sent to the Senate the nomination of Rear Admiral John J. Manning to be Chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks in the Department of Navy.

BUY MORE VICTORY BONDS



## Continuing Service for Servicemen

**D**URING the war we were happy to assist servicemen with their investment problems. Now that peace is here, that service is still available to those remaining in the armed forces. Our Servicemen's Department will:

- Furnish specific information on securities when requested. Answers to such requests will be sent airmail without charge or obligation.
- Send an unusually helpful booklet entitled "Service For Servicemen," which explains simply and in detail the basic procedure of opening and maintaining a securities account.



Available on Request

You will find this booklet contains the answers to many questions often asked by experienced investors, as well as by those who are purchasing securities for the first time. Just request a copy of "Service For Servicemen." If you desire, you may include a list of the securities which you now hold for a prompt analysis, or request information on some specific issue in which you are especially interested. And remember, there is no charge or obligation of any nature.

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## FINANCE

### Financial Digest

The stock market this week reached a mark within fractional range of the record for the past eight years which was set last month.

The Treasury Department announced this week that tenders for \$1,316,425,000 of 91-day Treasury bills, to be dated 8 Nov. and to mature 7 Feb., had been accepted. A total of \$2,076,426,000 was applied for. At the same time the Treasury invited tenders for \$1,300,000,000 of the 91-day bills to be dated 15 Nov.

A fall in electric revenue was shown in figures announced this week by the Federal Power Commission. Electric operating revenues of the larger privately owned electric utilities in the United States were \$254,718,000 in September as compared with \$257,216,000 in the same month last year, a decrease of one per cent, preliminary figures released by the Commission showed. Gross income decreased 1.2 per cent, or to \$65,693,000. Net income in September increased 3.6 per cent from the September net last year.

Farm and trade loans rose \$62 million while Federal Reserve member banks reported a drop of \$337 million in demand deposits adjusted, according to the weekly Federal Reserve Board report issued this week covering the week ended 31 Oct. Commercial, industrial and agricultural loans increased \$34 million in New York City and \$62 million at all reporting member banks. Loans to brokers and dealers for purchasing or carrying United States Government obligations increased \$102 million in New York City and \$84 million at all reporting member banks.

At the national labor-management conference this week President Truman emphasized that industrial strife "cannot be allowed to slow the drive toward high peacetime production." The President made three proposals, broad in scope, for the betterment of industrial life. He suggested open-minded collective bargaining. If this fails, he suggested an impar-

## MERCHANT MARINE

tial machine for settlement. He further pointed out that both sides must display responsibility and integrity in living up to agreements.

Testifying before a House Interstate Commerce subcommittee, J. W. McAfee, president of the Union Electric Company of Missouri and subsidiaries, charged this week that the Government is using the Holding Company Act of 1935 to bring about the socialization of the utility industry. The Holding Company Act, he said, is being applied in such a manner that companies are forced to dispose of properties on such a basis that some subdivision of the Government is the only remaining prospective customer.

### Merchant Marine

Battle-damaged beyond economical repair in war service three veteran Liberty ships are to be sold for scrap, the U. S. Maritime Commission announced this week. Sealed bids on the SS John Banvard, the SS James K. Polk and the SS Thomas Ruffin will be opened on 14 Nov. at Washington, D. C.

The war freighters offered for sale are 417 feet 8 3/4 inches in length between perpendiculars, 56 feet 10 3/4 inches beam and 37 feet 4 inches draft. Each is of approximately 10,900 deadweight tons. Bidding will be restricted to American citizens only.

The NMU has set 1 Dec. as the date it will recommend to its membership refusal to man ships not assigned to troop transport, unless in that time sufficient transport is allocated to insure the speedy return of overseas troops. The Union is of the opinion that unless by 1 Dec. the authorities in Washington, including the Joint Chiefs of Staff and the WSA, allocate the needed tonnage to speed our troops home, it will be their patriotic duty to recommend that no crews be provided to commercial vessels.

Meanwhile the Maritime Commission is predicting that the majority of American troops in Europe will have been returned by 1 Jan. The Agency disclosed that arrangements had been completed with Great Britain for continuing the Queen Mary as a troopship in the trans-Atlantic run. Ten Victory ships have been allotted to Great Britain in return for the use of the Queen Mary. These vessels can transport 1,500 men each, or all together about the same number as the Queen Mary, which has been plying between Southampton and New York with about 15,000 men on each trip.

William Green, president of the AFL, has served notice on employers and government that the unions will never agree to a no-strike policy during peacetime, nor will they ever agree to compulsory arbitration of labor-management disputes. Such a notice is of particular importance and significance to the shipping community which is striving to get back to commercial operation.

Following up its announced policy to offer small commercial craft for sale as soon as they have been declared surplus by the armed services and other government agencies, the United States Maritime Commission announced this week that bids will be opened at Washington, D. C., on 14 Nov. on thirteen 85-foot steel tugs, twenty-six 195-foot steel tank barges and seven 180-foot twin-screw steel river towboats. The vessels were constructed in 1943 to 1945 for Defense Plants Corporation which has turned them over to the Commission for disposal.

### Regular Veterans Meet

The national convention of the Regular Veterans Association was held in Washington on 4, 5 and 6 Nov.

William M. Floyd was reelected as National Commander for another year. With him were elected as his assistants, Dr. Frank B. Gigliotti, as Senior Vice Commander, and Harold McIntyre, as Junior Vice Commander.

Among the resolutions approved at the convention were:

1. To provide adjusted service pay for veterans who have served in this war, as a substitute for the provisions of the G. I. Bill of Rights.
  2. The ten-point program of the Regular Veterans Association which would provide inducements and incentive for the reenlistment of discharged personnel from our war-time army in the regular establishment. The program provides for full payment of mustering-out pay for men reenlisting; a reenlistment allowance not to exceed \$150.00; thirty-day furloughs with pay to be granted for each year of service immediately; increase in pay levels of all officers and enlisted men; permanent commissions for the Nurse Corps of the armed forces; retirement after 25 years of active service; and retirement of officer personnel at 58 years of age with a minimum service of 34 years.
  3. Another resolution of the RVA urges Congress to take immediate action for the establishment of two Veterans Hospitals in the Territory of Alaska.
- Congress and the War and Navy Departments were called upon for an effective program of universal military training.
- The convention urged Congress and the federal government to see to it that all veterans be protected in their rights to jobs.

### Pearl Harbor Staging Center

Although hastily established after the cessation of hostilities, the staging center at Pearl Harbor has cleared thousands of Naval personnel enroute home from the Pacific.

Commanding officer of the Staging Center is Comdr. Homer R. Jones, USNR, a former mayor of Bremerton, Wash., and past state commander of the American Legion of Washington. Before assuming his present command at Pearl Harbor, Comdr. Jones was assistant fleet personnel officer of the Atlantic Fleet.

### Army Casualties

Following are the officers included in casualty lists and lists of liberated prisoners of war issued this week by the War Department.

In all cases the next of kin have previously been notified and have been kept informed directly by the War Department of any change in status.

#### DEAD—EUROPEAN REGIONS

Capt. E. E. Booth, Jr.	Capt. L. A. Carpenter
1st Lt. H. Detel	2nd Lt. A. E. Fryer
2nd Lt. G. A. Fucillo	2nd Lt. W. E. Davis
2nd Lt. E. J. Risk	FO. J. H. Kennedy
Capt. C. J. Hackney, Jr.	1st Lt. J. C. Bostick
2nd Lt. W. J. Osborne	2nd Lt. C. W. Coale
2nd Lt. D. F. Spath	2nd Lt. B. O. Edmiston
1st Lt. R. W. Horrigan	2nd Lt. W. N. Ansel
1st Lt. A. L. Welger	1st Lt. L. J. Bibeau
1st Lt. A. R. Thomas	1st Lt. C. E. Lewis
2nd Lt. J. E. Gallagher	2nd Lt. W. F. Flanagan
1st Lt. R. G. Ware	2nd Lt. J. P. Hodges
1st Lt. S. E. Estill	1st Lt. John Wilson
2nd Lt. R. K. McCune	1st Lt. W. R. Hoffman

#### DEAD—PACIFIC REGIONS

2nd Lt. W. F. Arnett, Jr.	
<b>LIBERATED PRISONERS—JAPAN</b>	
1st Lt. J. P. Ferrey	1st Lt. R. T. R. Puller

Enemy war material in the American occupation zones which is not suitable for civilian use and cannot readily be converted to such use, will be destroyed under a policy announced by U. S. Forces, European Theater.

### Did You Read—

the following important service stories last week:

Reorganization of Navy Department high command nears completion?  
Plan submitted for mobilization of post-war air industry?  
Retirement policy for Regular Army officers who were recalled to active duty?

New vision standards set for Naval Academy applicants?

Coast Guard to organize communications activities within Auxiliary?

If not, you did not read the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL. You cannot obtain this data from any other source.

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## Calendar Of Legislation

### ACTION ON LEGISLATION

S. 1532. To authorize appointment of certain persons as permanent brigadier generals of the line of the Regular Army. Reported by Senate Military Committee.

S. 1533. To authorize the appointment of certain additional permanent major generals and brigadier generals of the line of the Regular Army. Reported by Senate Military Committee.

H. R. 3749. To amend the Servicemen's Readjustment Act to provide for a readjustment allowance for all veterans of World War II. Reported, amended, by Senate Committee on Finance.

H. R. 1512. To amend section 9 of the Pay Readjustment Act by providing for the computation of double-time credits awarded between 1898 and 1912 in determining retired pay. Reported by Senate Military Committee.

H. R. 4566. To provide for the development and control of atomic energy. Reported by House Military Committee.

S. 715. To provide more efficient dental care for the personnel of the Navy. Reported by House Naval Committee.

S. 1308. To extend naval courts-martial jurisdiction in cases of murder committed outside the continental limits of the United States. Reported, amended, by House Naval Committee.

S. 1064. Authorizes the discharge of midshipmen from the United States Naval Academy by the Secretary of the Navy because of unsatisfactory conduct or aptitude. Reported, amended, by House Naval Committee.

H. R. 4412. To authorize the head of the postgraduate school of the United States Navy to confer masters and doctors degrees in engineering and related fields. Reported by House Naval Committee.

H. R. 4450. To provide for payment of travel allowance and transportation to their homes, and for transportation of dependents and shipment of household effects, of members of the naval forces upon separation from active service. Reported by House Naval Committee.

S. 1545. To amend Article 38 of the Articles for the Government of the Navy by making permanent for peacetime the wartime authorization in relation to the appointment of general courts-martial in the Navy. Reported by Senate Naval Committee.

S. 1405. Providing for the involuntary retirement of certain officers of the Regular Army and the Regular Marine Corps. Reported, amended, by Senate Naval Committee.

S. 1438. To provide additional inducements to citizens of the United States to make the United States Naval Service a career. Reported, amended, by House Naval Committee.

S. 559. To make effective on and after 31 Oct. 1941 existing law to provide for reimbursement of officers, enlisted men, and others, in the naval service of the United States for property lost, damaged, or destroyed in such service. Passed by House. To President.

H. R. 3256. To amend the Civil Service Retirement Act, as amended, so as to protect the retirement rights of persons who leave the service to join the armed forces of the United States. House agreed to Senate amendments. To President.

S. 1036. To provide for the payment of accumulated or accrued leave to certain members of the military and naval forces of the United States who enter or reenter civilian employment of the United States, its territories, or the District of Columbia, before the expiration of such leave. Passed, with amended title, by House.

H. R. 1192. Granting travel pay and allowances to certain soldiers of the war with Spain and the Philippine Insurrection who were discharged in the Philippine Islands. Passed, amended, by House.

H. R. 2240. Credits certain service performed by members of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, Coast and Geodetic Survey, and Public Health Service prior to reaching 18 years of age for the purpose of computing longevity pay. Passed, with title amended as above, by House.

H. R. 3759. To provide the Navy with a system of laws for the settlement of claims uniform with that of the Army. Passed, with committee amendment, by House.

S. 1420. To facilitate further the disposition of prizes captured by the United States. Passed by House. To President.

H. R. 4411. To adjust the pay and allowances of members of the Navy Nurse Corps. Passed by House.

S. 1076. To reimburse certain Navy personnel for personal property lost or destroyed by fire at the naval air station, Tutuila, American Samoa, 20 Oct. 1943. Passed by House. To President.

S. 1102. Reimbursement for personal property lost by fire at U. S. Naval Convalescent Hospital, Banning, Calif., 5 March 1945. Passed by House. To President.

S. 1103. Reimbursement for fire loss in Quonset Hut, No. 2, Hamon House, Plymouth, Devon, England, 31 Dec. 1944. Passed by House. To President.

S. 1119. Reimbursement for fire loss in building 146 at the naval operating base, Bermuda, 26 April 1945. Passed by House. To President.

S. 1134. Reimbursement of Navy and Marine Corps personnel for fire loss in buildings 102 and 102-A in Utulei, Tutuila, American Samoa, 17 Aug. 1944. Passed by House. To President.

S. 1118. To reimburse 1st Lt. Jack Sanders, USMCR, for the value of personal property lost as the result of an explosion at Camp Lejeune, N. C., on 22 Jan. 1945. Passed by House. To President.

H. R. 3749. G. I. Bill of Rights. Passed, with committee amendments, by Senate.

S. 1492. To reimburse Navy personnel for personal property lost or damaged by fire in buildings 141 at the U. S. Naval repair base, San Diego, Calif., 1 May 1945. Reported by Senate Naval Committee.

**BILLS INTRODUCED**

S. 1560. Sen. Thomas, Utah, and H. R. 4570. Rep. May, Ky. To amend the Service Extension Act, as amended, to extend reemployment benefits to former members of the WAAC who entered the WAC.

S. 1562. Sen. Cordon, Oreg., and Sen. Morse, Oreg. To repeal section 505 of the GI bill. Has to do with guaranteeing loans.

S. 1554. Sen. Johnson, Colo., and H. R. 4587. Rep. May, Ky. To provide for the appointment of additional commissioned officers in the Regular Army.

H. R. 4588. Rep. Vinson, Ga. To provide for the promotion of certain officers of the Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard who were prisoners of war.

S. 1547. Sen. Walsh, Mass. To provide for the disposition of vessels, trophies, relics and material of historical interest by the Secretary of the Navy.

S. 1532. Sen. Fulbright, Ark. To grant to enlisted personnel of the armed forces certain benefits in lieu of accumulated leave.

H. R. 4563. Rep. Rivers, S. C. To grant to Reserve officers of the Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard the right to purchase articles of ordnance in the same manner as these articles are now purchased by officers of the Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard.

H. R. 4568. Rep. Wickersham, Okla. Entitling the enlisted men of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard to the same number of days of annual leave and to the same privileges of accumulation, as are granted to officers.

H. R. 4569. Rep. Judd, Minn. To credit for service rendered in the WAAC by members of the WAC.

S. 1574. Sen. Walsh, Mass. To incorporate the Reserve Officers of the Naval Services.

## Wake Island Commissioned

**Wake Island — Without interrupting the work of reconstruction and rebuilding, war-famed Wake Island, symbol of American valor in World War II, was officially commissioned a United States Naval Air Base on 1 Nov.**

Capt. Earl A. Junghans, USN, present island commander and member of the first Navy task force to bombard Wake after its occupation by the Japanese on 23 Dec. 1941, was installed as commanding officer of the new base. The new base absorbs Navy Acorn 57, an Airfield Maintenance Unit, commanded by Comdr. Philip A. Tague, USN.

## Promotion Status

**Promotions and Vacancies on the Promotion List (Cumulative) Since 26 Oct. 1945**

Last promotion to the grade of col.—Harold C. Mandell, CAV No. 79; Vacancies—20; Last nomination to the grade of col.—William Alexander, FA No. 88; Senior lt. col.—Lester A. Sprinkle, CAV No. 80.

Last promotion to the grade of lt. col.—James H. Dickie, FD No. 78.

Last promotion to the grade of maj.—Paul E. MacLaughlin, INF No. 197.

Last promotion to the grade of capt.—Harison S. Markham, CWS No. 288.

Last promotion to the grade of 1st lt.—Jack F. Marr, AC No. 729.

## Demobilization Program

The War Department announced that through 21 Oct., more than 2,000,000 soldiers had been discharged since VE-Day, with an additional 250,000 expected to be returned to civilian life by 1 Nov. 1,200,000 Army men and women, it is estimated, were released during the month of October alone.

The lowering of the critical score for enlisted men to 60 on 1 Nov. has made another 900,000 soldiers eligible for discharge.

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## Unification of Services

(Continued from First Page)

Military Affairs Committee, wrote to the Secretaries of War and Navy asking them to assist the committee to develop the facts by supplying the names of civilian, military, or naval men best qualified to offer further testimony.

### JCS Report

The report of the Joint Chiefs of Staff Committee stated that they had studied the problem for ten months and had visited the major commanders in the field and obtained their views. The committee said that "the great majority of the Army officers and almost exactly half of the Navy officers whose views were heard favored the single department, although much difference of opinion was expressed as to the details of the form which it should take."

The Department proposed by the committee would be headed by a Secretary of Armed Forces, with an Under Secretary of Armed Forces, and an undetermined number of Assistant Secretaries. Reporting to the Secretary would be a Commander of Armed Forces who also would be the Chief of Staff to the President. The Services would be directly under a Commanding General of the Army, an Admiral of the Navy, a Commanding General of the Air Force, and the various commanders of areas, theaters, and independent commands, all of whom would report through the Commander of Armed Forces.

In its conclusions the JCS Committee said:

"The Special Committee, excepting the senior Naval member, is unanimously in favor of a single department system of organization of the Armed Forces of the United States. This view is supported by Generals of the Army MacArthur and Eisenhower, Fleet Admiral Nimitz, Admiral Halsey, a substantial number of other commanders in the field, and many officers in Washington.

"The organization proposed is along the lines upon which the independent colonies were united into a federal union. Strong differences of opinion will exist with respect to details of the organization. Therefore, the Special Committee, in the analysis of the proposed organization, discusses alternative solutions of specific issues and the reasons for its conclusions in each case. The Special Committee urges that the proposed organization be viewed as a whole and that its basic principle be approved regardless of differences of opinion on individual provisions.

"The Special Committee adopted certain basic agreements. It believes that the inclusion of these agreements in the proposed legislation will clarify the position of aviation, and of the Marine Corps, and will secure the support of the services for this legislation.

"Before the expiration of the war powers of the President, there must be a thorough statutory internal reorganization of both the War and Navy Departments in order to retain the improvements effected by executive orders and administrative action. Almost without exception, the witnesses voiced deep concern lest, through inaction, we revert to the departmental organizations and to the inter-service relationships that existed before Pearl Harbor. The Special Committee believes that any further organizational changes made in either department prior to the enactment of legislation should be designed to facilitate the creation of a single department.

"The Special Committee believes that enabling legislation for the creation of a single department should be enacted without delay and that overall reorganization should be effected by direction of the President not later than six months after the end of the war.

"The Special Committee believes that a council composed of representatives of the Department of the Armed Forces and Department of State should be established, in order to correlate national policies and military preparedness.

### Recommendations

"The Special Committee recommends:  
"a. That the single department system of organization of the Armed Forces be adopted, and that the preparation of the enabling legislation for presentation to the Congress be undertaken under the general direction of the Special Committee.

"b. That this legislation include the Special Committee's agreements with respect to the position of aviation, and the Marine Corps.

"c. That any further organizational changes made in either department, prior to the enactment of legislation, have in view the creation of a single department.

"d. That the council (described above) be created."

### Minority Report

In his minority report, Admiral Richardson, who was chairman of the JCS

Committee, stated, in part:

"After considerable objective study, and after careful consideration of the views of many officers, I am convinced that it is not now in the best interests of the Nation to adopt a single department system of organization of the Armed Forces.

"If those in authority decide to establish a single department system I can, at this time, conceive of no better plan than that proposed by the Special Committee. It is theoretically better than any yet proposed, but from a practical point of view it is unacceptable.

"The present organizations of the War and the Navy Department are the result of over one hundred and fifty years' experience. Existing organizations of such magnitude should be changed only as a result of the most indisputable evidence that the proposed change is desirable and will accomplish the ends sought. I believe that the two department system under the Joint Chiefs of Staff, with the addition of a Joint Secretaryship, will provide a satisfactory organization of the Armed Forces in the foreseeable future.

"The lessons of this war must be thoroughly digested before they can be applied properly to post-war organization.

"At the present, the nature and size of our post-war Armed Forces required to preserve the peace and prepare for war is not known. It is too early to design an organization to meet the needs of the post-war Armed Forces whose characteristics are so indistinct.

"At the termination of the war the Army and Navy will be faced with tremendous problems of demobilization. It would be unwise at that time to undertake major reorganization.

"I do not agree that the effectiveness of the effort of the forces in the field depends upon the existence of a single department in Washington.

"Because the interests and activities of the Army and Navy are so divergent, so great in magnitude, and so distinct in mission, I believe that a single department system would inevitably hamper the full and free development of each.

"I believe it unwise to give power proposed herein to one Secretary and one Commander of the Armed Forces.

"I am far from convinced that there will be an increase in the effectiveness or the economy of the Armed Forces by the adoption of this proposal.

"I am not convinced that an Air Force should be set up on a basis coordinate with the Army and Navy. Proponents of this idea assert that this is necessary for full development of air power. Naval air power has developed within the Navy. I fear that the creation of an Air Force on a basis coordinate with the Army and Navy would inevitably draw the Naval Aeronautical Organization out of the fabric of the Navy into which it is now intimately woven. Such disintegration of the Navy would be prejudicial to the effectiveness of the Armed Forces as a whole.

"I foresee practical difficulties in the functioning of the Staff of the Commander of the Armed Forces.

"I would expect the staff to be very large and inevitably operate the three components. This would surely develop if one or more of the components had, in being, a force capable of conducting operations while the other component, due to the lack of such a force, was primarily concerned with education and planning.

"I propose, instead of reorganization of the Armed Forces.

"a. That the present Joint Chiefs of Staff organization be continued after the war by statute.

"b. That the organizational gains of the War and Navy Departments made possible by Executive Order and administrative action be continued after the war by statute.

"c. That study of reorganization of the Armed Forces be continued in the light of our war experiences.

"d. That the advisability of establishing a Joint Secretaryship in the present organization be fully explored."

### Retain Autonomy

In its discussion, the JCS Committee said that each of the components should retain "as much autonomy as is consistent with team work," the report saying:

"The Special Committee believes that, because of the widely different characteristics of each component, operating responsibility should be decentralized to each component to the greatest possible extent and that the components should retain as much autonomy as is consistent with teamwork and the effectiveness and economy of the Department as a whole. It is visualized that the components will be "federalized" in a manner similar to that in which the thirteen States were originally united when the Constitution was adopted, and that their relationships with the central authority, as represented by the Secretary, the Commander of the Armed Forces and the Under Secretary, as well as their relationships with each other, will develop gradually in somewhat the same way as the relationships between the States and the Federal Government have developed. It is contemplated that, in general, each component will be self-governing insofar as matters relating to its internal organization and operations are concerned and will be subject to supervision and control by higher author-

ity only with respect to those matters on which it comes into contact with other components or which affect all components alike. The Secretary and the Commander of the Armed Forces should exercise their powers primarily in the establishment and enforcement of broad policies and in the resolution of major differences between two or more of the components."

### Chiefs Disagree

The exchange of statements between Secretary of War Patterson and Assistant Secretary of the Navy Hensel was as follows:

#### Mr. Hensel

Mr. Hensel on 6 Nov.:

"Assistant Secretary of the Navy H. Struve Hensel, announced tonight that in response to a suggestion which he had made to the Joint Chiefs of Staff on 24 September, the Joint Chiefs of Staff on 24 October, had recommended to the Secretaries of War and Navy that any decision on various aspects of national security, including the organization of the military departments, could best be made after a Presidential board to consider the security of the United States had studied the effect of recent and prospective developments in the weapons of warfare. The Joint Chiefs of Staff unanimously recommended that the problem of the organization of the military departments should be determined in the light of the recommendations of such proposed Presidential board.

"In September, a committee of the Joint Chiefs of Staff first suggested a commission to examine and report to the President on the problems of national security as affected by technological developments in the art of warfare. Commenting on the committee's report, Mr. Hensel on 24 September, said that in his view the board should have a substantial majority of civilians and that the scope of the board's investigation should cover a number of fields not mentioned in the J. C. committee's report, including, among others, the organization of the military departments and their coordination in time of war with the other governmental agencies."

"On 24 October, the Joint Chiefs of Staff themselves unanimously recommended to the Secretaries of War and Navy that such a Presidential board, half civilian and half military, to consider the entire strategy of the security of the United States in the light of new developments be constituted. The Joint Chiefs of Staff stated that they recognize the importance of the other phases of the problem suggested by the Assistant Secretary of the Navy. However, they feel that these can best be determined later in the light of the board's report rendered under the Joint Chiefs of Staff's recommendation. It would, therefore, appear unwise to increase the scope and complexity of the board's task at the outset and thereby risk seriously delaying consideration of the most pressing phase of the problem."

#### Mr. Patterson

Mr. Patterson on 7 Nov.:

"According to press and radio releases, the Assistant Secretary of the Navy, Mr. Hensel, has issued a statement that the Joint Chiefs of Staff unanimously recommended on 24 October that no action should be taken on the question of unifying the War and Navy Departments until after a board has studied and reported on the effect of technological developments in future warfare.

"I believe that Mr. Hensel is mistaken. No such recommendation was ever intended to be made by the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

"Early in September, the Joint Chiefs of Staff considered a recommendation that the President should be asked to appoint a board to study the effect of the atomic bomb and other new weapons on warfare.

"On 27 September, comments on the proposal, prepared by Mr. Hensel, were transmitted to the Joint Chiefs of Staff. Mr. Hensel suggested that the scope of the board's investigation be enlarged to cover a number of other fields, including, among six or seven items, organization of the military departments. The Joint Chiefs of Staff considered Mr. Hensel's suggestion and rejected it. They concluded that the board's jurisdiction should be confined to the original proposal.

"On 24 October, the Joint Chiefs of Staff recommended to the Secretary of the Navy and myself that we join in a memorandum to the President as originally proposed, suggesting that the President appoint such a board.

"At that time I discussed the entire subject with General Marshall. I asked him whether he and General Arnold were of the view that the question of unification and the other topics raised by Mr. Hensel should be referred to the proposed board. I also asked whether he and General Arnold ever were of the opinion that the question of unification and these other matters should be delayed pending the report of such a board.

"General Marshall assured me emphatically that neither he nor General Arnold ever had such an opinion. He agreed with me that the language used by the Joint Chiefs of Staff in rejecting Mr. Hensel's proposal might not be entirely clear but that there was no question in his or General Arnold's mind as to what the intention was.

"Based on my conversation with General Marshall I returned, unsigned, to the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the draft of proposed letter to the President suggesting to him the ap-

pointment of a board to study the effect of the atomic bomb and other new weapons on future warfare. In returning the proposed letter, I suggested that the scope of inquiry of such a board be more clearly defined so as to exclude from its jurisdiction such pressing matters as unification of the War and Navy Departments which are already under consideration by the Congress. I stated that I would favor a proposal for the appointment of a board to inquire into the effect on our military security of such new weapons as atomic bombs and guided missiles."

#### Mr. Hensel

Mr. Hensel on 7 Nov.:

"I can agree with all the facts that are set forth by Secretary of War Patterson, but I cannot agree with his interpretation because of one fact which he touches on very lightly. This fact is that, in replying to my memorandum of 24 September, the JCS unanimously—including Generals Marshall and Arnold—said specifically on 24 October, that the matters which I suggested, including organization of the military department, should be decided after the report by the Presidential Board. I do not know what was in the minds of Generals Marshall and Arnold, but the language seems clear to me. In any case, I think we are putting the cart before the horse if we first decide on our military organization and then later decide what job this organization has to do in the light of new weapons. If we follow this procedure, we may find we have hastily established a mechanism unsuited to solve our problem of national security."

#### Adm. King's Comments

In his comments on the JCS report Admiral King states that so far as the Navy is concerned, he considered that it needed and has the right to its own cabinet member, not only for matters decided at that level or higher, but also for adequate handling of business with the Congress.

"The position now occupied by the secretaries, providing as they do the civil control over the military," Admiral King said, "and constituting the connecting link between the military and all civil functions, including industry, is one of the greatest elements of our strength."

#### Adm. Nimitz Statement

Declaring that the passage of time and the attainment of greater war experience, necessitated a change in his opinion publicly expressed about a year ago, Fleet Admiral C. W. Nimitz, USN, in a statement issued from the Pacific asserted that he no longer favored the Single Department of National Defense.

"For this change of opinion," Admiral Nimitz said, "I make no apology, since it represents my conviction based on additional experience and further study of the proposal."

Admiral Nimitz in his statement said that the Navy Department as presently organized is essentially sound. The Department organization, he said, has changed internally from time to time as circumstances required.

#### Improvements Needed

Admitting that our present system has defects Assistant Secretary of the Navy Hensel told the Committee that in the Navy reorganization already has begun and added that the War Department might with profit follow the same procedure.

"If greater and more permanent autonomy for the Air Forces is desirable," he said, "those moves could be started. If a single purchasing office is economical, the Army could demonstrate that fact. If unity of command is so essential, steps could be taken to eliminate the separate command of the Strategic Air Forces."

#### Adm. Cooke

Describing the impact of the Army's unification proposal on the Navy as not only more than revolutionary, but rather cataclysmic, Vice Admiral Charles M. Cooke, Jr., USN, Deputy Chief of Naval Operations, told the Committee that it was the offensive power developed in the U. S. Navy by the development and integration of its air power which made possible the seizure of positions in the Western Pacific from which was brought about the fall of Japan.

Admiral Cooke said that the United States is the only remaining major insular power in the world, with three thousand miles of ocean on one side and five thousand miles of ocean on the other side. He said that in the future we will have to advance our bombarding platforms or bases to positions closer to our overseas enemies while preventing them from using the seas to close the range for increasing the power of his attack against us.